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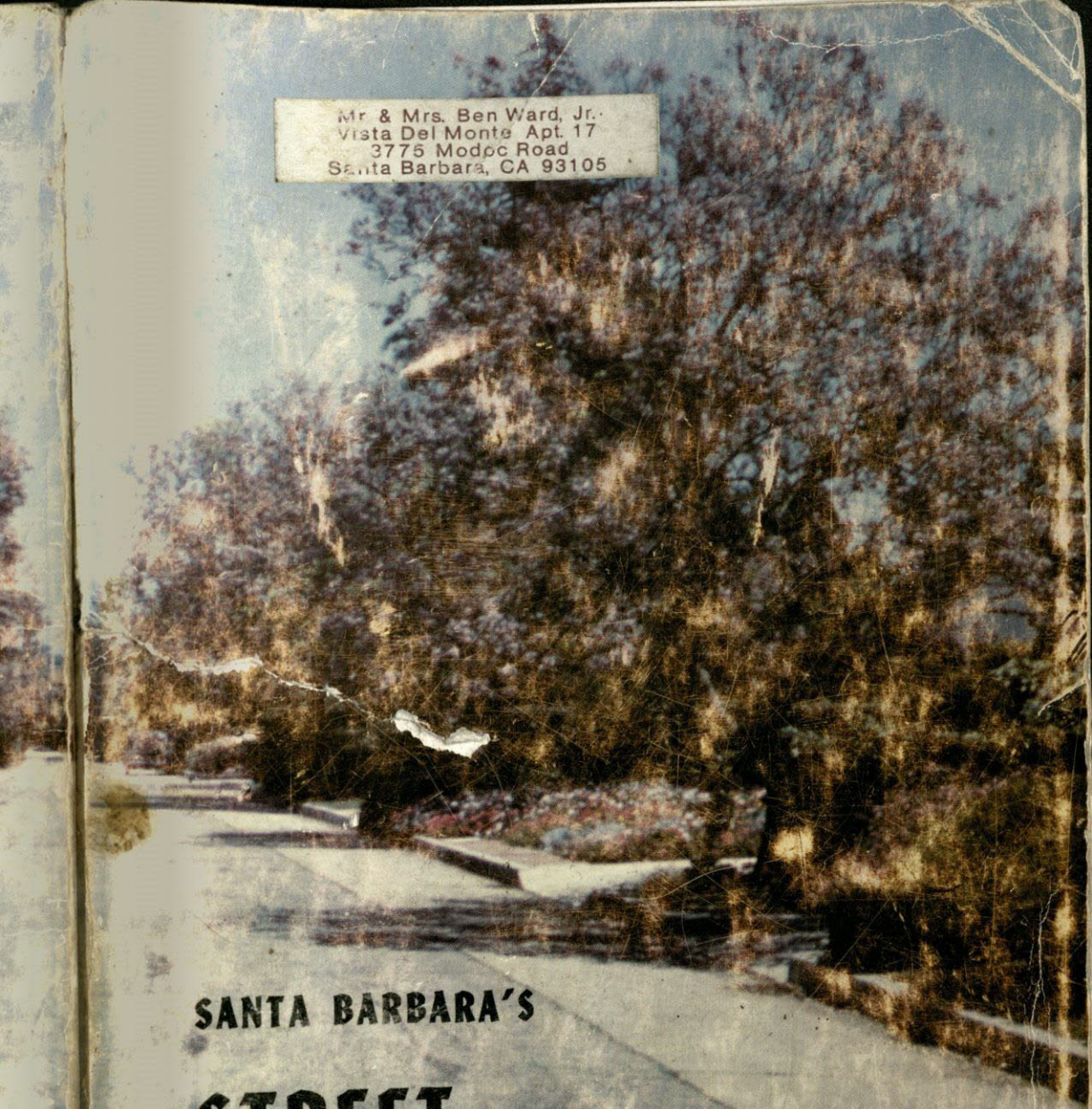

SANTA BARBARA'S
STREET
AND
PARK TREES

THE SANTA BARBARA COUNTY HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

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courtesy of the County of Santa Barbara

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Introduction

With this book goes the fervent hope that it will be helpful — helpful in providing acquaintance with the kinds of trees that grow here and, in another sense, helpful to the trees themselves in increasing concern for their preservation. For these truly belong to Santa Barbara, the trees on public property entrusted to everyone, under the protection and jurisdiction of the City Park Commission (County Court House area excepted). Along our 280 miles of streets and several hundred cultivated acres of parks are more than 350 species of trees — an exceptionally large variety. What their names are, how they got there, and where they can be readily seen is the purpose of this publication.

In the text, the trees are arranged alphabetically according to botanical name, automatically supplying an index. They are also numbered consecutively, the number associated with each species placed on the maps to show approximate location. For reasons of legibility and space, where there are several trees of one kind, only a single specimen is shown. Likewise, the same species may not appear on every map. Reasons for including a map of the city are obvious. It should be particularly helpful in determining block numbers of streets, as well as in what direction they extend.

The descriptions are purposely brief, with salient characteristics given whenever possible to identify the species discussed. They also make a point of supplying the date of planting when known, so that an assessment of growth rate, adaptability, and general performance can be made by the observer. Plantings during the period 1956-1963 were installed by this writer as city arborist. Previous dates of introduction and planting frequently mentioned in the text are accredited (F), Franceschi, and (R), Riedel. This refers to the two significant books "*Flora of Santa Barbara*" by Dr. Francescho Franceschi, 1895, and "*Plants For Extra-Tropical Regions*" by Peter Riedel. Both men are outstanding in the story of horticulture here.

Throughout the book statements like "the only one of its kind" or "the single tree found" occur. Obviously the world-wide variety of plants here includes many rare and unusual species. The constant challenge is to preserve these, as well as to re-introduce those promising species already lost and to establish the many kinds yet untried. The lists of additional species, both in the text and appendix, may indicate this horticultural scope.

Street trees are usually given more than one location, correlated with the Street Index in the appendix. A good deal can be learned by observing the conditions under which the street tree is required to grow. Usually it is found clinging to a narrow strip of ground between pavement and road called the parkway, or stuck in a little square opening surrounded by cement; it is subject to clearance regulations requiring its crown to be lifted, baring the trunk 15-18 feet at the base and, if need be, lowered by cutting back at the top — natural growth habit notwithstanding; it is asked to endure car exhaust fumes, poor light, whatever soil moisture it can eke out, and a minimum of cultural

care or, unfortunately all too often, none at all. In consideration, they well may be regarded with wonder, not unmixed with admiration.

To pursue further acquaintance with the trees met with here, the following publications are suggested.

For cultural information and general characteristics —
"Sunset Western Garden Book"

For botanical descriptions and identification —
"Manual of Pacific Coast Trees", Howard E. McMinn
"Manual of Cultivated Plants", L. H. Bailey

Likely to prove very helpful is a new book, of which this writer is co-author, to be issued in the near future by the Santa Barbara Botanic Garden. Its previous publication *"Trees of Santa Barbara"* (1948), which has been a basic reference, is no longer in print.

Study our trees. Enjoy and appreciate them. Re-visit them at every opportunity, throughout the years. If, as so often is said, a picture is worth a thousand words, seeing firsthand should speak volumes.

WILL BEITTEL (1972)

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ALL ILLUSTRATIONS BY THE AUTHOR

Santa Barbara's Street and Park Trees

ACACIA

Mostly evergreen trees and shrubs of the Mimosa Family, Mimosaceae, usually blooming profusely with yellow flowers winter and spring. Reported here as early as the 1860's, there are approximately 40 species in cultivation at present, though more than 500 occur worldwide.

1 **Acacia baileyana** BAILEY ACACIA, COOTAMUNDRA WATTLE AUSTRALIA
Small rounded tree 20-30 ft. tall with feathery, light blue-gray foliage, becoming a cloud of yellow when in bloom.
Mission Ridge Road (intermittent).
100-200 blocks W. Canon Perdido St.—young trees of **Acacia baileyana 'purpurea'**, planted 1969.

2 **Acacia decurrens** GREEN WATTLE AUSTRALIA
Medium-sized tree 40-50 ft. tall, somewhat "pine-like" in appearance.
100-300 blocks Barranca Ave.

3 **Acacia glaucescens** COAST MYALL AUSTRALIA
Small to medium-sized tree 20-30 ft. tall. An ornamental species deserving more attention and use. Only two trees have been located.
Upper Orpet Park (declining specimen).

4 **Acacia longifolia** SYDNEY GOLDEN WATTLE AUSTRALIA
(*Acacia latifolia*, a common misnomer)
Bushy, spreading small tree to 20 ft. tall. Mostly seen as a screening shrub, as along the city approaches of Highway 101.
Upper Orpet Park

5 **Acacia melanoxylon** BLACKWOOD OR BLACK ACACIA AUSTRALIA
Erect, full-crowned tree to 50 ft. tall. First grown here in the 1870s (F) and widely planted as a street tree at one time.
Block plantings east of Alamar St. on Paseo Del Descanso, Paseo Del Refugio, and Paseo Del Tranquillo.
700 block East Cota St.

6 **Acacia pendula** WEEPING MYALL AUSTRALIA
Small to medium-sized tree 20-40 ft. tall. Seldom seen, though decidedly ornamental with light gray foliage on long, pendulous branchlets. A large specimen in the Gillespie gardens in 1905 (R).
Bird Refuge, E. Cabrillo Blvd.
Specimen behind the Museum of Art Bldg., State and Anapamu Sts.

7 **Acacia pennatula** MEXICO
Open-crowned tree to 35 ft. tall, armed with stout spines. Introduced by Dr. Franceschi in 1910 (R). Only one other tree has been located with the two cited.
Franceschi Park (two trees)

8 **Acacia podalyriaefolia** PEARL ACACIA AUSTRALIA
Ornamental shrub or small tree to 20 ft. tall. First offered here by Dr. Franceschi in 1911 (R).
County Administration Parking Lot (near Victoria St. entrance)

9 **Acacia pruinosa** BRONZE ACACIA AUSTRALIA
Medium-sized tree to about 30 ft. tall with lacey, fern-like foliage.
Franceschi Park

10 **Acacia pubescens** HAIRY WATTLE AUSTRALIA
Graceful shrub or small tree to 20 ft. tall.
Municipal Golf Course (two trees west of No. 2 tee, planted 1957)
Lower Orpet Park (small plants)

11 **Acacia pycnantha** GOLDEN WATTLE AUSTRALIA
Small tree 15-25 ft. tall with showy bloom; the golden, fragrant, ball-like flower heads among the largest in the genus.
Alameda Padre Serra (a few trees just north of Sycamore Canyon Road)
Franceschi Park

12 **Acacia rubida** AUSTRALIA
Small tree, of which the only one noted is in —
Franceschi Park (planted 1959)

13 **Acacia terminalis** CEDAR WATTLE AUSTRALIA
(syn. Acacia elata)
Upright, oval-crowned tree 50 ft. or more in height. According to Riedel, several hundred plants were distributed from Santa Barbara in 1909. The only two found here are in —
Upper Orpet Park

14 **Acacia verticillata** STAR OR WHORL-LEAF ACACIA AUSTRALIA
Large shrub, sometimes a small tree to about 15 ft. tall with prickly, needle-like foliage.
Upper Orpet Park (several plants)
Other Acacia trees and shrubs now growing here are:
Acacia armata, A. cornigera, A. cultriformis, A. cyclops, A. dealbata, A. elongata, A. farnesiana, A. glaucoptera, A. graffiana, A. greggii, A. howittii, A. mearnsii *(syn. A. decurrens mollis)*, **A. pravissima, A. pulchella, A. retinodes,** and **A. subporosa.**

ACER Maple

Woody plants belonging to the Maple Family, Aceraceae, which generally do not grow well in the mild, dryish climate of Southern California. Besides commonly having lobed leaves of various kinds, the paired winged seeds, which whirl propeller-like as they fall, are familiar identification.

15 **Acer buergerianum** TRIDENT MAPLE CHINA, JAPAN
Rounded deciduous tree 20-30 ft. tall whose leaves frequently end in 3 triangular lobes, suggesting a trident. The only known location is the block planting on —
La Cadena St.

16 Acer negundo BOX-ELDER UNITED STATES

Medium-sized, spreading deciduous tree to about 40 ft. tall with leaflets in threes. Supplanted now by many more desirable and less troublesome species.

1800 block Robbins St. (east side)
423 W. Islay St. (two trees)
A specimen of the native subspecies, **Acer negundo californicum,** is on the grounds of the Santa Barbara High School.

17 Acer oblongum OBLONG MAPLE INDIA, CHINA

Rather small, semi-deciduous tree to 30 ft. tall with oblong, unlobed leaves, which is unusual for a maple. The species was first offered by Dr. Franceschi in 1910.

100 block Vista De la Cumbre
2100 block Chapala St. (west side, planted 1957)
326 E. Micheltorena St.
Franceschi Park

18 Acer saccharinum SILVER MAPLE UNITED STATES

Fast growing deciduous tree 50 ft. tall or more whose silvery backed leaves are finely notched along the margins.

325 E. Pedrogosa St.

19 Acmena smithii LILLY PILLY AUSTRALIA

(syn. Eugenia smithii) MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

Ornamental small evergreen tree to about 20 ft. tall with showy clusters of lavender-pink berries in winter. Very few specimens are seen here.

300 block West Arrellaga St. (north side)
Franceschi Park

20 Acrocarpus fraxinifolius PINK CEDAR INDIA TO BURMA

CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY

Fast growing deciduous tree 45 ft. tall or more with bright red new growth. Established here within the last 15 years.

Franceschi Park (a spindly specimen, planted 1958)

21 Acronychia baueri SCRUB YELLOW-WOOD AUSTRALIA

RUTACEAE, CITRUS FAMILY

The only specimen known is a small rounded tree about 15 ft. tall with attractive evergreen foliage. Planted by E. O. Orpet in the late 1920s (R).

Upper Orpet Park

22 Aesculus californica CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE CALIFORNIA

HIPPOCASTANACEAE, HORSE CHESTNUT FAMILY

Deciduous, medium-sized spreading tree 20-35 ft. tall with leaves of 5-7 radiating leaflets 2-4 inches long.

Oak Park, opposite 515 W. Alamar Ave. (single tree)

Two other species here, the hybrid Pink Flowering Horse Chestnut, **Aesculus carnea,** and the Common Horse Chestnut, **Aesculus hippocastanum,** are also seldom seen.

23 **Agathis robusta** QUEENSLAND KAURI-PINE, DAMMAR PINE AUSTRALIA
ARAUCARIACEAE, ARAUCARIA FAMILY
Large, distinctive evergreen tree 80 ft. tall or more with leathery ovate leaves 2-4 inches long, unusual for a cone-bearing tree. Several fine specimens in Santa Barbara. The first one, planted about 1875 (F), still exists in Montecito.
East Alameda Plaza

24 **Agonis flexuosa** AUSTRALIAN WILLOW-MYRTLE AUSTRALIA
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY
Ornamental rounded evergreen tree to about 30 ft. tall with slender leaves to 4 inches long and pendulous branchlets.
La Flecha Lane (block planting)
East Alameda Plaza, Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park

25 **Agonis juniperina** AUSTRALIAN JUNIPER-MYRTLE AUSTRALIA
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY
Evergreen tree to about 30 ft. tall with short, needle-like leaves.
100 block Quarantina St. (single tree)
Lower Orpet Park (old specimen). Planted by E. O. Orpet before 1930 (R).

26 **Ailanthus altissima** TREE OF HEAVEN CHINA
SIMARUBACEAE, QUASSIA FAMILY
Large, spreading deciduous tree to 70 ft. tall or more. No longer planted here due to objectionable habits.
221 W. Ortega St. (single tree)

27 **Albizia julibrissin 'rosea'** SILK TREE ASIA
MIMOSACEAE, MIMOSA FAMILY
Ornamental deciduous tree 20-30 ft. tall with a spreading, flattened crown and colorful, fluffy pink flowers in summer.
Franceschi Park
The famous specimen on the old Sexton place in Goleta died in 1966. Measurements taken in 1939 gave a 35 ft. height and a spread of 81 ft.
Three other species seen here are:
Albizia lophantha, which sometimes occurs as a volunteer;
Albizia montana, a rare species planted on the slope above Franceschi Park by Dr. Franceschi in 1910; and a lanky tree of

27-A **Albizia stipulata** in Franceschi Park, planted in 1958.

28 **Alectryon excelsum** TITOKI NEW ZEALAND
SAPINDACEAE, SOAPBERRY FAMILY
Medium-sized evergreen tree 20-40 ft. tall with ornamental scarlet and black fruits. The old specimen on the former Sexton grounds in Goleta was planted early in the 1880s by Joseph Sexton, who likely introduced the species here.
3000 block, Lucinda Lane (small street trees, planted 1951)
Recreation Center Bldg., Carrillo and Anacapa Sts. (single tree)

28-A A small tree of **Alectryon subcinereum,** from Australia, has been in Franceschi Park since 1959.

FRANCESCHI PARK

From its 800 ft. elevation along Mission Ridge Road, Franceschi Park overlooks the city and presents sweeping views of the sea and channel islands. Less than half of its approximate 15 acres are under cultivation. Given to the city in 1931 by Alden Freeman, the site was previously acquired in 1904 by Dr. Franceschi, who named it Montarioso. Here he established his home and nursery to continue his devoted work on plant introduction. The old residence and several of the original plants still remain.

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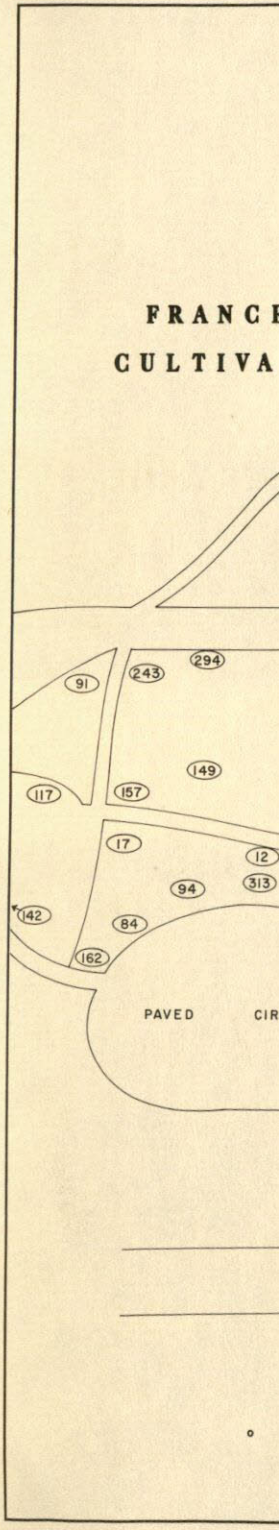
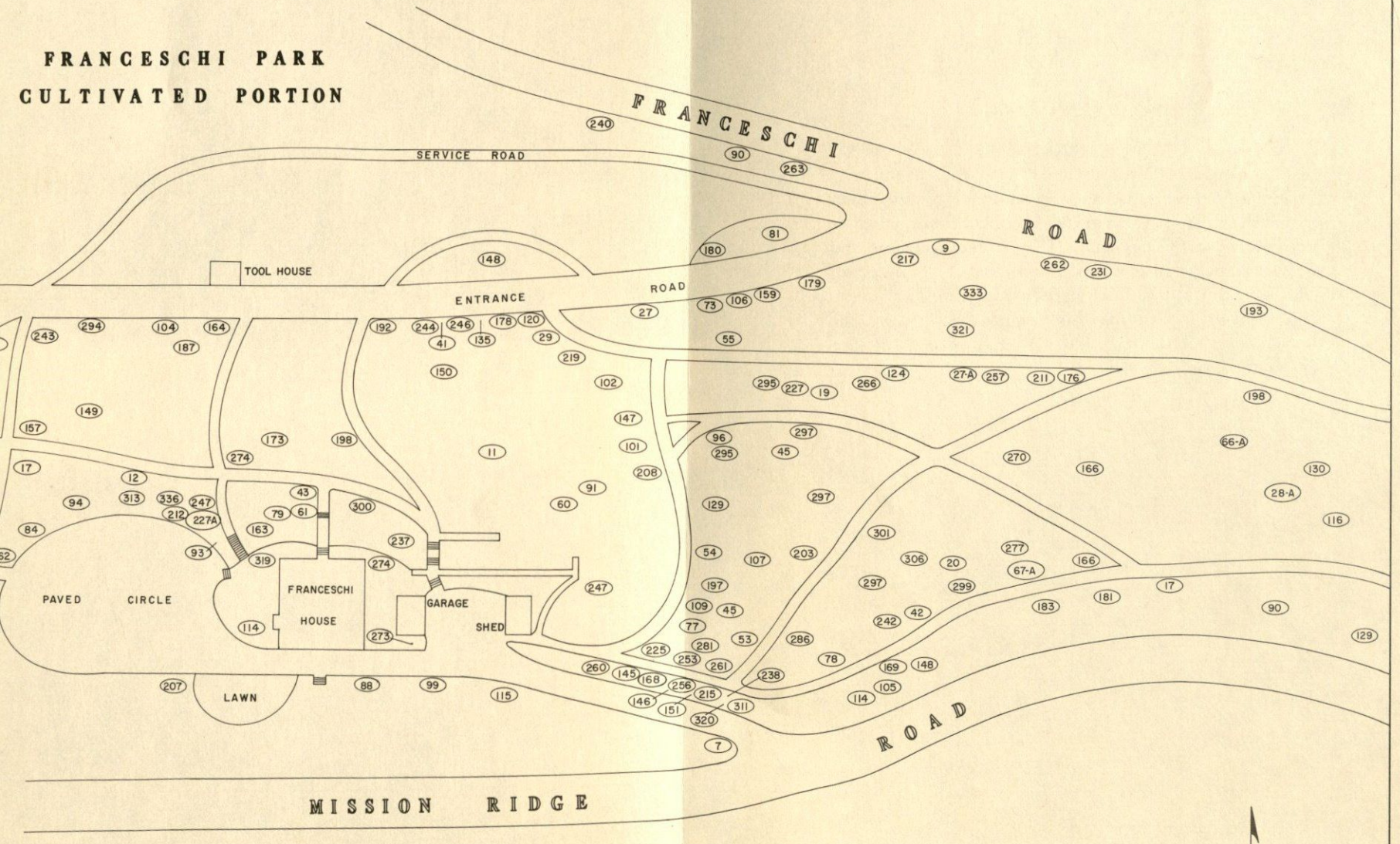


FRANCESCHI PARK
CULTIVATED PORTION



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· F R A N C E S C H I P A R K ·

DRAWN BY - GOLDSMAN - 1972

1. ACACIA BAILEYANA
Cootamundra Wattle (February)

2. ACACIA DECURRENS
Green Wattle (March) Barranca Ave.

29 Aleurites moluccana CANDLENUT TREE MALAYAN REGION
EUPHORBIACEAE, SPURGE FAMILY
Medium to large evergreen tree that produces clusters of walnut-like fruits whose kernels are poisonous. A good sized tree was reported on the Kinton Stevens place in Montecito before 1895 (F). A large number were raised locally and offered for sale in 1895 by the Southern California Acclimatizing Association (R). At present, the only tree recorded is in —
Franceschi Park

30 Angophora costata AUSTRALIAN APPLE-MYRTLE AUSTRALIA
(syn. Angophora lanceolata) MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY
Graceful, open-crowned tree 40-50 ft. tall with smooth flaking bark. Closely related to Eucalyptus. Again, the only individual found in this survey is in —
Lower Orpet Park

ARAUCARIA

Large evergreen cone-bearing trees from South America, Australia and New Caledonia. Their branches extend laterally, forming whorl-like groups at regular intervals along the trunk. The Araucaria family, ARAUCARIACEAE, is probably best known for the Monkey Puzzle Tree, **Araucaria araucana** *(syn. A. imbricata)*, native to Chile. Strangely enough, there has evidently never been a good specimen in Santa Barbara. At present, a few small 2-4 ft. trees have been planted. Two other rare species here are **Araucaria angustifolia** *(syn. A. brasilensis)* of which a good specimen planted in 1910 is known, and **Araucaria columnaris** *(syn. A. cookii)* seen by Dr. Franceschi in 1895 and represented now by 3 or 4 fine specimens.

31 Araucaria bidwillii BUNYA BUNYA AUSTRALIA
Bulky tree 100 ft. tall or more with a dome-shaped top. The huge green cones, resembling a pineapple, can weigh up to ten pounds.
West Alameda Plaza, County Court House

32 Araucaria cunninghamii HOOP PINE AUSTRALIA
Large tree 70 ft. tall or more with thin, curling outer bark. Not nearly as common as the preceding Bunya Bunya, although young plants of both species were seen by Dr. Franceschi in 1895.
Lower Orpet Park (not a good specimen)

33 Araucaria heterophylla STAR PINE AUSTRALIA
(syn. A. excelsa) NORFOLK ISLAND PINE
Graceful skyline tree 150 ft. tall or more, the terminal whorl of growth on small, juvenile plants resembling a star. There were specimens here in 1895 over 100 ft. tall (F). The well known "Tree of Light" on the northwest corner of Carrillo and Chapala Sts., festooned with lights at Christmas-time, is approximately 90 years old.
County Court House, East and West Alameda Plaza

34 Arbutus unedo STRAWBERRY TREE EUROPE
ERICACEAE, HEATH FAMILY

Evergreen shrub or small tree to about 25 ft. tall with ornamental orange-red fruits resembling strawberries. These are edible but rather flat tasting.

1729-1739 Clearview Rd. (3 trees)
Upper Orpet Park (shrubs)
Including some small trees at the Santa Barbara Botanic Garden our native Madroñe, **Arbutus menziesii,** is rarely cultivated.

35 Archontophoenix cunninghamiana KING OR PICCABEEN PALM
AUSTRALIA
(Seaforthia elegans-not a valid synonym) PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY

Handsome feather palm 30-40 ft. tall with tassel-like clusters of lavender flowers and colorful red berries. The most frequently planted street palm in recent years.

300 block E. Sola St. (north side)
2000 block Garden St. (west side)
100 block E. Mission St. (south side)
State St., from Alamar Ave. to Calle Laureles (planted 1957)
East Alameda Plaza, County Court House
The much less known **Archontophoenix alexandrae** is similar in appearance but has white flowers.

36 Arecastrum romanzoffianum QUEEN PALM BRAZIL, ARGENTINA
(Cocos plumosa-not a valid synonym) PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY

Well known feather palm 40-50 ft. tall with a graceful crown of arching plume-like leaves. First introduced here by Kinton Stevens about 1880 (F).

1000-2100 blocks Santa Barbara St.
1300-1900 blocks State St.
Cuesta Road
1900 block Bath St.
600-700 blocks Garden St.

37 Argania sideroxylon ARGAN TREE MOROCCO
SAPOTACEAE, SAPODILLA FAMILY

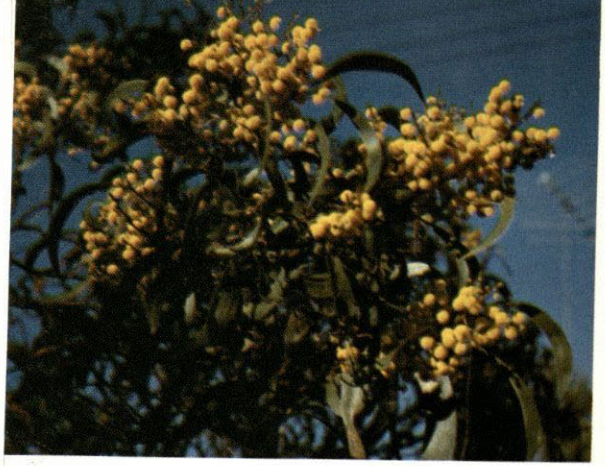
Spiny evergreen species represented here by a small 4 ft. plant approximately 30 years old.

Upper Orpet Park

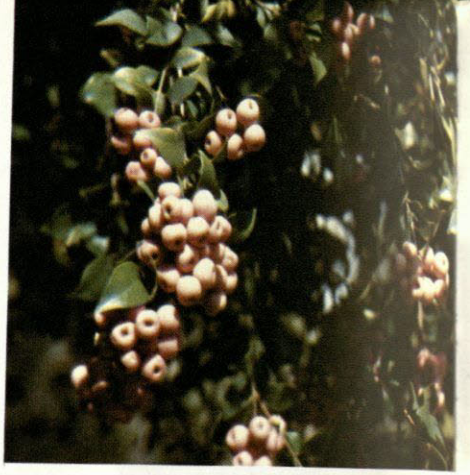
38 Baloghia lucida BRUSH BLOODWOOD AUSTRALIA
EUPHORBIACEAE, SPURGE FAMILY

Small, rare evergreen tree about 20 ft. tall with shiny thick leaves. Of the two specimens known, one was planted as recently as 1965 from a cutting grown from the original plant in —

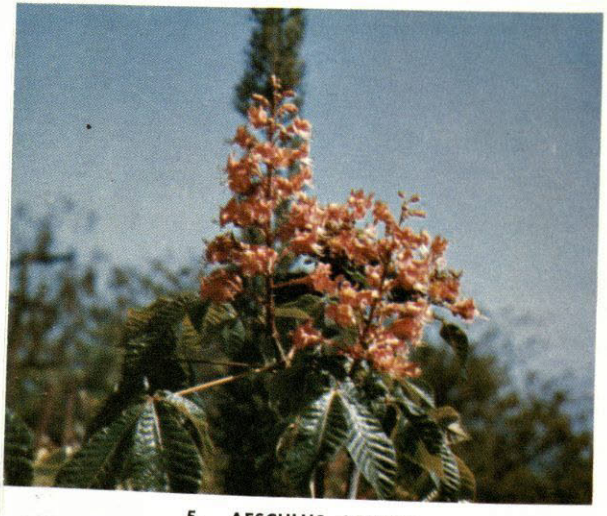
Lower Orpet Park



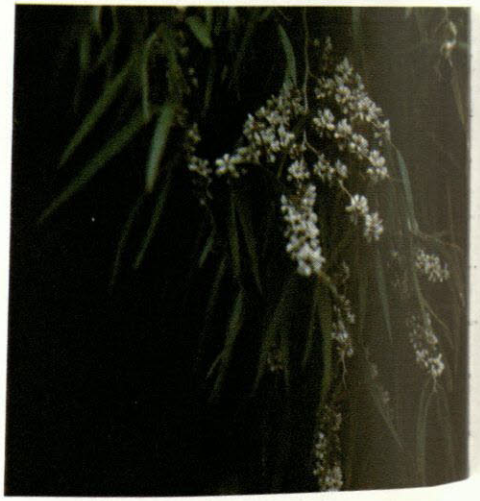
3. ACACIA PYCNANTHA
Golden Wattle (March)



4. ACMENA SMITHII
Lilly Pilly (May)



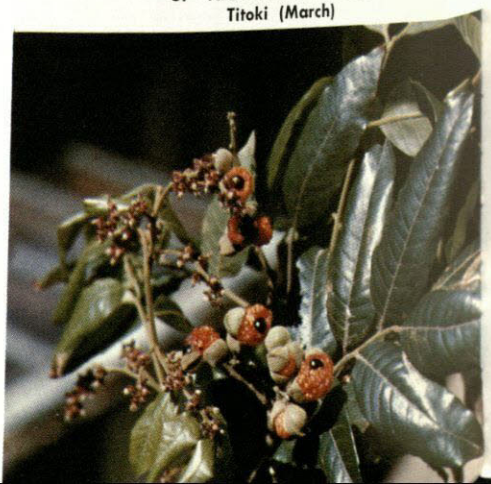
5. AESCULUS CARNEA
Red Horse Chestnut (May)



6. AGONIS FLEXUOSA
Australian Willow-Myrtle (June)

7. ALBIZIA JULIBRISSIN
Silk Tree (July)

8. ALECTRYON EXCELSUM
Titoki (March)



9. **ARECASTRUM ROMANZOFFIANUM**
Queen Palm (Cuesta Road)

10. **ARCHONTOPHOENIX CUNNINGHAMIANA**
King Palm — (Flower Tassel)

BANKSIA

Unusual evergreen plants from Australia with a striking inflorescence of innumerable, small, densely packed flowers forming an erect cylindrical or semi-globular cone. They belong to the Protea Family, PROTEACAE. Most species are difficult to grow due to very specific cultural requirements.

39 **Banksia integrifolia** WHITE HONEYSUCKLE

Slender tree about 25 ft. tall, the only one of this species that has been located.

Upper Orpet Park

40 **Banksia verticillata** SWAMP BANKSIA

(syn. Banksia littoralis)

Low-spreading, shrubby tree 10-15 ft. tall, the large, yellow flower spike first suggesting a paint roller.

Upper Orpet Park (3 plants)

BAUHINIA

Tropical plants of the Senna Family, CAESALPINACEAE, sometimes called Orchid Trees for their colorful flowers. The typically rounded leaves are partly cleft, leading to such common names as Cow Hoof, Camel Hoof, or Butterfly Tree.

41 **Bauhinia forficata** BRAZIL

Spiny deciduous small tree 15-25 ft. tall with 5-petaled white flowers in summer.

Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park

42 **Bauhinia variegata** PURPLE ORCHID TREE INDIA, CHINA

Multiple-branched deciduous tree 20-30 ft. tall with ornamental lavender-rose flowers in spring. First offered here by Kinton Stevens in 1893 (R).

Franceschi Park

The white flowering form, **Bauhinia variegata candida,** is equally grown here.

43 **Beaucarnea recurvata** *(tentative identification)* MEXICO

AGAVACEAE, AGAVE FAMILY

Woody, tree-like succulent plant with drooping, reedy leaves and a swollen, bulbous trunk base.

Franceschi Park

44 **Beilschmiedia miersii** BELLOTA CHILE

(syn. Cryptocarya miersii) LAURACEAE, LAUREL FAMILY

Slow growing, medium-sized tree 30-40 ft. tall with dense aromatic foliage and nut-like fruits. The crushed leaves emit a sassafras fragrance.

2917, 2921 Valencia Drive

3000 block Foothill Road (south side near Alamar Ave., two trees)

Lower Orpet Park

The BELLOTA trees growing here, of which there are all too few, were derived from the famous 100-year-old specimen near Santa Paula.

45 Bischofia javanica TOOG TROPICAL ASIA
(syn. Bischofia trifoliata) EUPHORBIACEAE, SPURGE FAMILY

Rounded evergreen tree with attractive large leaflets arranged in threes. The few trees known were planted in 1959.

300 block W. Junipero St. (south side)
2300 block Bath St. (west side near Junipero St.)
Franceschi Park (two trees)

46 Bontia daphnoides BARBADOS OLIVE WEST INDIES
MYOPORACEAE, MYOPORUM FAMILY

Small evergreen tree 10-20 ft. tall, of note here because only one specimen is known.

1131 Luneta Plaza (planted 1958)

BRACHYCHITON Bottle Tree

Interesting Australian trees of the Sterculia Family, STERCULIACEAE, with some species forming thick, bottle-like trunks. They generally flower between May and October, at which time they also become partly to completely deciduous. Bell-shaped flowers are followed by woody, boat-shaped pods that split on one side when mature.

47 Brachychiton acerifolium FLAME BOTTLE TREE
(syn. Sterculia acerifolia)

Erect tree to 50 ft. tall or more with a fiery bloom of small scarlet flowers on stalks of the same color.

1000 block Quinientos St.
1900 block Robbins St. (west side)
700-800 blocks E. Yanonali St.
Lower Orpet Park

48 Brachychiton discolor PINK FLAME TREE
(syn. Sterculia discolor)

Medium-sized tree 30-40 ft. tall with maple-like leaves, dark green above and whitish beneath. The rose-pink flowers and large 5 inch pods are covered with rusty wool.

1200-1900 blocks Gillespie St. (alternated with **Koelreuteria bipinnata**)
100-400 blocks W. Cota St.
900 block Orilla Del Mar Dr.

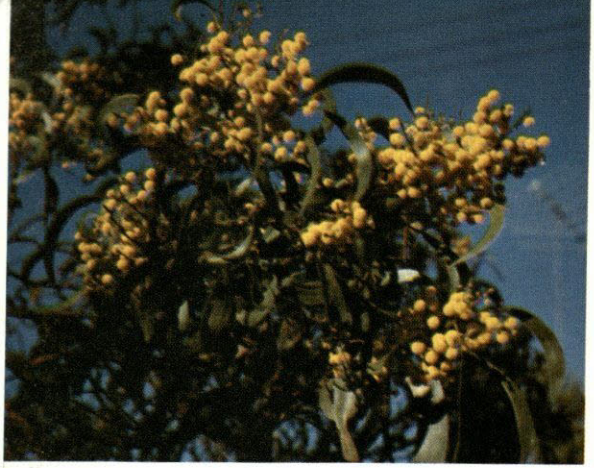
49 Brachychiton hybrid

A natural cross between **Brachychiton acerifolium** and **Brachychiton populneum** showing characteristics of both. The old tree, planted in 1895, still stands at the southwest corner of State and Gutierrez Sts., the former site of the Franceschi Nursery.

100-300 blocks Palisades Dr.

50 Brachychiton populneum KURRAJONG BOTTLE TREE
(syn. Sterculia diversifolia)

Erect, oval-crowned tree 40-50 ft. tall or more with leaves varying in shape. Considerable numbers were growing along the streets here by 1880 (R).



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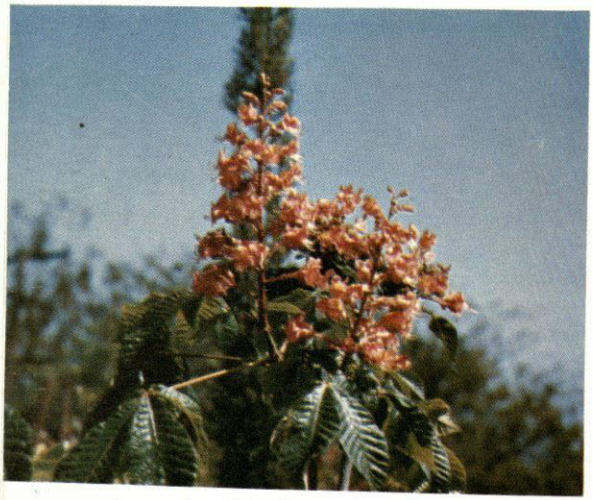

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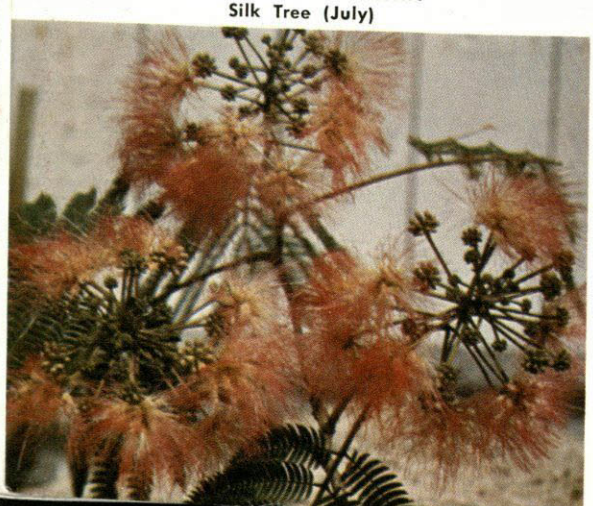

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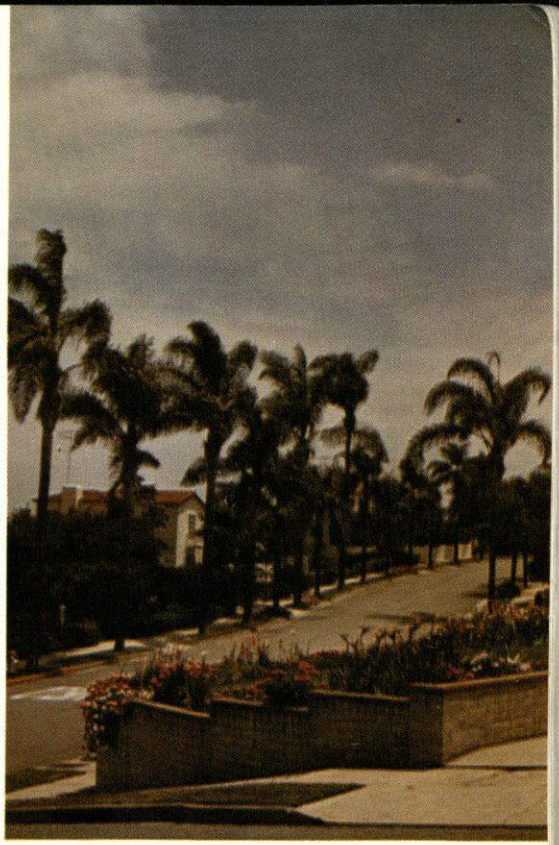

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3000 block Foothill Road (south side near Alamar Ave., two trees)

Lower Orpet Park

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2300 block Bath St. (west side near Junipero St.)
Franceschi Park (two trees)

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MYOPORACEAE, MYOPORUM FAMILY

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13. BAUHINIA VARIEGATA
Purple Orchid Tree (May)

14. BRACHYCHITON DISCOLOR
Pink Flame Tree (August)

15. BRACHYCHITON POPULNEUM OCCIDENTALE
(July)

16. CAESALPINIA SPINOSA
(May)

17. BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM
Flame Bottle Tree (June)

18. BRACHYCHITON DISCOLOR
Pink Flame Tree (Gillespie St.)

100-200 blocks Santa Barbara St.
100-600 blocks E. Alamar St. (mainly on west side)
1500 block Castillo St.
Old specimen with a trunk 4 ft. thick at the northeast corner of S. Canada and Carpinteria Sts.

51 A form from Western Australia, **Brachychiton populneum occidentale,** is in Lower Orpet Park. Also, the Queensland Bottle Tree, **Brachychiton rupestris,** is represented by a small 7 ft. specimen in the SE corner of the County Administration parking lot.

52 **Brassaia actinophylla** QUEENSLAND UMBRELLA TREE AUSTRALIA
(syn. Schleffera actinophylla) ARALIACEAE, GINSENG FAMILY
Erect, seldom branching evergreen shrub or tree 20-25 ft. tall, the long leafstalk holding several large, drooping leaflets to connote an umbrella.
County Court House

53 **Butia capitata** PINDO PALM BRAZIL
(syn. Cocos australis) PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY
A stocky, small feather palm 10-20 ft. tall with extended, arching blue-gray leaves and edible, flavorful fruits.
400 block Corona Del Mar
2000-2500 blocks State St. (in center divider sections from Mission St. to Constance Ave. Just north of Pueblo St. is a rare specimen of the variety 'strictior,' with erect leaves).
East Alameda Plaza, Franceschi Park

54 **Caesalpinia peltophoroides** BRAZIL
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY
A deciduous species, of which the only representative is the young tree planted 1958, in —
Franceschi Park

55 **Caesalpinia spinosa** SOUTH AMERICA
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY
Spiny, evergreen clumping shrub or small tree to about 20 ft. tall, setting clusters of yellow to red bean-like pods. Because it withstands drought and poor soil, hundreds were planted as street trees at one time (R), but growth habits have since proved it unsatisfactory for this purpose.
200-300 blocks Vista de la Cumbre
400 block E. Padre St.
Stanley Dr. (scattered)

CALLISTEMON Bottlebrush

Australian evergreen shrubs and trees belonging to the Myrtle Family, MYRTACEAE. Their colorful, brush-like clusters of flowers are followed by persistent woody capsules packed tightly around the branch. The name bottlebrush is equally applied to the MELALEUCAS, another common Australian genus here.

56 Callistemon citrinus LEMON BOTTLEBRUSH
(syn. Callistemon lanceolatus)
Large shrub or trained to a small rounded tree 15-20 ft. tall with bright red flower brushes. The crushed leaves are strongly lemon-scented.
Foxen Dr., planted 1959
Island View Dr., planted 1959
County Court House

57 Callistemon viminalis WEEPING BOTTLEBRUSH
Medium-sized tree 30-40 ft. tall with red flower brushes and pendulous branchlets.
700-800 block Kentia Ave.
700-800 block Eucalyptus Ave.
Santa Maria Lane
County Court House
Other species observed locally at this time are, **Callistemon brachyandrus, C. jeffersii** (a hybrid), **C. linearis, C. pallidus, C. phoeniceus, C. pinifolius, C. rigidus, C. salignus,** and **C. sieberi.**

58 Calocedrus decurrens INCENSE CEDAR WESTERN U. S.
(syn. Libocedrus decurrens) CUPRESSACEAE, CYPRESS FAMILY
Columnar evergreen conifer 75 ft. tall or more with a straight, tapering trunk and flattened, fern-like sprays of aromatic foliage.
East Alameda Plaza
City Hall (Anacapa St. side) 2 trees

59 Calodendrum capense CAPE CHESTNUT SOUTH AFRICA
RUTACEAE, CITRUS FAMILY
Briefly deciduous, rounded tree to about 40 ft. tall with showy clusters of profuse pink flowers in early summer. Reported as introduced here in 1895 (F), with specimens today still few and far between.
Lower Orpet Park

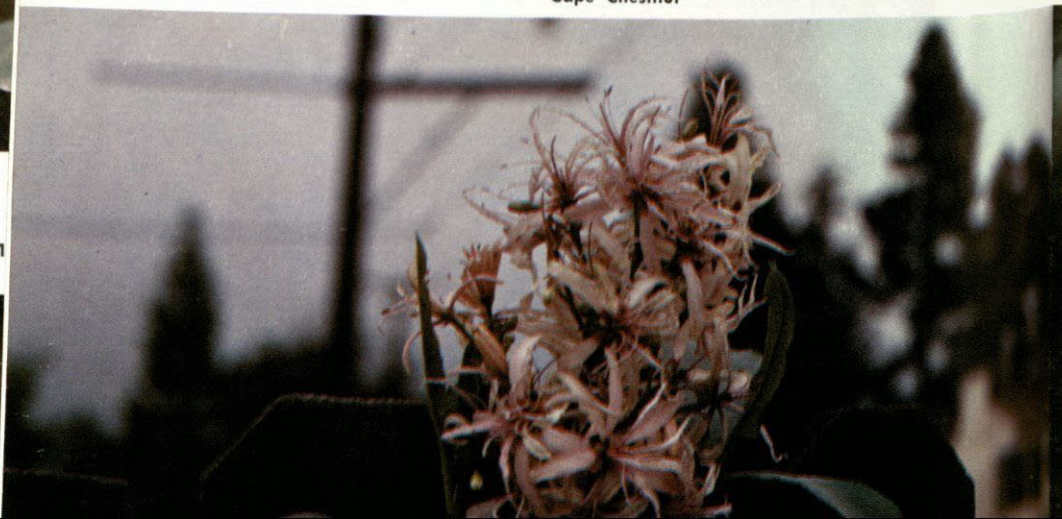
60 Casimiroa edulis WHITE SAPOTE MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA
RUTACEAE, CITRUS FAMILY
Semi-deciduous spreading tree to about 40 ft. tall with edible, soft-pulped fruits about the size of a peach. Dr. Franceschi stated that this was first introduced here from Mexico in 1810. In 1895 he found a specimen in the now downtown area 40 ft. tall and spreading over 50 ft., with a trunk 3 ft. thick.
Franceschi Park

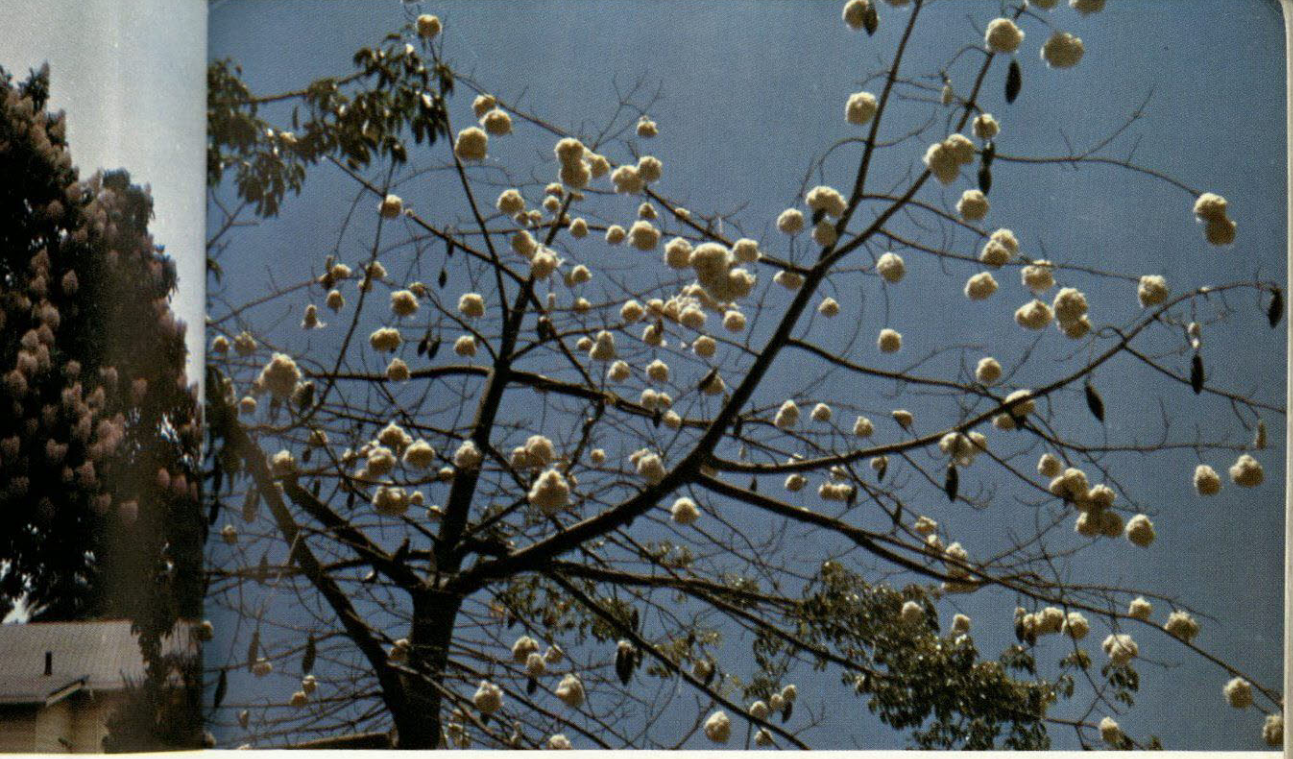
61 Cassipourea verticillata NATAL, AFRICA
RHIZOPHORACEAE, MANGROVE FAMILY
Small, slender evergreen tree, the only one known here. An extremely rare species, according to Dr. Franceschi, who planted it in 1908 (R).
Franceschi Park

62 Castanopsis indica INDIA
FAGACEAE, BEECH FAMILY
Evergreen tree about 30 ft. tall with gray-green leaves having toothed margins. The only one found is in —
Lower Orpet Park

19. CALODENDRUM CAPENSE
Cape Chestnut (July)

20. CALODENDRUM CAPENSE
Cape Chestnut





21. CHORISIA SPECIOSA
Floss Silk Tree
(Seed pods and their cottony bursts)

22. CUNONIA CAPENSIS
Red Alder (September)

63 Castanospermum australe MORETON BAY CHESTNUT AUSTRALIA
FABACEAE, PEA FAMILY

Ornamental evergreen tree seldom more than 20-30 ft. tall with attractive foliage and clusters of yellow-orange-red flowers close against the branches. The trees in Stow Park were there in 1883 (F).

2015 Oak Park Lane

CASUARINA Beefwood, Australian Oak

Evergreen trees and shrubs of the Casuarina Family, Casuarinaceae, with slender wiry branches sectionally jointed like Equisetum, the Horsetail Plant. The woody fruits resemble miniature pine cones.

64 Casuarina cunninghamiana RIVER OAK AUSTRALIA

Erect, airy-textured tree to about 60 ft. tall. According to recent authority, all trees here called **Casauarina equisetifolia,** the Horsetail Tree, are not that species but properly belong under **Casuarina cunninghamiana.**

W. Cota St. (near Brinkerhoff St.) 3 trees
200 block E. Cota St. (young trees)

65 Casuarina glauca AUSTRALIA

The only two trees noted are approximately 50 ft. tall with an airy, pine-like appearance. Previously they had been identified as **Casuarina fraseriana,** but again, recent determination has shown otherwise.

Lower Orpet Park

66 Casuarina stricta SHE-OAK AUSTRALIA

Rounded tree 25-35 ft. tall with dense, drooping foliage. Female trees bear 1½-inch oval cones studded with small protruding valves.

Cabrillo Blvd. (east of Santa Barbara St.)
Several trees at Santa Barbara Municipal Airport

66-A A young tree of **Casuarina torulosa** has been in Franceschi Park since 1961.

67 Cedrela fissilis BRAZILIAN CEDAR WOOD BRAZIL, PARAGUAY
MELIACEAE, MAHOGANY FAMILY

Fairly large deciduous tree 40-50 ft. tall bearing woody, oval seed pods to 2½ inches long which split at maturity showing five open, divergent lobes. In 1905 there was a 30 ft. tree in Franceschi's old State St. nursery at Gutierrez St. (R). From this tree other trees were planted along Gutierrez St. in 1911 by Dr. A. B. Doremus, Park Superintendent.

Gutierrez St., between Santa Barbara and Chapala Sts.

67-A A slender young tree of **Cedrela toona,** native to India and Burma, has been in Franceschi Park since 1959.

68 Cedrus atlantica 'glauca' BLUE ATLAS CEDAR N. AFRICA
PINACEAE, PINE FAMILY

Pyramidal evergreen conifer 50 ft. tall or more with pale gray, needle-like leaves about 1 inch long.

MacKenzie Park (transplanted there in 1961)

69 **Cedrus deodara** DEODAR CEDAR HIMALAYAS
PINACEAE, PINE FAMILY

Graceful evergreen conifer 80 ft. tall or more with pendulous branchlets and erect, barrel-shaped cones to 4 inches long.

Canon Dr., from State St. to Chuparosa Dr.
West Alameda Plaza

70 **Ceratonia siliqua** CAROB, ST. JOHN'S BREAD MEDITERRANEAN REGION
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY

Adaptable evergreen tree 30-40 ft. tall with a dense, rounded crown. First introduced here in 1860 through seedlings supplied by the U.S. Patent Office (R).

Spring St. (three blocks)
1100-1200 blocks Carpinteria St.
Calle Granada and Rosales St. (at Peabody School)
Upper Orpet Park

71 **Chamaecyparis lawsoniana** LAWSON CYPRESS, PORT ORFORD CEDAR
NW UNITED STATES

Ornamental evergreen conifer 50-75 ft. tall or more with drooping, flattened sprays of dense fern-like foliage. Few large specimens have been seen.

County Court House

72 **Chamaerops humilis** EUROPEAN FAN PALM S. EUROPE
PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY

Small, hardy palm 10-20 ft. tall usually forming a clump of 6-10 inch thick trunks by suckering. Plentiful here in 1895 (F).

East and West Alameda Plaza

73 **Chiranthodendron pentadactylon**
HANDFLOWER TREE MEXICO, GUATEMALA
(syn. Chiranthodendron platanoides)
MONKEY OR DEVIL'S HAND TREE
STERCULIACEAE, STERCULIA FAMILY

Large-leaved evergreen tree 40-50 ft. tall, remarkable for its red, cup-shaped flower from which emerges a "clawing hand" of 5 extending stamens. The few trees now found here have been planted since 1948.

Franceschi Park
County Court House

74 **Chorisia speciosa** FLOSS-SILK TREE BRAZIL, ARGENTINA
BOMBACEAE, BOMBAX FAMILY

Ornamental deciduous tropical tree 50 ft. tall or more with smooth, bright green bark usually covered with stout thorns. Large pink to maroon flowers, with 5 flaring petals, make an elegant display Sept.-Dec., followed by oval 3-4 inch fruits which eventually burst into heads of fluffy silk cotton. It seems the species was mostly re-introduced in Santa Barbara and elsewhere in Southern California during the 1950s. The largest specimen here, planted in 1956, is between 50 and 60 ft. tall.

2300-2400 blocks Santa Barbara St.
200 block W. Yanonali St. (planted 1960)
200 block S. Voluntario St. (planted 1960)

23. CEDRELA FISSILIS
Brazilian Cedar Wood

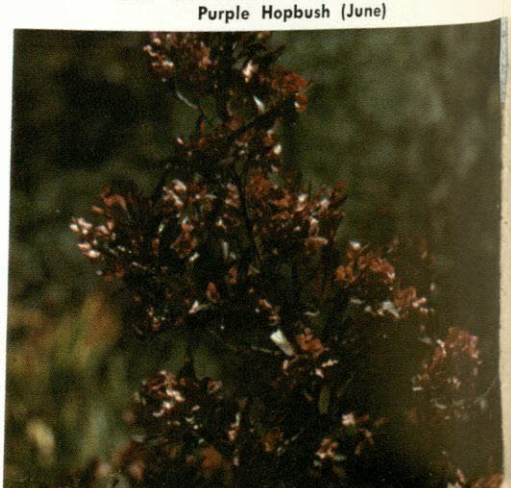
24. CHIRANTHODENDRON PENTADACTYLON
Handflower Tree (June)

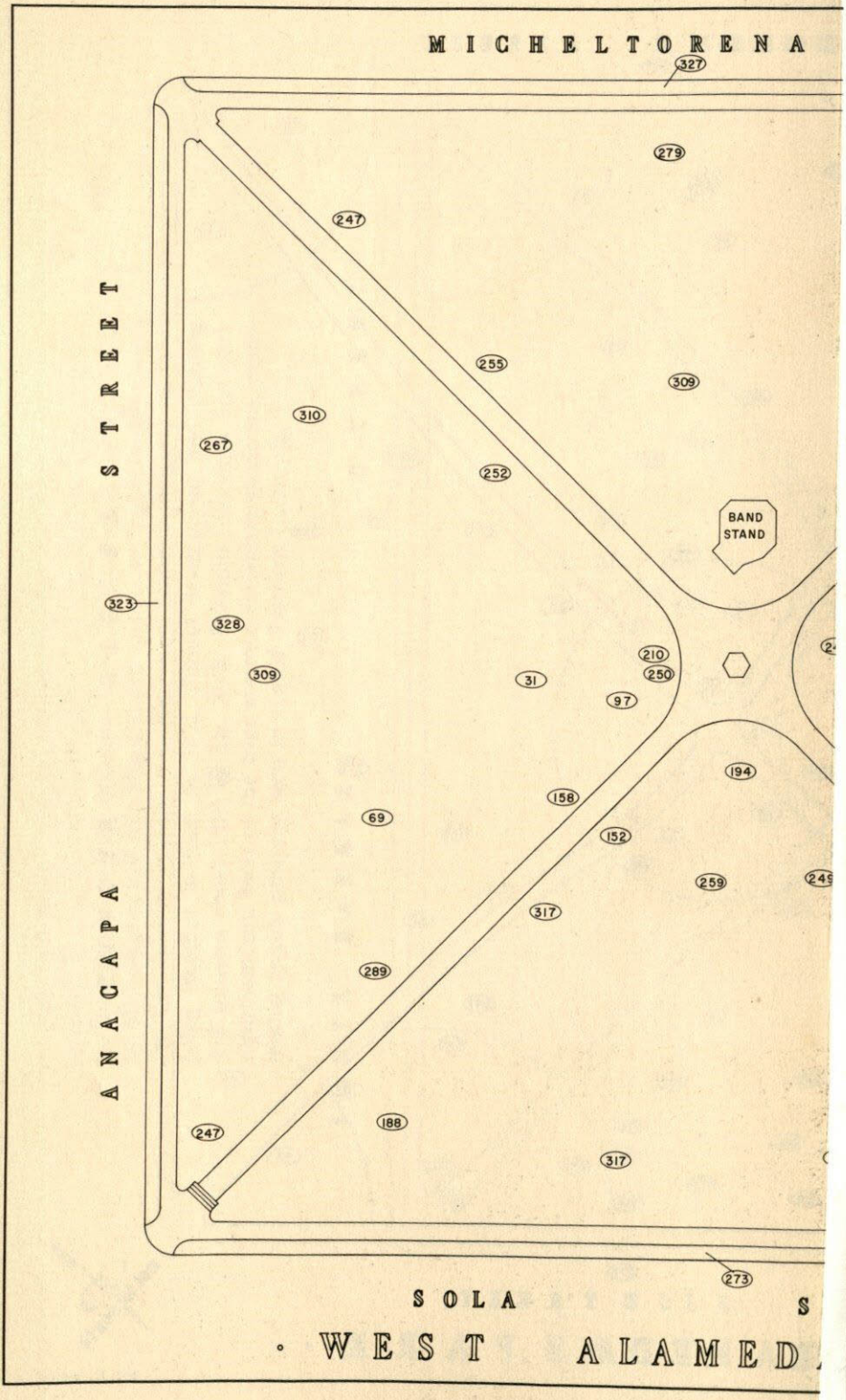
25. CHORISIA SPECIOSA
Floss Silk Tree (October)

26. CONZATTIA ARBOREA
(July)

27. DAIS COTINIFOLIA
Pompon Tree (June)

28. DODONAEA VISCOSA 'PURPUREA'
Purple Hopbush (June)

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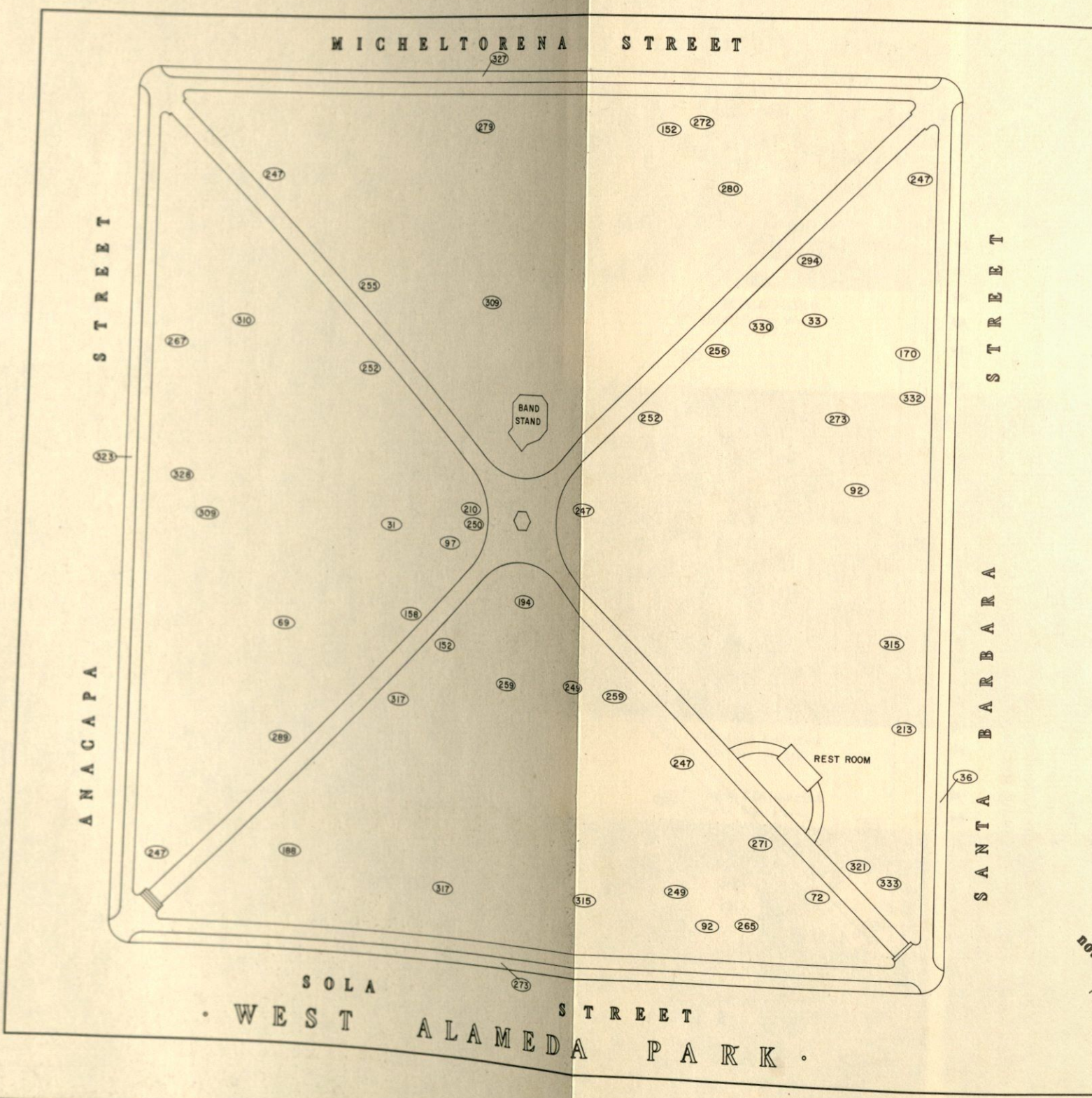
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WEST ALAMEDA PARK

DRAWN BY - WALDSMAN - 1972

CINNAMOMUM

Evergreen trees and shrubs belonging to the Laurel Family, Lauraceae

75 Cinnamomum camphora CAMPHOR TREE CHINA, JAPAN

Spreading, stout branched evergreen tree to about 50 ft. tall with copper pink new growth and mature leaves with a strong smell of camphor when crushed. In earlier times frequently used as a street tree, but need of growing space for a vigorous root system has required their gradual removal.

1400 block Laguna St.
800-900 blocks Santa Barbara St. (intermittent)
100 block West Mission St.

76 Cinnamomum glanduliferum NEPAL CAMPHOR TREE HIMALAYAS

Spreading tree 50 ft. tall or more with leaves twice as large as those of Cinnamomum camphora and much less aromatic. The only tree found is in:

Lower Orpet Park

77 Cinnamomum japonicum JAPAN, TAIWAN
(Cinnamomum pendunculatum)

Small, slow-growing, compact evergreen tree to about 20 ft. tall.
Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park

78 Cocculus laurifolius

HIMALAYAN REGION
MENISPERMACEAE, MOONSEED FAMILY

Large evergreen shrub or small tree to 25 ft. tall with leaves clearly showing 3 longitudinal veins.

Franceschi Park (shrub)
County Court House

79 Conzattia multiflora

MEXICO
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY

Medium-sized deciduous tree about 25 ft. tall with feathery foliage somewhat like Jacaranda. The ornamental sprays of yellow flowers in spring do not appear every year. The two trees known, planted by Dr. Franceschi in 1908, are in:

Franceschi Park

80 Cordyline australis GREEN DRACAENA NEW ZEALAND
AGAVACEAE, AGAVE FAMILY

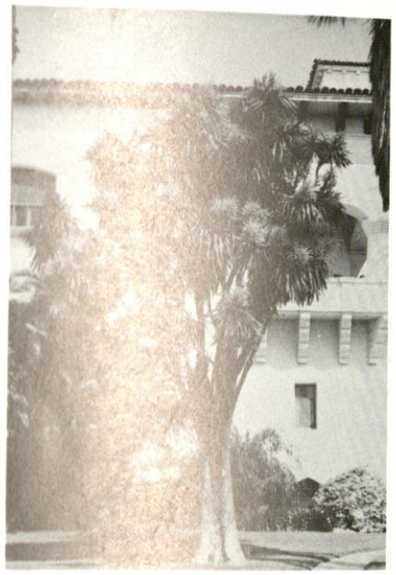
Evergreen palm-like tree to about 30 ft. tall with a clean slender trunk bearing compact heads of strap-like leaves. Large specimens were here in 1895 (F).

400 block S. Milpas St. (east side)
East Alameda Plaza
County Court House

81 Cordyline indivisa BLUE DRACAENA NEW ZEALAND
AGAVACEAE, AGAVE FAMILY

Evergreen tree similar to the more common Cordyline australis, but less branched and with longer, wider leaves.

Franceschi Park



CORDYLINE AUSTRALIS
Green Dracaena — County Court House

82 Corynocarpus laevigatus New Zealand Laurel New Zealand
Corynocarpaceae, Corynocarpus Family

Evergreen shrub or tree 20-30 ft. tall with handsome shiny foliage and orange-colored 1½ inch fruits containing a poisonous seed. Large specimens were here by 1900 (R).
1200-1900 blocks Garden St. (small trees, scattered)
East Alameda Plaza
County Court House

83 Crinodendron patagua Lily-of-the-Valley Tree Chile
(syn. Crinodendron dependens) Elaeocarpaceae, Eleaocarpus Family

Bushy evergreen tree to about 30 ft. tall with white, ¾ inch, bell-shaped flowers and orange-red seed capsules.
500-800 blocks W. Valerio St. (scattered)
1700 block Robbins St. (west side)
1300 block Carpinteria St.
East Alameda Plaza

84 Cryptocarya rubra Chile
Lauraceae, Laurel Family

Medium-sized evergreen tree 25-35 ft. tall with aromatic leaves and ivory and pink fruits, the fragrance of both likened to that of ripe apples. First planted here in the early 1920s by E. O. Orpet (R).
200 block W. Pueblo St.
3700 block Capri Dr. (planted 1961)
3300-3500 blocks Madrona Dr. (planted 1957)
Franceschi Park, Upper Orpet Park

85 Cunonia capensis Red Alder S. Africa
Cunoniaceae, Cunonia Family

Evergreen shrub or small tree with red twigs and cylindrical brush-like spikes of white flowers in summer. Introduced within the last 15 years, the few specimens noted less than 10 ft. tall.
Lower Orpet Park (planted 1961)

86 Cupaniopsis anacardioides Carrot Wood Australia
(syn. Cupania anacardioides) Sapindaceae, Soapberry Family

Medium-sized evergreen tree to about 30 ft. tall with a rather open crown and ascending branches.
1100-1300 blocks E. Punta Gorda St. (intermittent)
Margo St. (planted 1959)
800 block Meigs Road (east side) (planted 1959)
Upper Orpet Park

CUPRESSUS

Evergreen, coniferous trees and shrubs of the Cypress Family, Cupressaceae, with tiny, scale-like, overlapping leaves tight along the branchlets

87 Cupressus macrocarpa Monterey Cypress California
A large tree 40-70 ft. tall with extending branches and dark green foliage. Seen everywhere in Santa Barbara by 1895 (F).
East Alameda Plaza
Cabrillo Blvd. (eastward from Santa Barbara St., north side)

88 Cupressus sempervirens Italian Cypress S. Europe
Columnar tree 60 ft. tall or more.
Franceschi Park (several trees)

Other cypress growing here, including the collection of native species at the Santa Barbara Botanic Garden are: **Cupressus abramsiana, C. forbesii, C. funebris, C. glabra, C. goveniana, C. lusitanica, C. macnabiana, C. pygmaea, C. sargentii,** and **C. stephensonii.**

89 Dais cotinifolia Pompon Tree S. Africa
Thymeliaceae, Mezereum Family

Deciduous small tree 10-15 ft. tall with pink flowers forming ornamental pompon heads 1½ inch across. Possibly half of the representatives now here of this species are the two trees in:
Lower Orpet Park (planted 1958)

90 Dodonaea viscosa 'purpurea' Purple Hopbush New Zealand
Sapindaceae, Soapberry Family

Large evergreen shrub or small tree 15-25 ft. tall with leaves turning dark purple-red in winter. In summer, clusters of rose-red, papery inch capsules appear.
Franceschi Park (3 specimens, planted 1957)

91 Dovyalis caffra KEI-APPLE SOUTH AFRICA
(syn. Aberia caffra) FLACOURTIACEAE, FLACOURTIA FAMILY
Drought resistant evergreen shrub or small tree 10-20 ft. tall with long sharp spines. Tart, edible fruits, produced on female plants, are yellow and rounded to 1½ inches in diameter.
Franceschi Park (a group of shrubs, plus an individual tree)
An interesting use of this species is the dwarf hedge at the entrance to the Santa Barbara Museum of Art, planted by Lockwood de Forest about 25 years ago.

92 Dracaena draco DRAGON TREE CANARY ISLANDS
AGAVACEAE, AGAVE FAMILY
Odd-looking evergreen tree 25-45 ft. tall with a thick bare trunk and a crown of many stubby branches bearing terminal, crowded sword-like leaves. Large specimens were here by 1895 (F).
21 E. Arrellaga St. (three trees)
West Alameda Plaza (two trees)

93 Duranta erecta
SKY FLOWER, GOLDEN DEWDROP, PIGEON BERRY MEXICO TO BRAZIL
(syn. Duranta repens, Duranta plumieri) VERBENACEAE, VERVAIN FAMILY
Large, arching evergreen shrub or sometimes a small tree to about 25 ft. tall. Light blue ½ inch flowers are seen most of the year, along with hanging bunches of golden, berry-like fruits.
Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park

94 Ehretia acuminata HELIOTROPE TREE ASIA, AUSTRALIA
BORAGINACEAE, BORAGE FAMILY
Evergreen tree with small, fragrant white flowers, represented by a single specimen 15 ft. tall.
Franceschi Park

95 Ehretia elliptica ANAGUA TEXAS, MEXICO
BORAGINACEAE, BORAGE FAMILY
Small evergreen tree with leaves having a rough sandpaper-like upper surface.
Lower Orpet Park (2 or 3 plants)

96 Elaeocarpus grandis BLUE FIG AUSTRALIA
ELAEOCARPACEAE, ELAEOCARPUS FAMILY
The only specimen known is the slender deciduous tree, about 20 ft. tall in —
Franceschi Park

97 Elaeodrendron capense CAPE OLIVE S. AFRICA
CELASTRACEAE, STAFF-TREE FAMILY
Small, bushy evergreen tree 20-25 ft. tall with leathery dark green leaves and olive-like, whitish fruits.
Lower Orpet Park (planted by E. O. Orpet in 1925)
West Alameda Plaza

ERIOBOTRYA Loquat

Two species are grown here of these small evergreen trees of the Rose Family, Rosaceae. They both have attractive foliage consisting of large elliptic leaves with sawtooth margins, also sweetly fragrant white flowers

98 Eriobotrya deflexa BRONZE LOQUAT JAPAN
Tree 10-20 ft. tall with colorful bronze-red new growth.
1200 block State St. (planted about 1969)
00-100 E. and W. Ortega St. (planted 1972)

99 Eriobotrya japonica LOQUAT CHINA
Tree 20-30 ft. tall with edible, flavorful orange-yellow fruits.
Franceschi Park East Alameda Plaza

ERYTHEA Hesper Palm

These fan palms are principally from northwestern Mexico, particularly in the region of Baja California. They belong to the Palm Family, Palmaceae.

100 Erythea armata BIG BLUE HESPER PALM
Medium-sized palm 25-35 ft. tall with a trunk to 2 ft. thick and a spectacular inflorescence of long arching plumes. Beautiful specimens were here in 1895 (F).
Mission Park East Alameda Plaza

101 Erythea brandegeei SAN JOSE HESPER PALM
Rather slender palm 40 ft. tall or more retaining a columnar thatch of dead leaves on a 1 ft. thick trunk.
Franceschi Park East Alameda Plaza

102 Erythea edulis GUADALUPE PALM
Stocky palm 20-30 ft. tall with fan leaves about 5 ft. across and large hanging clusters of black edible fruit. First planted here about 1895 (F).
Franceschi Park County Court House

ERYTHEA EDULIS
Guadalupe Palm
County Court House

ERYTHEA ELEGANS
Franceschi Palm, in Flower

103 Erythea elegans FRANCESCHI PALM

Dwarf palm 4-8 ft. tall with a small crown of blue-gray leaves. In 1962 two specimens on the former Le Jeune Nursery grounds were given to the city and county by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fernandez. One transplanted to Franceschi Park died in 1970. The other still flourishes at the County Court House

ERYTHRINA Coral Tree

Colorful flowering trees and shrubs from warm temperate to tropical regions belonging to the Pea Family, Fabaceae. Trifoliate leaves with 3 broad leaflets is a common characteristic, and usually thorny prickles are found on some or all parts of the plant.

104 Erythrina abyssinica AFRICA

The two small trees of record are deciduous, with light corky bark and frilled, tubular orange-red flowers.

Franceschi Park (planted 1960)

105 Erythrina caffra KAFFIRBOOM CORAL TREE S. AFRICA

Spreading semi-evergreen tree 25-35 ft. tall with clusters of deep orange flowers, late winter to spring. The enameled red seeds, shaped like kidney beans, are poisonous.

Franceschi Park Mesa Park (planted 1957)
Shoreline Park (planted 1970)

106 Erythrina coralloides NAKED CORAL TREE MEXICO

Short-trunked deciduous tree 20-25 ft. tall with erect cone-like clusters of flame-red tubular flowers in late spring. The seeds are highly poisonous.

Upper Orpet Park Franceschi Park

107 Erythrina falcata BRAZIL, PERU

Upright, almost evergreen tree 40 ft. tall or more with large spikes of orange-red tubular flowers in late spring.

1835 San Pascual St.
Franceschi Park (planted 1958)

108 Erythrina humeana NATAL CORAL TREE S. AFRICA

Small deciduous tree to about 15 ft. tall with scarlet tubular flowers on long terminal spikes in late summer.

Shoreline Park (planted 1969)

109 Erythrina latissima AFRICA

Tender deciduous tree with corky bark and large, heart-shaped leaflets. A single immature plant found in:

Franceschi Park (planted 1959)

Other species growing here are the shrubs **Erythrina acanthocarpa** and **Erythrina bidwillii** (a hybrid), and the tree species, **Erythrina crista-galli** and **Erythrina lysistemon.**

110 Escallonia grahamiana CHILE

SAXIFRAGACEAE, SAXIFRAGE FAMILY

Large evergreen shrub or small bushy tree to 20 ft. tall with fragrant, white, ½ inch flowers in early summer.

El Prado Rd. (block planting)

EUCALYPTUS

A genus, almost entirely Australian, of 500-600 evergreen trees and shrubs belonging to the Myrtle Family, Myrtaceae. The great diversity of bark conformation, flower buds, flower color, and seed capsule shapes and sizes can make identification trying — but at the same time offer many interesting possibilities for the plant enthusiast and landscaper. The limiting factor in their use continues to be improper planting and culture, and lack of space. There is much to muse about in this notation of Dr. Franceschi's on eucalyptus in 1895 — "A decree of proscription edicted by our city council not many years ago has made most of the finest trees disappear from the city limits."

111 Eucalyptus botryoides BANGALAY

Large tree 75-100 ft. tall with reddish brown, deeply fissured, fibrous bark.

East Alameda Plaza (two trees)

112 Eucalyptus caesia GUNGURRU

Ornamental small tree 10-20 ft. tall with weeping branches and powdery white buds opening to show colorful pink stamens.

Franceschi Park (Recently removed)

113 Eucalyptus calophylla MARRI

Medium-sized tree 40-60 ft. tall with clusters of white flowers and large pear-shaped capsules to 1¼ inch long.

200 block W. Pedregosa St. (near De la Vina St.)

114 Eucalyptus camaldulensis RED GUM

(syn. Eucalyptus rostrata)

Large spreading tree 50-100 ft. tall with weeping branchlets and smooth blue-gray bark shedding in patches. A huge old specimen in the area formerly owned by Ellwood Cooper, who first planted Eucalyptus here in 1870, is 150 ft. tall with a trunk 21½ ft. in circumference.

Franceschi Park (several trees), MacKenzie Park

115 Eucalyptus cephalocarpa LONG-LEAVED ARGYLE APPLE

Medium-sized spreading tree 30-40 ft. tall with fibrous brown bark. The only specimen found is in —

Franceschi Park

116 Eucalyptus cinerea ARGYLE APPLE

Medium-sized tree 30-50 ft. tall with silver-gray foliage and fibrous, reddish-brown bark.

Franceschi Park

117 Eucalyptus citriodora LEMON GUM

Tall, graceful tree to 100 ft. tall or more with high arching branches and a smooth white trunk with bark shedding in small strips. The leaves have a strong lemon scent.

Upper Orpet Park Franceschi Park

118 Eucalyptus cladocalyx SUGAR GUM

(syn. Eucalyptus corynocalyx)

Rather large tree to 80 ft. tall or more with shiny, billowy foliage and rough gray bark shedding to smooth white beneath. One of the most common species here, extensively planted along U.S. Highway 101, west of Santa Barbara.

Mission Park (fine specimen near Plaza Rubio)

119 Eucalyptus cornuta YATE TREE

Medium to large tree 50-100 ft. tall with clusters of greenish-yellow flowers and capsules terminating with a beak. The brown bark is deeply furrowed.

Plaza Del Mar (trees with trunks 4-5 ft. thick)
Vera Cruz Plaza (single specimen)

120 Eucalyptus cosmophylla CUP GUM

The only tree found is slender and about 20 ft. tall with smooth shedding bark and ¾ inch capsules.

Franceschi Park (planted 1961)

121 Eucalyptus erythrocorys RED CAP GUM

Ornamental small tree to about 20 ft. tall, bearing emerald buds with a scarlet lid which lifts off to show a 2 inch cluster of bright yellow stamens.

Santa Inez Court (a few trees from planting in 1960)
900 block E. Gutierrez St. (planted 1970)

122 Eucalyptus ficifolia RED-FLOWERING GUM

Dense, rounded tree to about 40 ft. tall with leathery, dark green leaves. One of our most colorful flowering trees with abundant clusters of red (sometimes pink or white) flowers.

1200-1900 blocks Chino St. (between Anapamu and Mission Sts.)
100-400 blocks W. Haley St.
300-500 blocks W. Ortega St.
100-400 blocks W. Pedregosa St.

123 Eucalyptus forrestiana FORREST'S MALLEE FUCHSIA EUCALYPTUS

Small open tree to about 20 ft. tall bearing pendent, scarlet, four-sided buds that terminate in a long, slender beak.

Santa Inez Court (western end, planted 1960)

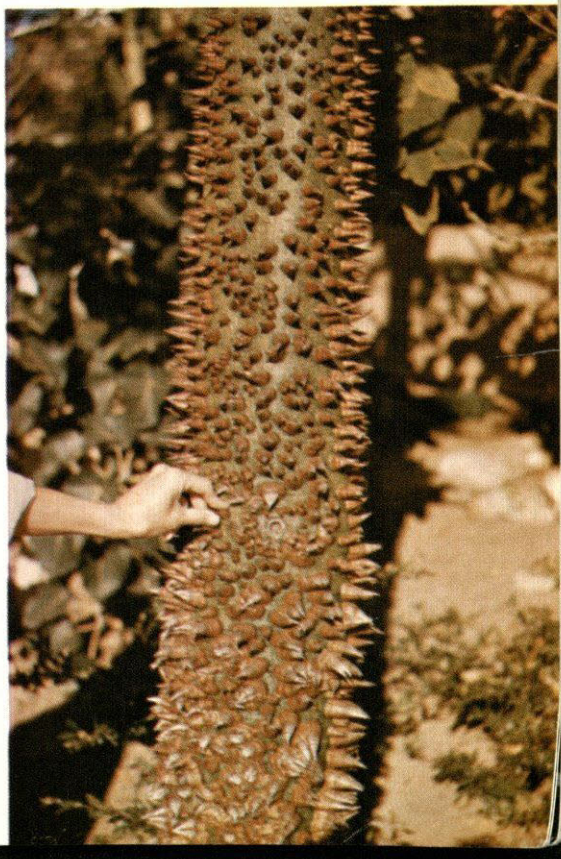
124 Eucalyptus fruticetorum BLUE MALLEE

Small slender tree 20-30 ft. tall with narrow blue-gray leaves.

Franceschi Park (planted 1960)
MacKenzie Park (planted 1961)

29. **BANKSIA VERTICILLATA**
Swamp Banksia (November)

30. **CHORISIA SPECIOSA**
Floss Silk Tree



125 Eucalyptus globulus BLUE GUM

Large, well known species 100-150 ft. tall or more with aromatic, glossy green leaves and bark shedding in large strips. The warty, gray-blue buds are followed by white flowers in spring.
Mesa Lane (near Cliff Dr.) Lower Orpet Park

A dense bushy form originated in California, **Eucalyptus globulus 'compacta'**, becomes 25-50 ft. in height and is popular for screen plantings.

126 Eucalyptus grossa COARSE-FLOWERED MALLEE

A shrub included here because incessant pruning has created a grotesque small tree.
Lower Orpet Park

127 Eucalyptus lehmannii BUSHY YATE

Dense rounded tree 20-30 ft. tall bearing clusters of buds studded with finger-like caps, followed by bushy heads of greenish-yellow stamens.
MacKenzie Park (several trees)
Predominant in the screen planting along U.S. Highway 101 east and west of Santa Barbara.

128 Eucalyptus macrandra LONG-FLOWERED MARLOCK

Small tree 20-30 ft. tall with clusters of slender horn-shaped buds, followed by greenish yellow flowers.
Upper Orpet Park

129 Eucalyptus megacornuta

Small, slim tree to about 25 ft. tall with warty, horn-shaped bud caps about 2 inches long and green flowers.
Franceschi Park (2 or 3 trees, planted 1959)

130 Eucalyptus niphophila SNOW GUM

The only plant found is about 8 ft. tall with an irregular habit of growth and thick gray leaves.
Franceschi Park (planted 1960)

131 Eucalyptus occidentalis SWAMP YATE

Medium-sized, erect branching tree to about 60 ft. tall with rough, fibrous bark. The only specimen known is in —
Vera Cruz Plaza

132 Eucalyptus oleosa GIANT MALLEE

Small, multiple-stemmed tree 20-30 ft. tall with willowy light green leaves and smooth, ribbony bark on the upper branches.
MacKenzie Park (a few trees, planted in 1962)

133 Eucalyptus polyanthemos RED BOX, AUSTRALIAN BEECH

Erect, medium-sized tree 40-70 ft. tall with gray-green foliage and gray fibrous bark.
San Rafael Ave.
100-200 blocks Castillo St.
3100 block Lucinda Lane (planted 1961)

134 Eucalyptus racemosa NARROW-LEAVED IRONBARK
(syn. Eucalyptus crebra)
Tree to 80 ft. tall or more with dull, gray-green leaves and corky, dark gray bark.
Plaza Del Mar (3 trees)

135 Eucalyptus robusta SWAMP MAHOGANY
Rather large tree 50-75 ft. tall with leathery dark green leaves and rust-brown, strongly fissured bark.
500 block Orena Ave. Franceschi Park

136 Eucalyptus rudis DESERT GUM
Medium-sized tree 40-60 ft. tall with gray-green leaves and finely fissured gray bark.
Punta Gorda St. (near Cabrillo Blvd.)

137 Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'rosea' PINK OR RED IRONBARK
Erect tree 40-80 ft. tall with pendulous gray-green leaves and dark red to blackish bark that is rough and deeply furrowed. Rose-pink to red flowers appear in winter and spring.
Santa Barbara St. at Constance Ave. (topped street tree)
Lower Orpet Park County Court House

138 Eucalyptus steedmanii STEEDMAN'S GUM
The single tree found is about 45 ft. tall with decorative, smooth light bark. This rare species was introduced and planted in 1928 by E. O. Orpet, receiving the seed from a Mr. Steedman, who collected it along his railroad route in Western Australia. Recently it was feared that the species had become extinct there, but a few trees were finally found in cultivation.
Lower Orpet Park

139 Eucalyptus stellulata BLACK SALLY
Medium-sized tree 25-50 ft. tall with blue-green leaves lined with faint longitudinal veins.
County Administration Parking Area (near Santa Barbara St. entrance)

140 Eucalyptus torquata CORAL GUM
Ornamental small tree 10-20 ft. tall with coral-red, ribbed buds and pink flowers.
4000 block Via Lucera (north side, 4 or 5 trees)
County Administration Parking Area (south side)

141 Eucalyptus tereticornis FOREST RED GUM
(syn. Eucalyptus umbellata)
Large stately tree 100 ft. tall or more with a smooth trunk marked in irregular swaths of light and dark gray.
East Alameda Plaza

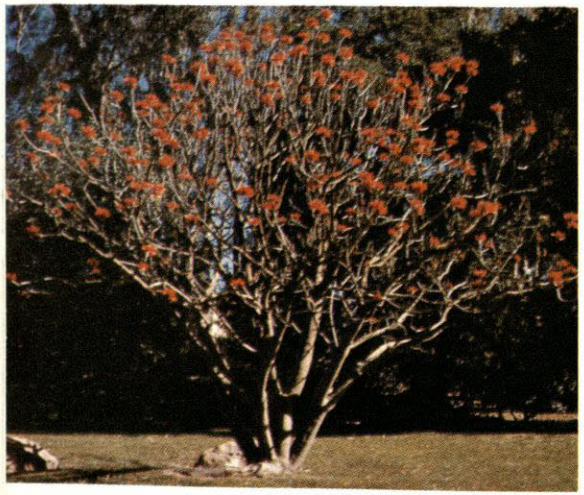
142 Eucalyptus viminalis RIBBON GUM, MANNA GUM
Large spreading tree 100 ft. tall or more with weeping branchlets and rough gray bark shedding to smooth white.
Franceschi Park

31. DURANTA ERECTA
Golden Dewdrop

32. ERYTHRINA CAFFRA
Kaffirboom Coral Tree (March)

37. EUCALYPTUS FORRESTIANA
Forrest's Mallee (June)

38. EUCALYPTUS LEHMANNII
Bushy Yate (April)



33. ERYTHRINA CORALLOIDES
Naked Coral Tree (May)
(Upper Orpet Park)

35. ERYTHRINA HUMEANA
Natal Coral Tree (September)

34. ERYTHRINA CORALLOIDES
Naked Coral Tree (May)

36. FIRMIANA PLATANIFOLIA
Chinese Parasol Tree

39. EUCALYPTUS MACRANDRA
Long-flowered Marlock (May)

41. EUCALYPTUS TORQUATA
Coral Gum (April)

40. EUCALYPTUS SIDEROXYLON 'ROSEA'
Pink Ironbark (May)

42. FICUS MYSORENSIS
var. SUBREPANDA

Other species of Eucalyptus growing here at present are **Eucalyptus crucis, E. diversicolor, E. dundasi, E. dwyerii, E. gunnii, E. kruseana, E. leucoxylon 'rosea', E. leucoxylon macrocarpa 'rosea', E. linearis, E. macrocarpa, E. maculata, E. melliodora, E. mitrata, E. nicholi, E. pauciflora, E. perriniana, E. platypus, E. preissiana, E. pruinosa, E. pulverulenta, E. punctata, E. rhodantha, E. saligna, E. siderophloia, E. simmondsii, E. spathulata** and **E. tetraptera.**

143 Eucommia ulmoides STONE COTTON TREE CHINA
EUCOMMIACEAE, EUCOMMIA FAMILY

The single plant found is a slender deciduous tree, only 12 ft. tall but over 30 years old, containing rubber latex in its juice.
Lower Orpet Park (planted 1933)

144 Eugenia uniflora SURINAM CHERRY BRAZIL
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

Tropical evergreen shrub or small tree with edible, crimson, 8-ribbed fruits which seldom develop here.
Lower Orpet Park (planted 1962)

145 Euphorbia tirucalli MILK BUSH AFRICA
EUPHORBIACEAE, SPURGE FAMILY

Succulent shrub or small tree about 20 ft. tall with pencil-like branchlets and poisonous milky juice which can destroy the eyesight if it enters the eye.
Franceschi Park (recently removed)

FICUS Fig

Evergreen or deciduous trees, shrubs and vines of nearly 2000 species from warm regions of the world. Containing milky juice, they belong to the Mulberry Family, Moraceae.

146 Ficus auriculata ROXBURGH FIG INDIA
(syn. Ficus roxburghii)

Evergreen to semi-deciduous shrub or small tree with large heart-shaped leaves to 16 inches long, and 2 inch figs in clusters low on the trunk and branches.
901 State St. (in front of bank bldg.)
Franceschi Park

147 Ficus benjamina WEEPING FIG INDIA, SW ASIA

Small, rounded evergreen tree 15-25 ft. tall with drooping branches.
Franceschi Park (small tree, planted 1958)

148 Ficus capensis CAPE FIG S. AFRICA

Spreading evergreen tree 30 ft. tall or more with 1 inch figs in clusters on the trunk and branches.
Lower Orpet Park, Franceschi Park

149 Ficus gibbosa HUMPED FIG INDIA, MALAYSIA

Slender evergreen tree about 15 ft. tall with smooth, light gray bark — the only specimen noted.

Franceschi Park

150 Ficus gnaphalocarpa E. AFRICA

The only specimen found is the 15 ft. plant with yellow milky juice in —

Franceschi Park (planted 1959)

151 Ficus lyrata FIDDLELEAF FIG W. AFRICA

(syn. Ficus pandurata)

Evergreen shrub or tree to about 20 ft. tall with large, leathery, fiddle-shaped leaves. Much used as an indoor plant.

Franceschi Park

152 Ficus macrophylla MORETON BAY FIG AUSTRALIA

Massive, spreading evergreen tree 40-60 ft. tall buttressed with large, raised surface roots. The famous landmark tree at Chapala and Montecito Sts. was planted as a seedling in 1877 by 9-year-old Adeline Crabb and her mother, Hannah. Measurements taken in 1960 gave a crown spread of over 145 ft. and a trunk circumference of 30½ ft., ranking it among the largest in this country.

East and West Alameda Plaza, Plaza Del Mar

153 Ficus microcarpa var. nitida INDIAN LAUREL FIG INDIA

(syn. Ficus retusa var. nitida)

Medium-sized evergreen tree 25-40 ft. tall with dense, glossy foliage and a smooth, pale gray trunk. Much used as a street tree in recent years only to suffer disenchantment by the Cuban Laurel Thrip, an insect pest which, as David Fairchild remarked in 1926, "renders the tree quite unsightly."

00-100 block E. Carrillo St. (the first street planting here in 1957 — sponsored by the Garden Club of Santa Barbara)
00-100 block W. Carrillo St. (1962)
00-100 block W. Anapamu St. (1960)
100 S.-800 N. Milpas St. (1961)
3100-3500 blocks State St. (1961-63)
County Court House

The Indian Laurel, **Ficus retusa**, or now properly **Ficus microcarpa**, is very similar but with weeping branchlets and smaller, more rounded leaves.

154 Ficus mysorensis var. pubescens MYSORE FIG INDIA, BURMA

Medium-sized evergreen tree about 25 ft. tall bearing orange-red, 1 inch figs.

Lower Orpet Park

155 Ficus mysorensis var. subrepanda INDIA

Medium-sized evergreen tree 30-40 ft. tall with oval 1½ inch figs, changing from orange to purple-black in color.

Upper Orpet Park

43. DRACAENA DRACO
Dragon Tree (Arrellaga St.)

44. ERYTHEA ARMATA
Big Blue Hesper Palm (September)

45. EUCALYPTUS FICIFOLIA
Red Flowering Gum (July)

46. GEIJERA PARVIFLORA
Australian Willow (Alegria Road)

156 Ficus palmata ETHIOPIA, INDIA

Semi-deciduous shrub or multiple-stemmed tree to 25 ft. tall, spreading more. The only plant found is in —

Lower Orpet Park

157 Ficus pseudo-carica ETHIOPIA

Briefly deciduous small tree 25 ft. tall with oblong, black, 1¼ inch figs. The single tree noted was planted by Dr. Franceschi in 1902 as the best species for the tiny pollenizing wasps.

Franceschi Park

158 Ficus rubiginosa RUSTYLEAF FIG AUSTRALIA

Medium to large spreading evergreen tree 30-50 ft. tall with dark green, leathery leaves rusty haired beneath.

Upper and Lower Orpet Park, West Alameda Plaza, Plaza Del Mar

Ficus rubiginosa var. australis - a form with smaller, smooth leaves.

158-A Ficus rubiginosa var. pubescens - a form with dense, velvety hair on the twigs and leaves.

Upper Orpet Park.

159 Ficus rumphii INDIA, MALAYSIA

Medium-sized evergreen tree with 6 inch heart-shaped leaves ending in a slender tail. The only specimen noted, about 25 ft. tall, is in —

Franceschi Park (planted 1959)

160 Ficus thonningii AFRICA

Erect, semi-deciduous tree 40 ft. tall or more with dark green leaves.

Lower Orpet Park (two trees)

161 Ficus vogelii TROPICAL AFRICA

Evergreen tree 30-40 ft. tall with an open crown of large, oval leaves.

Upper and Lower Orpet Park

162 Ficus watkinsiana WATKINS FIG AUSTRALIA

Large spreading evergreen tree 40 ft. tall or more, similar in form to Ficus macrophylla, with large buttressing roots.

Franceschi Park

Other species presently growing here are **Ficus bengalensis** (young plant), **F. carica, F. elastica, F. henneana** (young plant), **F. natalensis** (young plant), **F. obliqua, F. petiolaris, F. religiosa,** and **F. virens.**

163 Firmiana platanifolia CHINESE PARASOL TREE CHINA, JAPAN

(syn. Firmiana simplex) STERCULIACEAE, STERCULIA FAMILY

Medium-sized deciduous tree to about 35 ft. tall with large, heart-shaped leaves and smooth light bark.

600-700 San Pasqual St. (a few trees)
Opposite 221 Quinto St. (single tree)
Franceschi Park

FRAXINUS Ash

Deciduous trees with compound leaves and clusters of papery, winged fruits called samaras. They belong to the Olive Family, Oleaceae.

164 Fraxinus malacophylla septentrionalis CHINA

Medium-sized rounded tree to about 30 ft. tall with glossy dark green leaves and clusters of small white flowers in summer. Under this name seeds were obtained by Peter Riedel, who first planted the species as street trees in 1948.

1900-2300 blocks Castillo St.
Amapola Dr. (intermittent)
Franceschi Park

165 Fraxinus ornus MANNA ASH EUROPE, W. ASIA

Spreading tree with small, white, fragrant flowers. The one noted is about 12 ft. tall.

Lower Orpet Park

166 Fraxinus uhdei SHAMEL ASH MEXICO

Large, fast growing to 70 ft. tall or more with large leaflets and ascending branches.

2400 block Castillo St.
Franceschi Park (the two largest specimens seen, planted about 1948)

167 Fraxinus velutina ARIZONA ASH SW UNITED STATES

Medium-sized tree to about 40 ft. tall with light green foliage.

3300 block Calle Fresno

168 Garrya laurifolia MEXICO
GARRYACEAE, SILK-TASSEL FAMILY

Shrubby evergreen tree to about 25 ft. tall with 4 inch tassels of small, greenish flowers.

Franceschi Park

169 Geijera parviflora WILGA, AUSTRALIAN WILLOW AUSTRALIA
RUTACEAE, CITRUS FAMILY

Small, drought-resistant evergreen tree 20-25 ft. tall with a dense rounded crown of narrow, shiny, pendent leaves. First planted here on Alegria Road in 1958.

505 Alegria Rd.
1900 block Mountain Ave. (planted 1959)
Franceschi Park

170 Ginkgo biloba MAIDENHAIR TREE CHINA
GINKGOACEAE, GINKGO FAMILY

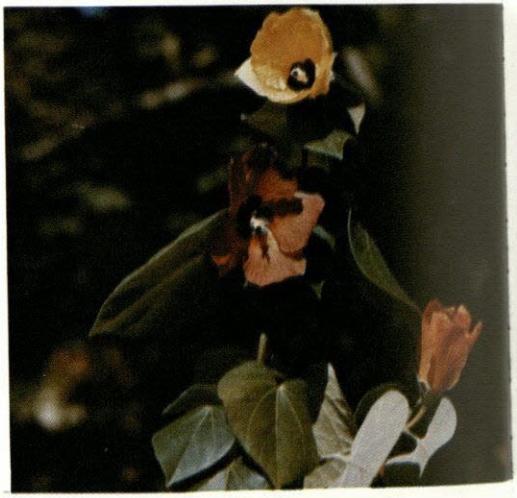
Slow growing, hardy deciduous tree 30-60 ft. tall or more with leathery, fan-shaped leaves suggesting the small leaflets of Maidenhair Fern.

Lower Orpet Park (tree about 20 yrs. old)
West Alameda Plaza (small tree)

47. GREVILLEA ROBUSTA
Silk Oak (May)

48. HARPULLIA ARBOREA

49. HIBISCUS ELATUS
Mountain Mahoe (April)



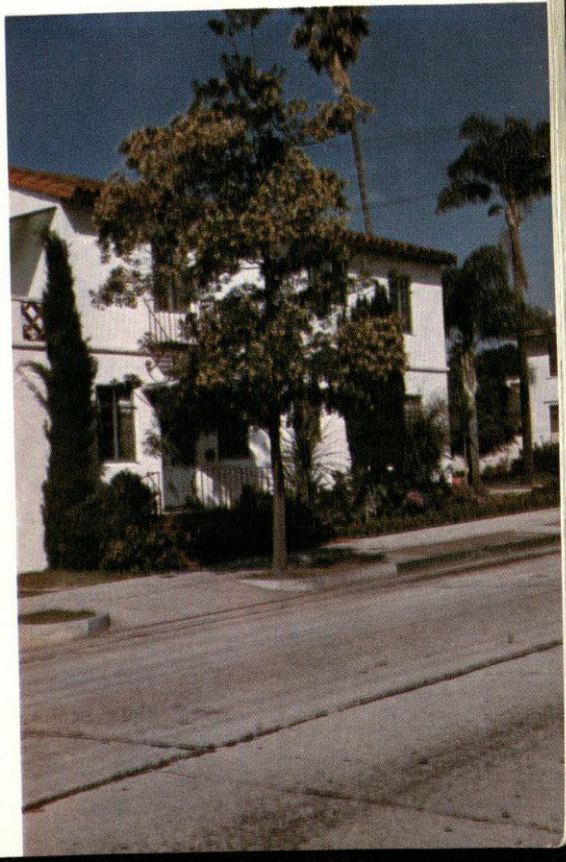
50. HIBISCUS TILEACEUS
(May)

51. INGA AFFINIS
(May)

52. LAGUNARIA PATERSONII
Cowitch Tree (August)

53. CEDRUS DEODARA
Deodar Cedar (Canon Drive)

54. HYMENOSPORUM FLAVUM
Sweetshade (June) Garden St.



171 Gleditsia triacanthos HONEY LOCUST UNITED STATES
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY

Spreading deciduous tree 30-50 ft. tall with sharp 1½ inch spines.
2513 De la Vina St.

172 Gleditsia triacanthos 'Sunburst' SUNBURST HONEY LOCUST HORTICULTURAL
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY

Slow growing, small deciduous tree with golden yellow new growth in spring like colorful bloom. In 1956, Mr. Cole gave the City Park Dept. a few bare root plants originating from his Ohio nursery, and in 1957, the first tree was planted at —
Chapala and Islay Sts. (NW corner)
Earl Warren Showgrounds (several small trees, planted years later)

173 Glochidion ferdinandii CHEESE TREE AUSTRALIA
(syn. Phyllanthus ferdinandii) EUPHORBIACEAE, SPURGE FAMILY

Medium-sized evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall with circular grooved fruits resembling miniature Dutch cheeses.
Franceschi Park, Upper Orpet Park

174 Grevilla robusta SILK OAK AUSTRALIA
PROTEACEAE, PROTEA FAMILY

Ornamental evergreen tree 50-75 ft. tall or more with fern-like foliage and comb-like clusters of small orange flowers in spring. Already much planted here in 1895. (F)
1200 block Anacapa St. (east side at Valerio St.)
1400 block Garden St. (west side)

The oddly formed Arlington Silk Oak or Lyre Tree is still to be found at 1309 State St. Other trees and shrubs seen of this interesting genus are — **Grevillea banksii, G. bipinnata, G. hilliana, G. obtusifolia, G. paniculata, G. rosmarinifolia,** and several hybrids.

HAKEA

Tough, drought tolerant evergreen shrubs or small trees bearing woody, beaked, seed capsules. Native to Australia, they belong to the Protea Family, Proteaceae.

175 Hakea arborescens

A single small tree, about 15 ft. tall with silver-gray needle-like leaves, is the only one known.
Lower Orpet Park (planted 1963)

176 Hakea laurina SEA URCHIN OR PINCUSHION TREE

Shrub or small tree 10-20 ft. tall with many small crimson flowers forming ornamental, 1½-2 inch globular heads from which project the many yellow styles, or "pins."
Franceschi Park

176-A Hakea saligna FOLEY WOOD

Bushy shrub or small tree to 15 ft. tall with rough dark bark and willow-like leaves 3-6 inches long.
Upper Orpet Park

177 Hakea suaveolens NEEDLE BUSH, SWEET HAKEA

Dense shrub or small tree to 20 ft. tall armed with needle-like foliage ending in stiff, sharp points. This species, together with Hakea laurina, was in Santa Barbara long before 1900 (F).

2100 Bath St. (single tree on west side at Garfield School)

Other species of Hakea noted at this time are — **Hakea bucculenta, H. cristata, H. elliptica, H. multilineata, H. petiolaris,** and **H. prostrata.**

178 Harpephyllum caffrum KAFIR PLUM S. AFRICA

ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

Dense, rounded evergreen tree to about 30 ft. tall with shiny, dark green foliage and oval, 1 inch, dark red fruits in summer. The pulp is edible but sparse.

Calle Rinconada
300 block E. Padre St.
2200-2300 blocks Garden St. (west side)
Franceschi Park (single specimen)

179 Harpullia arborea INDIA, MALAYA, PHILIPPINES

SAPINDACEAE, SOAPBERRY FAMILY

Small evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall with leathery, orange, 1½ inch long capsules containing a few round black seeds.

Franceschi Park (planted 1960)

180 Heteromorpha trifoliata SW AFRICA

(syn. Heteromorpha arborescens) UMBELLIFERAE, PARSLEY FAMILY

Small evergreen tree with curling, papery bark. The only two trees known are in —

Franceschi Park (planted 1960)

181 Hibiscus elatus CUBAN BAST, MOUNTAIN MAHOE W. INDIES

BOMBACACEAE, BOMBAX FAMILY

Erect evergreen tree 30-40 ft. tall with large, drooping, heart-shaped leaves and burnt orange flowers about 3 inches across.

Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park, County Court House

182 Hibiscus rosa-sinensis CHINESE HIBISCUS CHINA

BOMBACACEAE, BOMBAX FAMILY

Evergreen shrub or small trained tree 10-15 ft. tall with large showy flowers comprising a wide range of colors.

100 block S. Salinas St.
00-100 block E. Figueroa St. — the cultivar 'Agnes Gault' (planted 1965)
Shrubs in Franceschi Park

183 Hibiscus tileaceus TROPICAL REGIONS

BOMBACACEAE, BOMBAX FAMILY

Woody, spreading evergreen shrub or small trained tree to about 20 ft. tall with yellow flowers turning to brick red within the day's span.

Lower Orpet Park, Franceschi Park

55. JACARANDA ACUTIFOLIA
Jacaranda

56. KOELREUTERIA BIPINNATA
Chinese Lantern Tree (Gillespie St.)

184 Howeia belmoreana SENTRY PALM LORD HOWE IS., AUSTRALIA
(syn. Kentia belmoreana) PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY
Small feather palm 10-20 ft. tall with a slender clean trunk and strongly arched leaves.
East Alameda Plaza, Lower Orpet Park

185 Howeia fosteriana PARADISE PALM LORD HOWE IS., AUSTRALIA
(syn. Kentia fosteriana) PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY
Medium-sized feather palm 20-40 ft. tall with dark green leaves and a trunk closely ringed by leaf scars.
East Alameda Plaza, County Court House

186 Hymenosporum flavum SWEETSHADE AUSTRALIA
PITTOSPORACEAE, PITTOSPORUM FAMILY
Slender, symmetrical evergreen tree 30-40 ft. tall or more with fragrant, tubular, rich-yellow flowers appearing spring into summer.
1200-1900 blocks Garden St. (intermittent)

187 Idesia polycarpa CHINA, JAPAN
FLACOURTIACEAE, FLACOURTIA FAMILY
Deciduous tree with large heart-shaped leaves, represented by a small specimen about 15 ft. tall in —
Franceschi Park (planted 1961)

ILEX Holly

Evergreen or deciduous trees and shrubs with berry-like fruits, belonging to the Holly Family, Aquifoliaceae.

188 Ilex aquifolium ENGLISH HOLLY EUROPE, ASIA
Compact, small evergreen tree to 20 ft. tall or more with stiff, spiny, dark green leaves and red berries only on the female plants.
West Alameda Plaza (two small trees, one of each sex)

189 Ilex integra JAPAN
Small, bushy evergreen tree about 20 ft. tall, of which the only two found are in —
Lower Orpet Park

190 Ilex latifolia JAPAN
Small to medium-sized evergreen tree with leathery, oblong, 3-6 inch leaves. Again the only two specimens found are in —
Lower Orpet Park

191 Ilex vomitoria YAUPON SE UNITED STATES
Evergreen shrub or small tree 20-30 ft. tall with light green foliage. The single specimen found is in —
East Alameda Plaza

192 Inga affinis — Tropical America
Mimosaceae, Mimosa Family

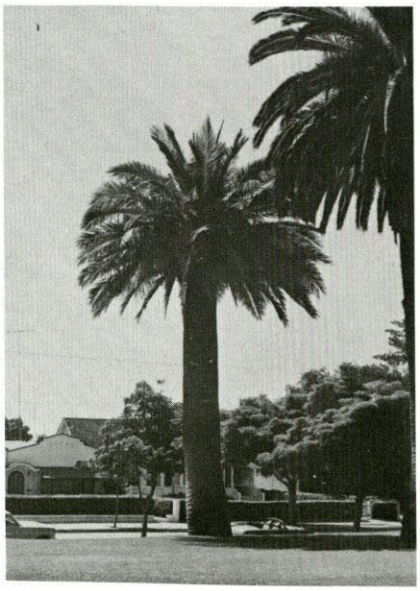
Medium-sized, spreading evergreen tree to about 40 ft. tall with small flowers showing wispy white stamens and large, flat, velvety-green seed pods 1 ft. long or more. A rare species here, introduced by Dr. Franceschi in 1900.
1510, 1624 Garden St.
Franceschi Park (original specimen)

193 Jacaranda acutifolia — Jacaranda — Brazil
(syn. Jacaranda mimosifolia)
Bignoniaceae, Bignonia Family

Ornamental deciduous tree 30-45 ft. tall with finely cut, fern-like foliage and blue trumpet flowers late spring and summer. One of our best known and most colorful flowering trees.
500-900 blocks W. Mission St.
300-1100 blocks E. Montecito St.
200-300 blocks E. Carrillo St.
Chuparosa Dr., Serena Rd.

194 Jubaea chilensis — Chilean Wine Palm — Chile
(syn. Jubaea spectabilis)
Palmaceae, Palm Family

Thick-trunked feather palm 30-50 ft. tall bearing yellow, rounded 1½ inch fruits whose edible seed resembles a miniature coconut. Two good specimens were growing on the Kinton Stevens property in Montecito by 1895 (F).
East and West Alameda Plaza, Mission Park



JUBAEA CHILENSIS
Chilean Wine Palm — East Alameda Plaza

PHOENIX ROEBELINI
Pygmy Date Palm

195 Juniperus chinensis 'torulosa' HOLLYWOOD JUNIPER, TWISTED CHINESE JUNIPER (HORTICULTURAL VARIETY)
CUPRESSACEAE, CYPRESS FAMILY

Irregular, columnar, evergreen conifer 10-20 ft. tall with dense rich green foliage and ascending, twisting branches.

County Court House and Administration Area

196 Kageneckia oblonga CHILE
ROSACEAE, ROSE FAMILY

Sparsely foliaged evergreen tree about 25 ft. tall, the only specimen found.
Lower Orpet Park

197 Kigelia pinnata SAUSAGE TREE S. AFRICA
BIGNONIACEAE, BIGNONIA FAMILY

Tropical deciduous tree which apparently does not grow well enough here to produce its curious, woody, cylindrical fruits.

Franceschi Park (small tree, planted 1958)

198 Koelreuteria bipinnata CHINESE LANTERN TREE CHINA
SAPINDACEAE, SOAPBERRY FAMILY

Spreading deciduous tree 30-40 ft. tall with terminal sprays of small yellow flowers and pink to red papery capsules. Listed as a new introduction in Franceschi's catalogue of 1905.

1200-1900 blocks Gillespie St. (alternated with Brachychiton discolor)
Kimberly Ave.
Franceschi Park (including the original tree)

199 Koelreuteria paniculata GOLDENRAIN TREE CHINA, KOREA, JAPAN
SAPINDACEAE, SOAPBERRY FAMILY

Slender deciduous tree 20-30 ft. tall with clusters of small yellow flowers in summer and reddish brown, puffy 1 inch capsules.

1300-1400 blocks Mountain Ave. (east side, 3 trees)
1300-1600 blocks Castillo St. (a few trees, scattered)
Lower Orpet Park

200 Lagerstroemia indica CREPE MYRTLE CHINA
LYTHRACEAE, LOOSESTRIFE FAMILY

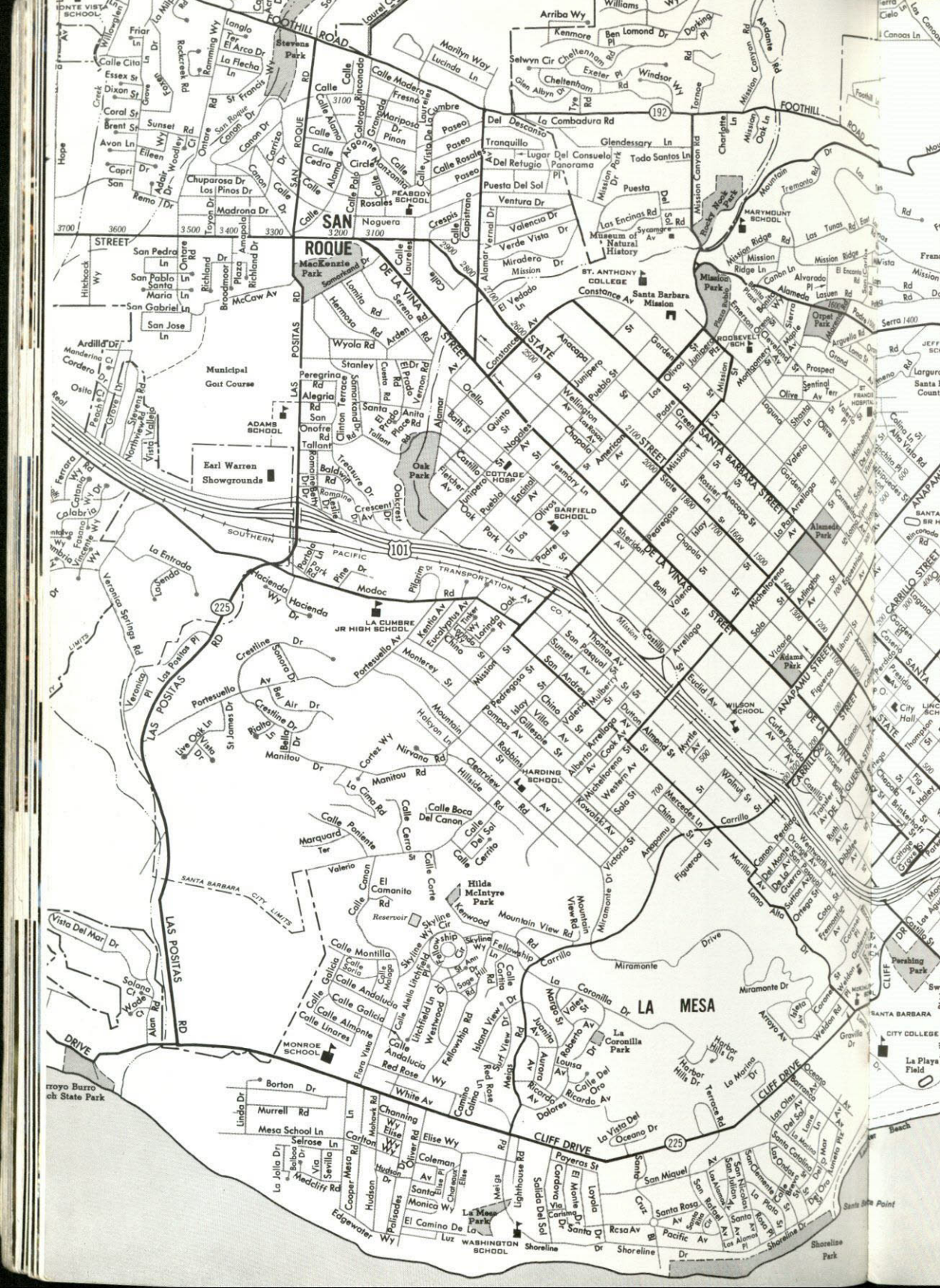
Ornamental deciduous small tree 15-30 ft. tall with smooth, varicolored bark and pink-lavender, or white to red, crinkled flowers.

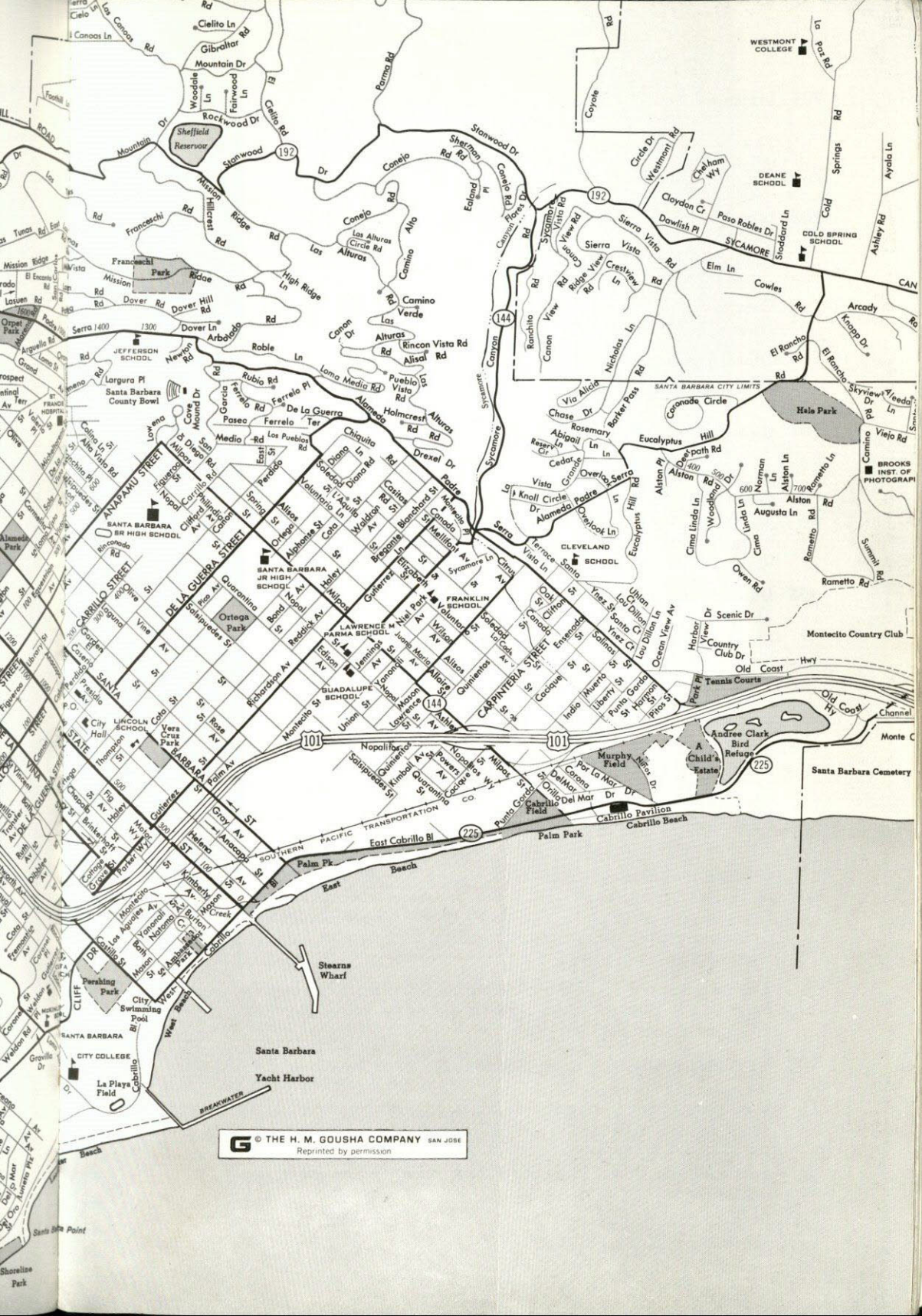
County Administration Parking lot (near Santa Barbara St.)

201 Lagunaria patersonii PRIMROSE, COWITCH, OR PYRAMID TREE AUSTRALIA
BOMBACACEAE, BOMBAX FAMILY

Medium-sized evergreen tree 25-40 ft. tall or more with pink, 2 inch, hibiscus-like flowers and green oval seed capsules containing sharp hairs which irritate the skin on contact. Not infrequent here in 1895 (F).

400 block Corona Del Mar (intermittent)
1229 Santa Barbara St. (large specimen)


FOOTHILL ROAD
Stevens Park
SAN ROQUE ROAD
PEABODY SCHOOL
STATE STREET
ROOSEVELT SCH
MARYMOUNT SCHOOL
ST. ANTHONY COLLEGE
Santa Barbara Mission
Mission Park
Municipal Golf Course
ADAMS SCHOOL
Earl Warren Showgrounds
Oak Park
COTTAGE HOSP
GARFIELD SCHOOL
SOUTHERN PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO
101
LA CUMBRE JR HIGH SCHOOL
LAS POSITAS RD
SANTA BARBARA STREET
DE LA VINA STREET
ANAPAMU STREET
CARRILLO STREET
WILSON SCHOOL
HARDING SCHOOL
Hilda McIntyre Park
Reservoir
SANTA BARBARA CITY LIMITS
LA MESA
La Coronilla Park
MONROE SCHOOL
WASHINGTON SCHOOL
La Mesa Park
CLIFF DRIVE
Pershing Park
CITY COLLEGE
La Playa Field
Santa Rita Point
Shoreline Park
Arroyo Burro Beach State Park


WESTMONT COLLEGE
DEANE SCHOOL
COLD SPRING SCHOOL
SYCAMORE
SANTA BARBARA CITY LIMITS
Hale Park
BROOKS INST. OF PHOTOGRAPH
CLEVELAND SCHOOL
JEFFERSON SCHOOL
Santa Barbara County Bowl
SANTA BARBARA JR HIGH SCHOOL
SANTA BARBARA SR HIGH SCHOOL
FRANKLIN SCHOOL
LAWRENCE M PARMA SCHOOL
GUADALUPE SCHOOL
Ortega Park
City Hall
LINCOLN SCHOOL
Vera Cruz Park
Pershing Park
City Swimming Pool
CITY COLLEGE
La Playa Field
Stearns Wharf
Santa Barbara Yacht Harbor
BREAKWATER
Cabrillo Field
Cabrillo Pavilion
Cabrillo Beach
Palm Park
Andree Clark Bird Refuge
A Child's Estate
Murphy Field
Montecito Country Club
Tennis Courts
Santa Barbara Cemetery
SOUTHERN PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.
Sheffield Reservoir
Mountain Dr
Gibraltar Rd
Cielito Ln
Rockwood Dr
Stanwood Dr
Sheffield Rd
Canyon Rd
Sycamore Canyon
Sycamore Flores Dr
Sycamore Creek
Mission Ridge Rd
Franceschi Park
Dover Rd
Dover Hill Rd
High Ridge Ln
Las Alturas Rd
Rincon Vista Rd
Alisal Rd
Loma Media Rd
Pueblo Vista Rd
Arbolado Rd
Roble Ln
Newton Rd
Rubio Rd
Ferrelo Rd
De La Guerra Rd
Alameda Padre Serra
Holmcrest Alturas Rd
Drexel Dr
Cove Mound Dr
Largura Pl
Paseo Ferrelo Ter
Media Rd
Los Pueblos Rd
Chiquita Ln
Soledad Diana Rd
Casitas Pass Rd
Blanchard St
Mariposa
Canada
Mariposa Ln
Sycamore Ln
Citrus Av
Terrace Vista Ln
Santa Barbara St
Padre St
Serra Vista Ln
Knoll Circle Dr
Overlook Ln
Hill Rd
Eucalyptus Hill Rd
Alston Pl
Alston Rd
Deer path Rd
Woodland Dr
Cima Linda Ln
Linda Ln
Cima
Norman Ln
Alston Ln
Romneto Ln
Romneto Rd
Augusta Ln
Owen Rd
Rametto Rd
Summit Rd
Viejo Rd
Skyview Dr
Veeda Ln
Knapp Dr
El Rancho Rd
Arcady Rd
Cowles Rd
Elm Ln
Sierra Vista Rd
Crestview Ln
Ridge View Rd
Canon View Rd
Ranchito Rd
Nicholas Ln
Barker Pass Rd
Via Alicia
Coronado Circle
Chase Dr
Abigail Ln
Rosemary Ln
Reservoir Cir
Cedar Grande
Overlook
Vista
Alameda Padre
Eucalyptus Hill
Ocean View Av
Harbor View
Country Club Dr
Scenic Dr
Old Coast Hwy
Channel
Monte C
Cabrillo Blvd
East Cabrillo Blvd
Palm Park
East Beach
West Beach
Mason St
Yanonali St
Natoma
Burton Mound
Los Aguajes Av
Montecito St
Kimberly Av
Horse Creek
Cabrillo
Cabrillo Blvd
Gray Av
Anacapa St
Helena Av
Motor Way
Hexley St
Fig Av
Chapala St
Bath St
Garden St
Castillo St
Cliff Dr
Milpas St
Nopal St
Bond Av
Reddick Av
Hexley St
Gutierrez St
Haley St
Ortega St
Alphonse St
Cota St
Waldron Av
Bregante Ln
Voluntario St
Laguna St
Vine St
Garden St
Presidio Av
Chapala St
Santa Barbara St
Anapamu Street
Carrillo Street
De La Guerra Street
Cabrillo Blvd
Quarantina St
Salsipuedes St
Nopal St
Milpas St
Jimeno Rd
Las Canoas Rd
Cielito Rd
Mountain Dr
Woodale Ln
Fairwood Ln
Rockwood Dr
Stanwood Dr
Conejo Rd
Conejo Alto
Camino Verde
Las Alturas
Canon Dr
Mission Hillcrest Ridge Rd
Franceschi Rd
Dover Ln
Serra
Largura Pl
Cove Mound Dr
Garcia Rd
Ferrelo Pl
Paseo Ferrelo
Media Rd
Los Pueblos Rd
Chiquita Ln
Soledad Diana Rd
Casitas Pass Rd
Blanchard St
Mariposa
Canada

202 Leptospermum ericoides AUSTRALIA
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

The single specimen noted under this name is evergreen to about 40 ft. tall, with fine needle-like foliage.
Lower Orpet Park

203 Leptospermum laevigatum AUSTRALIAN TEA TREE AUSTRALIA
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

Evergreen shrub or low spreading tree 10-20 ft. tall with a shaggy, twisting trunk and white, 5 petaled flowers ½-¾ inch across in spring.
Cabrillo Blvd. (northside planting, east of Santa Barbara St.)
Franceschi Park

Other species of Leptospermum observed at this time are — **Leptospermum citratum, L. grandiflorum, L. lanigerum, L. rotundifolium,** and **L. scoparium cultivars.**

204 Ligustrum lucidum GLOSSY PRIVET CHINA, KOREA, JAPAN
OLEACEAE, OLIVE FAMILY

Large evergreen shrub or bushy tree 30-40 ft. tall with glossy, dark green, ovate leaves.
Anzio Dr. (planted 1961)
Brenner Dr. (planted 1961)
Plaza Del Mar, MacKenzie Park (single specimens)

205 Liquidambar orientalis ASIA MINOR
HAMAMELIDACEAE, WITCH-HAZEL FAMILY

Medium-sized deciduous tree 30 ft. tall or more with lobed, maple-like leaves. The only location known is the first planting here in 1960 on —
Avon Lane (west of Grove Lane)

206 Liquidambar styraciflua SWEET GUM UNITED STATES
HAMAMELIDACEAE, WITCH-HAZEL FAMILY

Erect, medium to large deciduous tree 50-75 ft. tall or more with strong-lobed leaves turning yellow to flame-red in late fall.
300 block Nopal St.
1100 block Quinientos St.
Los Alamos St.

207 Lithraea molleoides BRAZIL, ARGENTINA
ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

Spreading evergreen shrub or small bushy tree to about 15 ft. tall with compound leaves of 3-5 narrow leaflets.
Franceschi Park (several plants)

The only known specimen of **Lithraea caustica**, with toxicity similar to Poison Oak, died and was removed from its prominent street location at Upper Orpet Park in 1970.

208 Livestona australis AUSTRALIAN FAN PALM AUSTRALIA
PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY

Well proportioned fan palm 40-50 ft. tall with a clean, dark gray trunk about 10 inches thick encircled at intervals with raised rings. Dr. Franceschi found it extensively planted here by 1895.
East Alameda Plaza, Franceschi Park, County Court House

LIVESTONA AUSTRALIS — County Court House
Phoenix reclinata in left background — Yucca aloifolia on right

209 Lyonothamnus floribundus var. asplenifolius
SANTA CRUZ IRONWOOD — S. CALIFORNIA ISLANDS
ROSACEAE, ROSE FAMILY

Medium-sized evergreen tree 30-60 ft. tall with a handsome gray trunk ribboned by thin strips of deciduous, rusty-red bark and leathery, fern-like leaves. Introduced into cultivation by Dr. Franceschi, who first grew it from a burl he procured from Santa Cruz Island. It is the official tree of Santa Barbara County.

Lighthouse Rd. (intermittent)
Lower Orpet Park (two trees)

210 Macadamia ternifolia — QUEENSLAND NUT — AUSTRALIA
PROTEACEAE, PROTEA FAMILY

Medium-sized, low branching evergreen tree 20-40 ft. tall with pendent spikes of white flowers and extremely hard-shelled, edible nuts. Growing here by 1890 (F).

900 block W. Islay St. (scattered)
1800 block Robbins St. (a few trees)
West Alameda Plaza

211 Maclura pomifera — OSAGE ORANGE — SW UNITED STATES
MORACEAE, MULBERRY FAMILY

Spreading, irregularly branched deciduous tree 20-40 ft. tall with milky juice and stout spines. Female trees bear wrinkled yellow-green fruits about the size of an orange.

Franceschi Park

212 Maesa indica India

Myrsinaceae, Myrsine Family

Small, semi-deciduous tree 15-30 ft. tall with inconspicuous white flowers in spring. The only plant found is in —

Franceschi Park (planted 1910)

213 Magnolia grandiflora

Southern Magnolia, Bull Bay SE United States

Magnoliaceae, Magnolia Family

Elegant medium to large evergreen tree 25-50 ft. tall or more with glossy, dark green, leathery leaves and large, fragrant white flowers 6 inches or more across in spring and summer. Fine specimens were seen here by 1895 (F). The trees along San Andres St. were planted by E. O. Orpet in the late 1920s.

900-1900 blocks San Andres St. (between Carrillo and Mission Sts.)
800 block E. Mason St.
East and West Alameda Plaza (fine specimens)

214 Magnolia soulangeana Saucer Magnolia Horticulture hybrid

Magnoliaceae, Magnolia Family

Deciduous shrubby tree 10-15 ft. tall with a striking display of large, cup-shaped, white and rose-purple flowers winter to early spring.

County Court House (several plants)

215 Manihot carthaginensis Texas to Venezuela

Euphorbiaceae, Spurge Family

Small, slender deciduous tree 10-15 ft. tall with long-stalked leaves divided into several 3-5 inch oblong segments.

Franceschi Park

216 Markhamia hildebrandtii Kenya, Africa

Bignoniaceae, Bignonia Family

Medium-sized evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall with bright yellow, 2 inch trumpet-shaped flowers in summer. About 100 street trees were planted in the early 1940s by Peter Riedel. The only ones known to remain are the two given here.

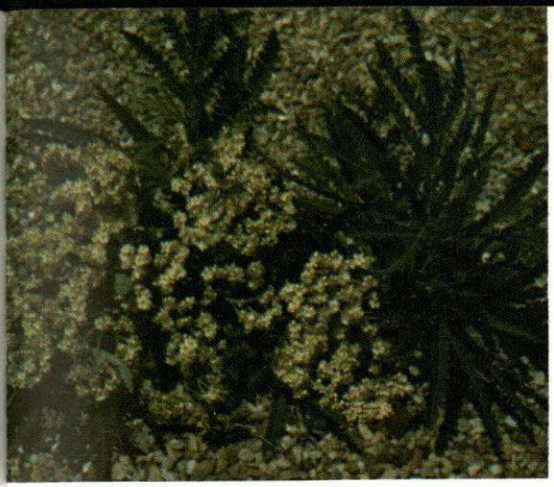
932 N. Milpas St.
300 block W. Pedregosa St. (north side near Castillo St.)

217 Maytenus boaria Mayten Tree Chile

Celastraceae, Staff-Tree Family

Graceful, fine-foliaged tree to about 30 ft. tall with pendulous branchlets. Here since 1900 (R).

Franceschi Park, City Police Bldg., 215 E. Figueroa St. (planted 1960)
County Court House (small tree)



57. LYONOTHAMNUS FLORIBUNDUS
var. ASPLENIFOLIUS
Santa Cruz Ironwood (June)

58. MARKHAMIA HILDEBRANDTII
(July)

59. METROSIDEROS EXCELSA
New Zealand Christmas Tree (June)

60. MYRRHINIUM SALICINUM
(April)

61. PITHECELLOBIUM PRUINOSUM
Snow Wood (June)

62. PITTOSPORUM RHOMBIFOLIUM
Diamond-leaf Pittosporum

MELALEUCA

Bottlebrush plants with multi-stamen flowers and persistent woody seed-capsules much like Callistemon. About 140 species of these evergreen trees and shrubs are native to Australia, and belong to the Myrtle Family, Myrtaceae.

218 Melaleuca armillaris DROOPING MELALEUCA

Large spreading shrub or tree to 30 ft. tall with soft needle-like leaves to 1 inch long and slightly hooked at the tip.

Upper Orpet Park (large specimen)
E. Cabrillo Blvd. (at Bird Refuge)

219 Melaleuca genistifolia SNOWY FLEECE TREE

Medium-large tree 40-60 ft. tall with gray fissured bark and small, narrow, sharp-pointed leaves. First grown by the Southern California Acclimatizing Association in 1908 (R).

Betty Dr.
100 E. - 200 W. blocks Junipero St.
200-500 blocks E. Canon Perdido St. (intermixed with Melaleuca styphelioides)
East Alameda Plaza, Upper and Lower Orpet Park, Franceschi Park

220 Melaleuca leucadendra CAJEPUT TREE

Medium-sized, oval-crowned tree to about 40 ft. tall with peeling, white, spongy bark and dull green elliptic leaves with 3-7 longitudinal veins.

2700 Vernon Rd., Terrace Rd.
Cordova Dr., Loyola Dr.
500 block Castillo St. (east side) 300 block S. Milpas St.
Lower Orpet Park

221 Melaleuca linariifolia FLAX-LEAF PAPERBARK

Rounded, densely foliaged tree to about 30 ft. tall with white spongy bark and short, thick brushes of cream-white flowers in summer.

Municipal Golf Course (several young trees, including a grove of six at No. 12 green. Planted about 1966.)

222 Melaleuca nesophila PINK MELALEUCA

Large spreading shrub or small bushy tree to about 20 ft. tall with white spongy bark and pompon heads of lavender-pink flowers spring to fall.

Lower Orpet Park, E. Cabrillo Blvd. (along Bird Refuge)

223 Melaleuca styphelioides PRICKLY-LEAVED PAPERBARK

Erect, densely foliaged tree 35-50 ft. tall with white spongy bark and narrow, partly twisted leaves tapering to a prickly point.

300-400 blocks Quarantina St.
200-500 blocks E. Canon Perdido St. (with Melaleuca genistifolia)
1000 block Carpinteria St.

Other species of Melaleuca noted at this time are **Melaleuca elliptica, M. fulgens, M. huegelii, M. hypericifolia, M. incana, M. lateritia, M. megacephala, M. radula, M. scabra, M. steedmanii, M. thymifolia**, and **M. tricophylla. Melaleuca ericifolia** is possibly still here, though the three trees located in Plaza Del Mar were removed in 1971.

224 Melia azedarach CHINABERRY IRAN, INDIA, CHINA
MELIACEAE, MAHOGANY FAMILY

Open-headed deciduous tree 40 ft. tall or more with clusters of small, fragrant, purple flowers in spring and yellow, berry-like fruits.

1785 Grand Ave. (Recently removed)

225 Meryta sinclairii PUKA NEW ZEALAND
ARALIACEAE, GINSENG FAMILY

Small evergreen tree 10-20 ft. tall with large, leathery, oval leaves to 1 ft. long.

Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park, County Court House

226 Metasequoia glyptostroboides DAWN REDWOOD CHINA
TAXODIACEAE, TAXODIUM FAMILY

Deciduous cone-bearing tree living over 100 million years ago and believed extinct as recently as 1945, when a few trees were discovered growing in a remote valley of central China. It was then introduced into cultivation and today there are some specimens in Santa Barbara nearly 50 ft. tall.

Lower Orpet Park (small tree)

227 Metrosideros excelsa NEW ZEALAND CHRISTMAS TREE NEW ZEALAND
(syn. Metrosideros tomentosa) MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

Medium-sized bushy evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall or more with white woolly hair on the leafstalks, leaf undersides, and branchlets. Clusters of crimson flowers, similar to eucalyptus, appear by early summer. There was a 40 ft. specimen here by 1895 (R).

800 block W. Victoria St. (north side)

100 block S. Salinas St. 00-100 W. Figueroa St.
Santa Rita Circle
Plaza Del Mar, Franceschi Park, Upper and Lower Orpet Park

227-A Shrubs of the yellow flowered form, **Metrosideros excelsa 'aurea'** are in Franceschi Park and Lower Orpet Park, planted 1961.

228 Metrosideros robusta NORTH ISLAND RATA NEW ZEALAND
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

Small to medium-sized evergreen tree 25-35 ft. tall with showy clusters of scarlet flowers in spring. The two trees known were planted about 1905 (R).

East Alameda Plaza (single tree)

229 Morus alba WHITE MULBERRY CHINA
MORACEAE, MULBERRY FAMILY

Spreading deciduous tree to about 40 ft. tall with thin, heart-shaped leaves and purple, juicy fruits resembling blackberries.

W. Canon Perdido and Chapala Sts. (City Parking Lot)

230 Myoporum laetum NEW ZEALAND
MYOPORACEAE, MYOPORUM FAMILY

Large evergreen shrub or small tree to about 30 ft. tall with somewhat fleshy leaves that clearly show, when held to the light, many translucent, dot-like glands.

E. Cabrillo Blvd. (predominant as a screening shrub)

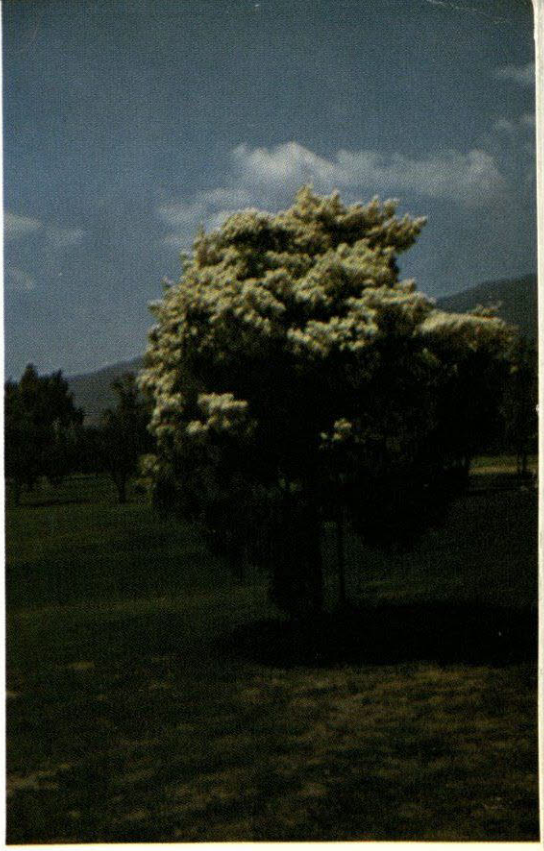
63. MELALEUCA GENISTIFOLIA
Snowy Fleece Tree (June)
West Junipero St.

64. PRUNUS CAMPANULATA
Taiwan Flowering Cherry (March)

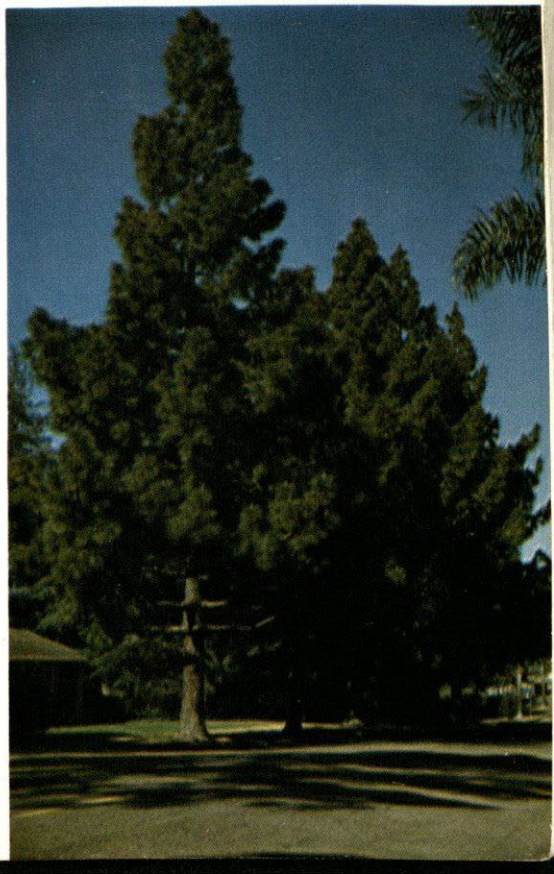
65.
Fla

66.
Canary Islan

MELALEUCA LINARIIFOLIA
laxleaf Paperbark (June)



PINUS CANARIENSIS
and Pine (Samarkand Drive)



231 Myoporum sandwicense — Hawaiian Islands
Myoporaceae, Myoporum Family

A single, small evergreen tree about 10 ft. tall is the only specimen that has been found.

Franceschi Park

232 Myrrhinium salicinum — Uruguay
Myrtaceae, Myrtle Family

Evergreen shrub or small bushy tree 15-20 ft. tall whose small flowers have prominent maroon stamens and fleshy gray petals resembling swollen wood ticks.

Lower Orpet Park (3 plants)

233 Neopanax arboreum — New Zealand
(syn. Nothopanax arboreum) — Araliaceae, Ginseng Family

Small evergreen tree 10-20 ft. tall with fan-like leaves of several 5-8 inch oblong leaflets.

100 E. Carrillo St. (gymnasium entrance, Recreation Center)

234 Nerium Oleander — Oleander — Mediterranean Region
Apocynaceae, Dogbane Family

Large evergreen shrub or trained to a small rounded tree 15-20 ft. tall with colorful white, pink, or red flowers from spring to fall. All parts are deadly poisonous, either eaten or by introducing the juice through lesions in the skin.

300 block E. Los Olivos St. (mixed flower colors)
Ruth Ave. (white flowered trees)
1322 Robbins St. (specimen with double pink flowers)
400 block W. Ortega St. (south side)
Anacapa and Anapamu Sts. (Public Library, white flowering specimen)

235 Nuxia floribunda — S. Africa
(syn. Lachnopylis floribunda) — Loganiaceae, Logania Family

Small evergreen tree to about 15 ft. tall with billowy clusters of small, sweet-scented, white flowers in late winter.

Upper Orpet Park, Franceschi Park

236 Olea africana — Africa
(syn. Olea chrysophylla) — Oleaceae, Olive Family

The single tree known is evergreen and about 30 ft. tall with purple-black fruits ⅜ inch long.

Lower Orpet Park

237 Olea europaea — Olive — Mediterranean Region
Oleaceae, Olive Family

Well-known evergreen tree to 30 ft. tall or more with narrow, gray-green leaves and black, oily, oval fruits about 1 inch long. These must be processed before becoming edible. First brought here by the Franciscan Fathers while building the Mission.

Olive St. (entire length, planted by E. O. Orpet)
Mission Park, Franceschi Park

238 Oreopanax capitatus MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, W. INDIES
(syn. Oreopanax nymphaefolius) ARALIACEAE, GINSENG FAMILY
Small spreading evergreen tree 10-20 ft. tall with glossy, dark green, oval leaves to 8 inches long.
Lower Orpet Park, Franceschi Park

239 Oreopanax peltatus COLETO MEXICO
(syn. Oreopanax salvinii) ARALIACEAE, GINSENG FAMILY
Slender evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall with large leaves over a foot long, deeply cut into several radiating lobes.
County Municipal Court Annex (118 E. Carrillo St.)

240 Parkinsonia aculeata JERUSALEM THORN, MEXICAN PALOS VERDES
S. UNITED STATES TO S. AMERICA
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY
Small spiny evergreen tree 15-30 ft. tall with smooth green bark and an open lacy crown of long, slender, almost wire-like leaflets.
E. Alamar Ave. and Paseo Tranquillo (NW corner)
Franceschi Park

241 Parrotia persica IRAN
HAMAMELIDACEAE, WITCH-HAZEL FAMILY
Spreading deciduous tree 30-40 ft. tall with oval leaves to 5 inches long, turning yellow in fall. The only specimen found is in —
Lower Orpet Park

242 Peltophorum africanum SE AFRICA
CAESALPINACEAE, SENNA FAMILY
Deciduous species with fern-like foliage and yellow flowers, represented by a few recently-planted trees.
Calle Laureles (W. side, just north of Foothill Rd., planted 1961)
Franceschi Park (planted 1958), Lower Orpet Park

243 Persea americana AVOCADO MEXICO, GUATEMALA
LAURACEAE, LAUREL FAMILY
Spreading evergreen tree 30-40 ft. tall with large, oval dark green leaves, anise-scented when crushed. The nutritious, buttery-fleshed fruits are well known. The first avocados in California were two trees in Santa Barbara and one in Montecito, planted by Judge J. B. Ord in 1871 (F).
100 block W. Arrellaga St.
Franceschi Park

244 Persea indica MADEIRA BAY CANARY ISLANDS, AZORES
LAURACEAE, LAUREL FAMILY
Small evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall with oval, blue-black, inedible fruits about ⅝ inch long.
1700 block Hillside Rd. (planted 1960)
1200 block E. Mason St. (a few)
Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park

67. NERIUM OLEANDER
Oleander (June) Ruth Ave.

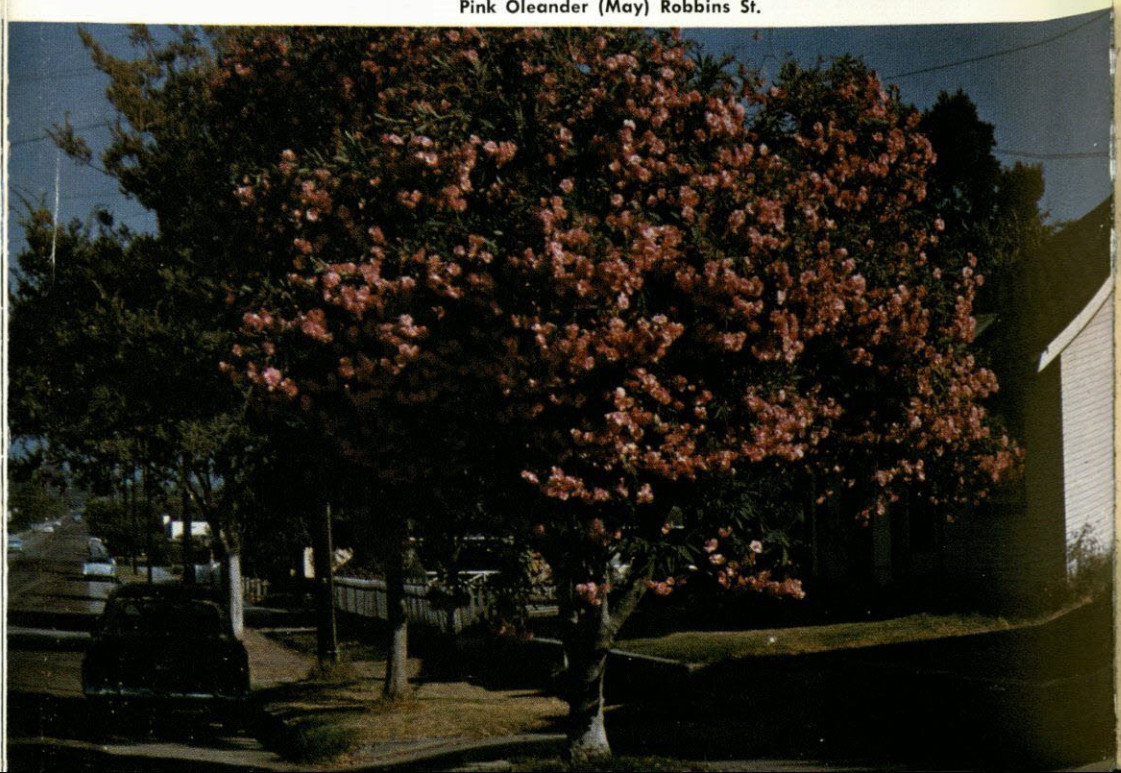
68. NERIUM OLEANDER
Pink Oleander (May) Robbins St.

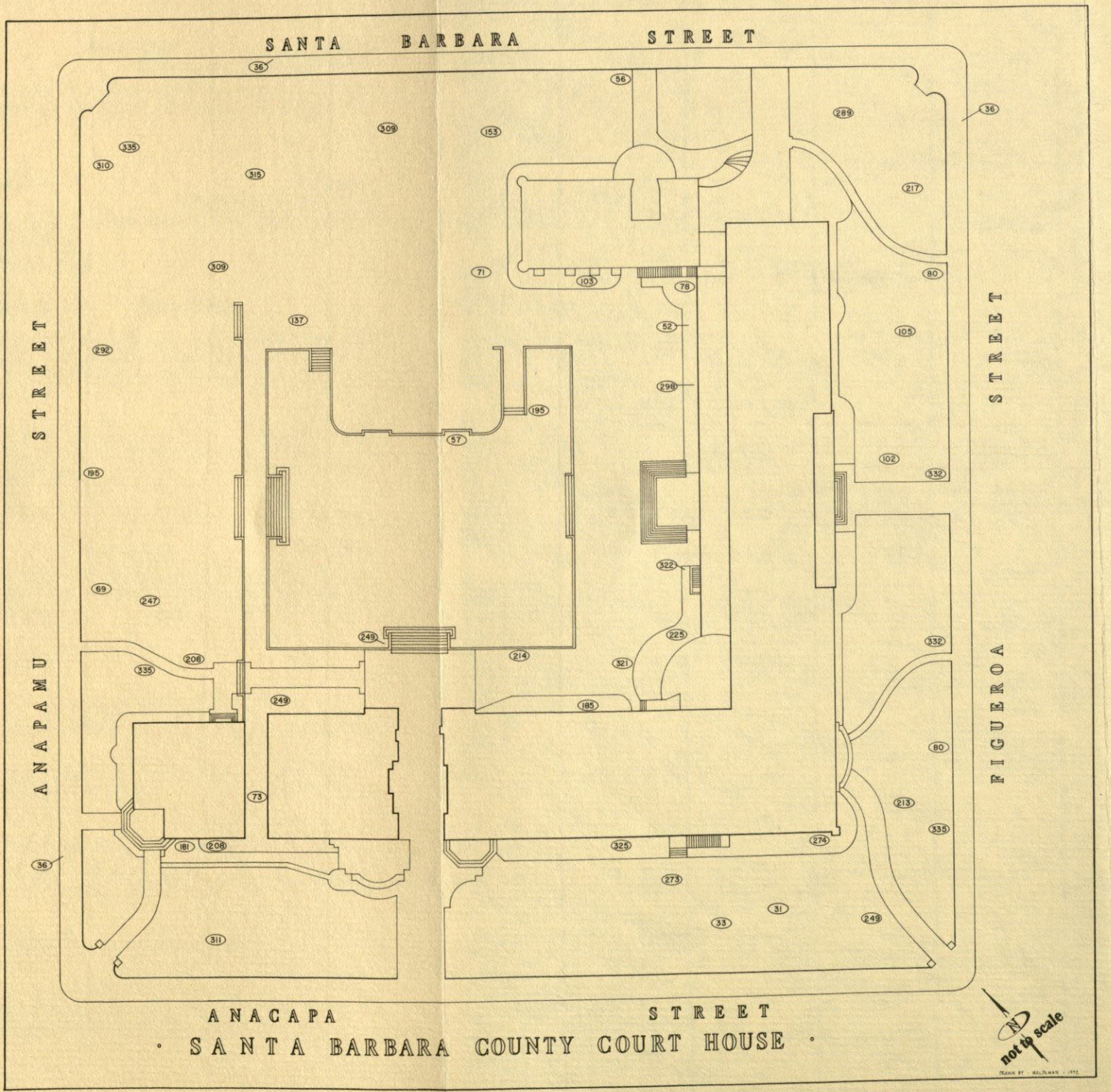
COUNTY COURT HOUSE GROUNDS

A beautiful setting of 4.5 acres, bounded north-south by Anapamu and Figueroa Sts., and east-west by Santa Barbara and Anacapa Sts. Most of the plant material has been established since the rebuilding after the 1925 earthquake, with landscaping by Ralph Stevens, Elmer Awl, and Henry Bauernschmidt. Recently the county development has been extended to the adjacent Municipal Court area to the south, and the adjacent Administration area to the north. Some species growing at these new additions have been cited.

67. NERIUM OLEANDER
Oleander (June) Ruth Ave.

68. NERIUM OLEANDER
Pink Oleander (May) Robbins St.





SANTA BARBARA COUNTY COURT HOUSE

245 Peumus boldus BOLDO TREE CHILE
MONIMIACEAE, MONIMIA FAMILY

Small, bushy evergreen tree about 20-30 ft. tall with aromatic oval leaves resembling somewhat those of the Coast Live Oak. The single tree known is in —

Lower Orpet Park

246 Phillyrea latifolia var. media S. EUROPE
OLEACEAE, OLIVE FAMILY

Large spreading evergreen shrub or small tree 15-30 ft. tall with glossy, dark green leaves 1-2 inches long.

Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park

PHOENIX Date Palm

Feather palms of the Palm Family, Palmaceae, whose long leaves bear troughed or V-shaped leaflets, the lowest ones on the stalk reduced to sharp stiff spines. The fruit, developed on the female trees, contains a single, elongated, grooved seed.

247 Phoenix canariensis CANARY ISLANDS DATE PALM CANARY ISLANDS

Large bulky palm 40-60 ft. tall with a thick trunk and a dense heavy crown of leaves 15 ft. long or more.

100 block Santa Cruz Blvd.
East and West Alameda Plaza (many specimens), County Court House

248 Phoenix dactylifera DATE PALM N. AFRICA

Tall palm to 70 ft. tall or more with long, stiff, gray-green leaves, developing sucker sprouts on the trunk. It rarely produces here the common market date for which it is known. The species was introduced by the early Mission Fathers.

400 block Calle Alamo (one or two trees)
East Alameda Plaza

249 Phoenix reclinata SENEGAL DATE PALM AFRICA

Graceful palm that suckers to produce a clump of several trunks 20-30 ft. tall.

West Alameda Plaza (a few clumps, differing in thickness of trunk)
County Court House (clumping specimens, as well as some trained to a single trunk)

250 Phoenix roebelini PIGMY DATE PALM BURMA TO SOUTH VIETNAM
(syn. Phoenix loureiri)

Dwarf palm 5-10 ft. tall with a small lacy crown of fine soft-textured leaves.

West Alameda Plaza
County Municipal Court Bldg. (2 trees in entrance plaza)

251 Phoenix rupicola CLIFF DATE PALM INDIA

Graceful palm to 30 ft. tall or more with lax, feathery leaves.

County Administration Parking Area (newly transplanted)

251-A Picea pungens 'glauca'
COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE HORTICULTURAL VARIETY
PINACEAE, PINE FAMILY

Pyramidal, evergreen, cone-bearing tree with horizontal branches and blue-gray foliage of short, stiff, needle-like leaves. Used as a small lawn tree the few times seen.

East Alameda Plaza

PINUS Pine

Pines are readily known by their woody, seed-bearing cones and needle-like leaves which appear in bundles or fascicles of 2-5 (rarely 1) joined at the base by a thin sheath. They are evergreen trees and belong to the Pine Family, Pinaceae.

252 Pinus canariensis CANARY ISLAND PINE CANARY ISLANDS

Handsome 3-needle pine 60-100 ft. tall with a fluffy, narrow-pyramidal crown and reddish bark.

Los Pinos Dr.
400 block Samarkand Dr.
West Alameda Plaza (4 or 5 trees)

253 Pinus cembroides
THREE-NEEDLE PINE, MEXICAN PINON SE U.S., MEXICO

Small, rounded pine 10-20 ft. tall with short, dark green needles.

Franceschi Park

254 Pinus coulteri COULTER OR BIGCONE PINE CALIFORNIA

Native pine 40-70 ft. tall with long stiff needles in 3's and bulky 8-12 inch cones bristling with hooked spurs. Rarely seen in cultivation, though visible to the entire city pinnacled atop La Cumbre Peak.

Bath St. at Alamar Ave (NE corner)

255 Pinus edulis TWO NEEDLE PINE, NUT PINE WESTERN U.S., MEXICO
(syn. Pinus cembroides var. edulis)

Small bushy pine to about 20 ft. tall with short, stiff needles. One of the piñon pine group, as is Pinus cembroides, whose edible seeds or nuts were an important food of the Indians.

West Alameda Plaza

256 Pinus halepensis ALEPPO PINE MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Irregular crowned tree 50-75 ft. tall with gray-green needles in 2's.

Upper Orpet Park, West Alameda Plaza, Franceschi Park

257 Pinus pinaster CLUSTER PINE MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Tree 40-70 ft. tall or more with stiff, twisted, bright green needles in 2's.

Upper Orpet Park (2 trees), Franceschi Park

258 Pinus pinea STONE PINE MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Flat-topped, spreading tree to 60 ft. tall or more with stiff needles in 2's and edible nuts which are hard-shelled, or "stone-like."

300-800 blocks E. Anapamu St. (planted by Dr. A. B. Doremus in 1908)
MacKenzie Park (eastern part, row of young trees, planted 1961)

259 Pinus radiata MONTEREY PINE CENTRAL CALIFORNIA COAST

Fast growing pyramidal tree 60-100 ft. tall with dark green needles in 3's, seldom in 2's.

West Alameda Plaza, Upper Orpet Park

260 Pinus roxburghii CHIR PINE INDIA, AFGHANISTAN

(syn. Pinus longifolia)

Symmetrical, conical-shaped tree 50-75 ft. tall or more, similar to Pinus canariensis. The soft, light green needles occur in bundles of 3.

Franceschi Park

261 Pinus torreyana TORREY PINE S. CALIFORNIA ISLANDS AND SAN DIEGO COAST

Open-crowned tree 50-100 ft. tall with ascending branches and long stout needles in 5's. The magnificent "Ward Torrey Pine," now an official landmark tree at 560 Carpinteria Avenue in Carpinteria, was planted in 1890 and is considered the finest of its kind. Its height is approximately 110 ft. with a trunk over 5 ft. in diameter.

Franceschi Park (2 trees)

Other species here, mainly natives cultivated in the Santa Barbara Botanic Garden are: **Pinus attenuata, P. monophylla, P. muricata, P. patula** (from Mexico), **Pinus ponderosa, P. quadrifolia, P. remorata, P. sabiniana,** and **P. thunbergii** (from Japan).

262 Pistacia chinensis CHINESE PISTACHE CHINA, TAIWAN, PHILIPPINES

ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

Slow-growing, medium-sized deciduous tree to 40 ft. tall or more with compound leaves turning yellow to bright red in the fall.

Franceschi Park (small tree) Lower Orpet Park (2 trees)

263 Pistacia khinjuk SYRIA TO INDIA

ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

Small deciduous tree 20-30 ft. tall with leaves composed of 5-7 leaflets and slightly winged stalks.

Franceschi Park (2 trees)

264 Pithecellobium pruinosum SNOW-WOOD, STINKWOOD AUSTRALIA

MIMOSACEAE, MIMOSA FAMILY

Small, slender evergreen tree to about 20 ft. tall with fluffy, pale yellow flower heads 1¼ inches across in early summer.

Upper and Lower Orpet Park

PITTOSPORUM

Evergreen trees and shrubs belonging to the Pittosporum or Pitch Seed Family, Pittosporaceae. The sticky seeds are held in semi-woody, ¼-½ inch capsules which split wide open when mature.

265 Pittosporum colensoi NEW ZEALAND

Small spreading tree to about 20 ft. tall with dark green oval leaves 1-2 inches long.

East and West Alameda Plaza, Lower Orpet Park

266 Pittosporum crassifolium KARO NEW ZEALAND

Shrub or small tree 15-25 ft. tall with leathery gray-green leaves to 2 inches long that are downy white beneath.

N. La Marina Dr. (north of Cliff Dr.)
Franceschi Park

267 Pittosporum eriocarpum HIMALAYAN REGION

Small tree about 25 ft. tall with dull green 3-5 inch leaves having brown woolly hair beneath and on the stalk.

West Alameda Plaza

268 Pittosporum erioloma AUSTRALIA

Small bushy tree 15-20 ft. tall with white flowers to ¾ in. long in spring.

Upper Orpet Park

269 Pittosporum napaulense GOLDEN FRAGRANCE HIMALAYAS

(syn. Pittosporum floribundum)

Large shrub or small tree 20-35 ft. tall with clusters of small, fragrant, golden yellow flowers in spring. The species was introduced here by E. O. Orpet in 1932.

Upper Orpet Park

270 Pittosporum phillyraeoides WILLOW PITTOSPORUM AUSTRALIA

Small, willow-like tree 15-25 ft. tall with narrow, pendent leaves and small, fragrant, yellow flowers in winter.

MacKenzie Park (planted 1962)

271 Pittosporum rhombifolium
QUEENSLAND OR DIAMOND-LEAF PITTOSPORUM AUSTRALIA

Oval-crowned tree 25-40 ft. tall or more, with glossy diamond-shaped leaves 2-4 inches long and clusters of bright orange fruits in winter.

400 block E. Islay St. to 600 block W. Islay St.
200-500 blocks S. Salinas St. (planted 1960)
900 block E. Gutierrez St.
West Alameda Plaza

272 Pittosporum tenuifolium NEW ZEALAND

(syn. Pittosporum nigricans)

Shrub or small slender tree 15-30 ft. tall with smooth black branchlets and oval 2 inch leaves that are pale bluish-green beneath.

West Alameda Plaza

273 Pittosporum undulatum
VICTORIAN BOX, ORANGE PITTOSPORUM AUSTRALIA

Dense rounded tree to 40 ft. tall or more with glossy, rich green leaves wavy on the margins, and highly fragrant white flowers in late winter. Commonly used as a hedge.

100-400 blocks W. Micheltorena St.
100-300 blocks E. Sola St.
200-300 blocks W. Mission St.
East and West Alameda Plaza (fine specimens)

274 Pittosporum viridiflorum CAPE PITTOSPORUM S. AFRICA

Medium-sized tree 30-40 ft. tall with small yellow flowers in spring, followed by clusters of round yellow capsules showing orange-red seeds.

Franceschi Park, Plaza Del Mar, County Court House

275 Platanus acerifolia LONDON PLANE TREE HYBRID
PLATANACEAE, PLANE TREE FAMILY

Rather large deciduous tree 30-60 ft. tall or more with large maple-like leaves 5-10 inches across.

1200-1400 blocks Chapala St. (young trees, planted 1969)
Santa Barbara High School (double row of trees at east entrance)

276 Platanus racemosa WESTERN OR CALIFORNIA SYCAMORE CALIFORNIA
PLATANACEAE, PLANE TREE FAMILY

Large deciduous tree 50-90 ft. tall with smooth, white mottled bark and large maple-like leaves woolly haired beneath.

Mission Park (also street tree east side of the Mission, near the bus stop)
N. Alisos and Montecito Sts. (NE corner, thick-trunked tree)
The historic Sailor's Sycamore at Milpas and Quinientos Sts. is now, as described by Donald Culross Peattie, "a truncated wreck." As early as 1800 a lantern was hung on this tree's topmost boughs during stormy nights for incoming mariners to sight their course.

277 Pleiogynium solandri BURDEKIN PLUM AUSTRALIA, NEW GUINEA
ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

The only tree known of this slow-growing evergreen species is about 8 ft. tall. A garden specimen 20 ft. tall and about 50 years old had been recorded here, but it is now believed gone.

Franceschi Park

PODOCARPUS

Resinous evergreen trees, or rarely shrubs, with berry-like fruits usually borne on thickened, fleshy stalks or receptacles. They belong to the Podocarpus Family, Podocarpaceae, though at one time were classified under the Yew Family, Taxaceae, to which they are closely related.

278 Podocarpus elatus BROWN OR PLUM PINE AUSTRALIA

The few young trees representing this species here are rather slender and open with narrow leaves ⅜ inch wide and 2-3 inches long.

Recreation Center Gymnasium entrance (two trees, planted 1961)

279 Podocarpus gracilior FERN PINE E. AFRICA
(often mistakenly called Podocarpus elongatus)

Medium to large tree 40-70 ft. tall with a dense billowy crown of narrow 1½-3 inch long leaves. The female tree in East Alameda Plaza bears rounded, greenish-yellow fruits about 1 inch in diameter. This species was first introduced into cultivation here by the combined efforts of Mrs. Steward Edward White, who procured the seed in Kenya, and Dr. Franceschi, who propagated them.

2300 block Bath St. (east side, planted 1959)
900-1100 blocks N. Milpas St. (planted 1965-66)

00-100 block W. De la Guerra St. (planted about 1966)
East Alameda Plaza (female tree), West Alameda Plaza (male tree)

280 Podocarpus macrophylla YEW PINE CHINA, JAPAN
Loose shrub or small tree 20-30 ft. tall with narrow, leathery leaves 3-4 inches long showing a prominent raised midrib.
San Julian Ave.
West Alameda Plaza

281 Podocarpus nagi CHINA, TAIWAN, JAPAN
Small open tree 10-20 ft. tall with leathery ovate leaves about 1 inch wide and 2 inches long.
Franceschi Park

282 Podocarpus totara TOTARA NEW ZEALAND
Medium-sized tree 30-60 ft. tall or more with dense foliage of linear, ½ inch, sharp-pointed leaves.
East Alameda Plaza
County Administration Parking Area

A few young trees of **Podocarpus henkelii,** native to South Africa, have recently been planted.

283 Populus canadensis CAROLINA POPULAR HORTICULTURAL HYBRID
SALICACEAE, WILLOW FAMILY
Erect deciduous tree to about 50 ft. tall with triangular shaped leaves 2-4 inches wide, finely notched along the margins.
2205, 2211 Castillo St.

284 Populus nigra 'italica' LOMBARDY POPLAR HORTICULTURAL VARIETY
SALICACEAE, WILLOW FAMILY
Columnar deciduous tree 50-80 ft. tall or more with many, close, erect branches.
San Roque Park (Chuparosa and Canon Drs.)

PRUNUS Stone Fruits

Deciduous or evergreen trees and shrubs of the Rose Family, Rosaceae, including several species well known and cultivated here. Some are grown principally for their attractive foliage, as the Purple Leaf Palm, **Prunus cerasifera 'atropurpurea'** and the Cherry Laurel, **Prunus laurocerasus.** Others for ornamental bloom in early spring like the Flowering Almond, **Prunus triloba,** and the Japanese Flowering Cherry, **Prunus serrulata.** For the edible fruits of garden and table there is the Almond, **Prunus amygdalinus;** Apricot, **Prunus armeniaca;** European Plum, **Prunus domestica;** Peach, **Prunus persica;** Nectarine, **Prunus persica var. nectarina;** and the Japanese Plum, **Prunus salicina.**

285 Prunus campanulata
TAIWAN FLOWERING CHERRY TAIWAN, CHINA, JAPAN
Small, rounded deciduous tree to 20 ft. tall with deep rose-pink, bell-shaped flowers Feb.-March.
2900 block Calle Noguerra
3000 block Calle Rosales
800 block E. Yanonali St. (mixed with Brachychiton acerifolium)

286 Prunus caroliniana CAROLINA CHERRY-LAUREL SE UNITED STATES

Medium-sized evergreen tree 20-40 ft. tall with shiny, bright green foliage and oval, black fruits about ½ inch long.

3500-3600 blocks San Pablo Lane
300 block W. Yanonali St. (alternated with Prunus lyonii)
Consuelo Dr., Primavera Rd., and Eileen Way (planted 1960)
Franceschi Park

287 Prunus lyonii CATALINA CHERRY S. CALIFORNIA ISLANDS

(syn. Prunus integrifolia)

Large evergreen shrub or tree 30-40 ft. tall with shiny, dark green foliage and dark red, oval fruits about 1 inch long.

300 block W. Yanonali St. (alternated with Prunus caroliniana)
500 block W. Islay St. (intermittent)
600-700 blocks Grove Lane (intermittent)

288 Pyrus kawakami EVERGREEN PEAR TAIWAN
ROSACEAE, ROSE FAMILY

Rounded evergreen to semi-deciduous tree 20-30 ft. tall with leathery, broad-oval leaves to 4 inches long and clusters of white, ¾ inch flowers in winter. Has come into frequent use within the last 20 years.

De La Guerra Plaza (east side, near parking lot)

QUERCUS Oak

A genus of evergreen or deciduous trees containing species much prized for their rugged, picturesque structure. Belonging to the Beech Family, Fagaceae, they bear the acorns so well known everywhere.

289 Quercus agrifolia CALIFORNIA OR COAST LIVE OAK CALIFORNIA

Rounded to spreading large evergreen tree 30-60 ft. tall or more with stiff, oval, dark green leaves 1½-2½ inches long. Abounding in the immediate Santa Barbara area, with many fine old specimens.

2000-2500 blocks State St. (medium-sized trees)
800-1200 blocks E. Cota St.
Orpet Park, Oak Park, County Court House

290 Quercus ilex HOLLY OR HOLM OAK N. MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Slow growing, medium-sized evergreen tree to about 40 ft. tall of apparently more than one type here.

1800 block Robbins St. (near Pedregosa St., planted 1947)
Meigs Road at Dolores Dr. (planted 1957)
Sunset Rd. (west of N. Ontare Rd., planted 1962)

The trees at these street locations have leaves with mainly entire margins and smoothish gray bark. The park specimen below has holly-like leaves with spiny margins and rough-checkered dark bark.

East Alameda Plaza

291 Quercus rugosa MEXICO

An unusual evergreen species in this region, having broad leathery leaves 3-6 inches long and to 3 inches wide.

Hale Park (tree about 30 ft. tall, in gully west of archery range)

292 Quercus suber CORK OAK MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Rounded evergreen tree to about 45 ft. tall with thick, deeply fissured, light gray bark providing our commercial cork. First introduced here by Joseph Sexton between 1860 and 1870.

400 block Wyola Rd. (intermittent)
2500 block Orella St. (east side)
County Court House and Administration Area

293 Quercus virginiana SOUTHERN LIVE OAK SE UNITED STATES

The few trees seen here are medium-sized and about 30 ft. tall with fine downy hair on the leaf underside and young shoots.

San Onofre Rd.

Other oak species here, including the collection of natives at the Santa Barbara Botanic Garden are **Quercus acutissima, Q. chrysolepis, Q. falcatus, Q. ganderi, Q. garryana, Q. hemisphaerica, Q. kelloggii, Q. lobata, Q. robur, Q. sessiliflora,** and **Q. tomentella.** A plant of **Q. variabilis,** planted in 1930 in Franceschi Park, is barely alive — little more than a 5 ft. stalk.

294 Quillaja saponaria SOAPBARK TREE CHILE
ROSACEAE, ROSE FAMILY

Slender evergreen tree 30-45 ft. tall with pendulous branchlets and white, ½ inch, star-shaped flowers in spring and early summer.

300 block E. Victoria St.
2200 block Modoc Rd. (east side)
3600 block Capri Dr. (planted 1962)
0-100 block Bath St. (east side)
West Alameda Plaza, Franceschi Park

295 Rauwolfia samarensis PHILIPPINES
APOCYNACEAE, DOGBANE FAMILY

Tropical, semi-deciduous tree 30-50 ft. tall with large shiny leaves 6-14 inches long in whorls of 3-6. An introduction of the Southern California Acclimatizing Association in 1908 (R).

1533 San Miguel Ave. (two trees)
El Camino de la Luz (a few trees, planted 1957)
Franceschi Park (two fine specimens)

296 Rhamnus alaternus ITALIAN BUCKTHORN S. EUROPE
RHAMNACEAE, BUCKTHORN FAMILY

Large evergreen shrub or multiple-stemmed tree 15-20 ft. tall with shiny ovate leaves 1-2½ inches long.

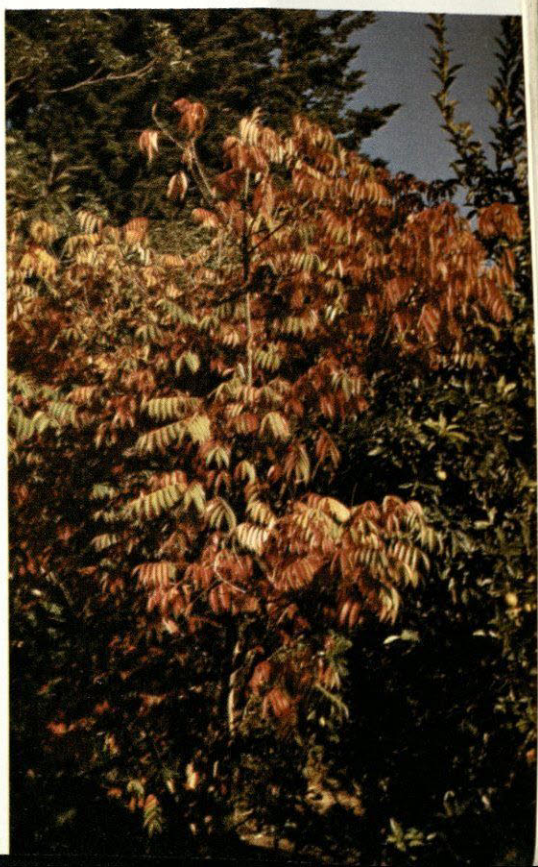
MacKenzie Park (3 plants bordering the Army Reserve property)

297 Rhodosphaera rhodanthema YELLOW-WOOD AUSTRALIA
ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

Slender, rather open-crowned evergreen tree to 40 ft. tall or more with clusters of minute, rose-pink flowers in spring, followed by grape-like bunches of shiny, brown, globular fruits about ½ inch in diameter. The few trees known were planted in 1960 from the former city nursery in Franceschi Park.

910 San Carlos Rd.
Franceschi Park, Lower Orpet Park, City Hall (Anacapa St. entrance)

69. POPULUS NIGRA 'ITALICA'
Lombardy Poplar (San Roque Park)



70. RHUS JAVANICA var. ROXBURGHII

RHOPALOSTSTYLIS SAPIDA
Shaving Brush or Feather Duster Palm

298 Rhopalostylis sapida
SHAVING BRUSH PALM, FEATHER DUSTER PALM — NEW ZEALAND
PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY

Slender feather palm 25-35 ft. tall with a narrow crown of stiff, ascending leaves from a bulbous, dark green crownshaft.
County Court House

299 Rhus lancea — KARREE-BOOM — S. AFRICA
ANACARDIACEAE, CASHEW FAMILY

Small, rounded evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall whose leaves are composed of 3 slender, diverging leaflets 3½-5 inches long.
Lou Dillon Lane (planted 1960)
Franceschi Park, Upper Orpet Park, Skofield Park (several specimens)

299-A A small plant of **Rhus javanica var. roxburghii,** native to the Himalayas, is in Lower Orpet Park. (planted 1958)

300 Robinsonella cordata — S. MEXICO, GUATEMALA
MALVACEAE, MALLOW FAMILY

Slender deciduous tree 30-40 ft. tall with heart-shaped leaves and terminal sprays of lavender-blue flowers in early spring.
Lower Orpet Park, Franceschi Park (planted 1958)

301 Salix bonplandiana — MEXICO, S. ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO
SALICACEAE, WILLOW FAMILY

Columnar, semi-deciduous tree to about 40 ft. tall of which only one specimen has been located.
Franceschi Park

302 Sapindus rarak — Java

Sapindaceae, Soapberry Family

The single specimen known is a small deciduous tree about 22 ft. tall with compound leaves of 14-20 tapering leaflets.

Lower Orpet Park

303 Sapindus saponaria — Soapberry Tree — S. Florida, West Indies, S. America

Sapindaceae, Soapberry Family

Small, rounded evergreen tree 20-30 ft. tall bearing clusters of round, ½ inch berries which have a wrinkled, leathery, reddish-brown skin.

600 block W. Ortega St.
700 block W. Victoria St. (south side)
Del Sol Ave.
300-700 blocks Alisos St. (scattered)

SCHINUS — Pepper Tree

Evergreen resinous trees belonging to the Cashew or Sumac Family, Anacardiaceae. Very small, whitish flowers are followed by clusters of plentiful, berry-like fruits.

304 Schinus lenticifolius — Brazil

Shrub or small spreading tree to about 20 ft. tall with small, ¾ inch long leaflets and papery, peeling bark.

Upper Orpet Park

305 Schinus molle — California Pepper Tree — Bolivia, Peru, Chile

Graceful spreading tree 25-50 ft. tall with a lacy crown of pendulous branchlets and profuse rose-colored berries. Reported as growing in California since the founding of the Missions (F).

2200 block Santa Barbara St.
700 block Santa Barbara St. (young trees)
Mission Park, De la Guerra Plaza (old tree at City Hall)

306 Schinus polygamus — Peruvian Pepper Tree — Argentina, Peru

(syn. Schinus dependens)

Rounded, twiggy small tree 20-30 ft. tall with dark purple berries and short side branchlets ending in a spine.

Franceschi Park

307 Schinus terebinthifolius — Brazilian Pepper — Brazil

Dense rounded tree 25-40 ft. tall or more with shiny bright green foliage and red berries in winter.

800 block N. Quarantina St.
1200 block Del Oro Ave.
800 block N. Nopal St. (west side)
Willowglen Road (planted 1961)

308 Schotia latifolia — S. Africa

Caesalpinaceae, Senna Family

Small rounded evergreen tree to about 20 ft. tall with pale pink flowers and leaves similar to those of the Carob Tree.

Upper Orpet Park

71. QUILLAJA SAPONARIA
Soapbark Tree (May)

72. RHODOSPHAERA RHODANTHEMA
Yellow-wood

73. ROBINSONELLA CORDATA
(June)

74. SAPINDUS SAPONARIA
Soapberry Tree

309 Sequoia sempervirens COAST REDWOOD CALIFORNIA
TAXODIACEAE, TAXODIUM FAMILY

Evergreen cone-bearing tree native to the coastal fog belt from about 50 miles south of Monterey to S. Oregon, forming awe-inspiring groves of some of the world's tallest trees. Frequently cultivated here, with some specimens exceeding 100 ft. in height. A group of these trees at Stow Grove County Park, on La Patera Lane in Goleta, creates an amazing environmental contrast.

Upper and Lower Orpet Park, W. Alameda Plaza, County Court House

SEQUOIA SEMPERVIRENS
Coast Redwood — County Court House

310 Sequoiadendron giganteum GIANT SEQUOIA, BIG TREE CALIFORNIA
(syn. Sequoia gigantea) TAXODIACEAE, TAXODIUM FAMILY

Evergreen cone-bearing tree native only to the west slope of the Sierra Nevada from Placer to Tulare counties, where it attains magnificent proportions making it the king of trees, both in age and sheer mass. The largest specimen here, a mere sapling at 80 ft. tall, is the King Albert Sequoia planted in Montecito in 1919.

County Court House (planted 1932)

311 Stenocarpus sinuatus FIREWHEEL TREE AUSTRALIA
PROTEACEAE, PROTEA FAMILY

Small slender evergreen tree to about 25 ft. tall with variously lobed leaves 6-10 inches long and symmetrical, wheel-like clusters 2-3 inches across of red and yellow flowers.

00-200 blocks W. Arrellaga St. (young trees)
Franceschi Park, County Court House, Lower Orpet Park

312 Syncarpia glomulifera TURPENTINE TREE AUSTRALIA
(syn. Syncarpia laurifolia) MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

The few young specimens of this narrow evergreen tree are 18-25 ft. tall, although it reaches 100 ft. in Australia. Multi-stamened, ¾-inch white flowers in spring, are followed by gray-green heads of several woody capsules.

1900 Anacapa St. (east side, 4 trees planted 1955)
Municipal Golf Course (below No. 5 tee, 6 trees planted 1957)

SYZYGIUM

Evergreen trees or shrubs belonging to the Myrtle Family, Myrtaceae. Like Eugenia, to which they are closely related, their flowers have many extended stamens, producing berries which are sometimes edible.

313 Syzygium cuminii JAMBOLAN PLUM INDIA, MALAYSIA
(syn. Eugenia jambolana)

Medium-large tree 35-50 ft. tall with attractive, oval 3-4½ inch leaves, rarely known to produce mature fruit here.

1440, 1545 Santa Rosa Ave.
515, 519, 711 W. Valerio St.
Franceschi Park

314 Syzygium jambos ROSE APPLE INDONESIA

Large shrub or small tree 15-25 ft. tall with ornamental clusters of greenish-white flowers 3 inches across, and round, yellow, 1-1½ inch edible fruits, rose-like in taste and aroma.

Upper Orpet Park (group of several plants)

315 Syzygium paniculatum AUSTRALIAN BRUSH CHERRY AUSTRALIA
(syn. Eugenia myrtifolia, Eugenia paniculata var. australis)

Medium to large oval-crowned tree 40-60 ft. tall or more with glossy, dense, dark green foliage and purplish-red, oblong berries to ¾ inch long. Rather frequent here by 1895 (F). In 1963, Carpinteria's "Giant Eugenia" on Palm Ave. measured 90 ft. tall and 5 ft. in trunk diameter before pruning.

100-500 blocks E. Arrellaga St. 600-800 blocks W. Arrellaga St.
800-1300 blocks E. Haley St. (intermittent)
100 E. Pueblo St.
East and West Alameda Plaza

315-A Syzygium coolminianum AUSTRALIA
(syn. Eugenia hookeri, Eugenia paniculatum)

An upright medium-sized tree 25-40 ft. tall with pendulous branchlets and large clusters of rose-purple, one inch berries.

1708 Paterna Rd. (4 trees)
MacKenzie Park (2 small trees, State St. entrance)

Plants of **Syzygium cyanocarpa** *(syn. Eugenia cyanocarpa)* are in Earl Warren Showgrounds.

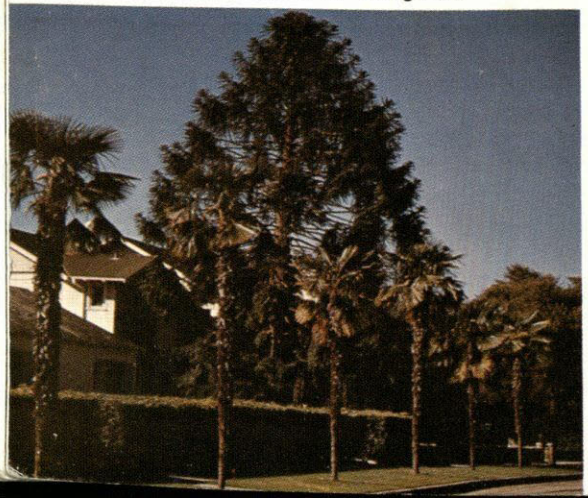
75. SCHOTIA LATIFOLIA

76. STENOCARPUS SINUATUS
Firewheel Tree (October)

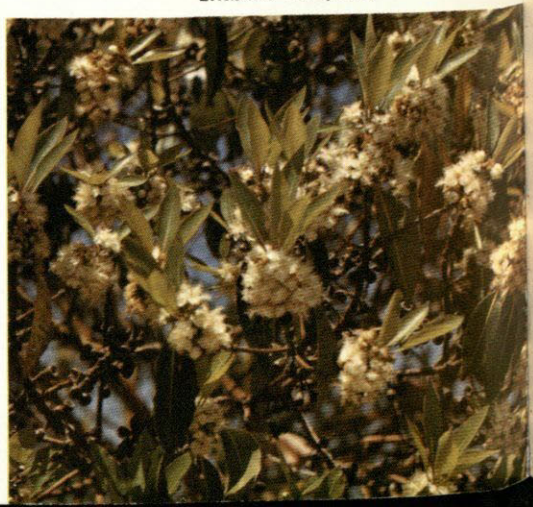
77. SYZYGIUM JAMBOS
Rose Apple (June)

78. TIPUANA TIPU
Tipu Tree (April)

79. TRACHYCARPUS FORTUNEI
Chinese Windmill Palm (Junipero Plaza)
Araucaria bidwillii in background



80. TRISTANIS CONFERTA
Brisbane Box (June)



ORPET PARK

Formerly known as Hillside Park, this area was re-named Orpet Park in 1963 in honor of Mr. E. O. Orpet, who developed and planted it while city park superintendent, 1920-1930.

Situated directly below the El Encanto Hotel, the park is divided by Alameda Padre Serra into Upper and Lower Orpet Park, extending east to Moreno Road and west to Pedregosa St. Scarcely more than 4 acres, it contains a notable botanical collection of rare trees and shrubs.

75. SCHOTIA LATIFOLIA

76. STENOCARPUS SINUATUS
Firewheel Tree (October)

77. SYZYGIUM JAMBOS
Rose Apple (June)

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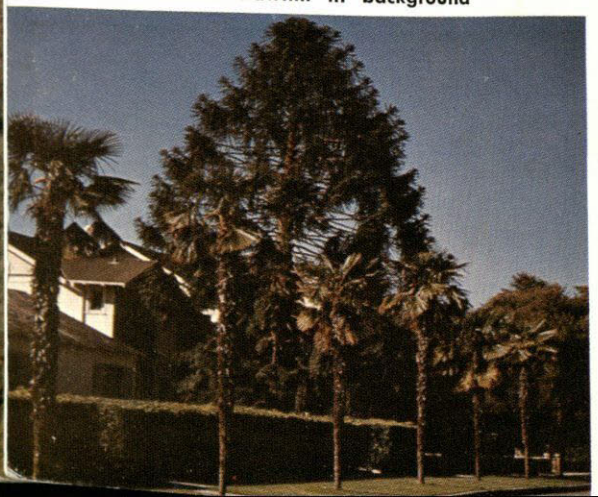
Tipu Tree (April)

79. TRACHYCARPUS FORTUNEI
Chinese Windmill Palm (Junipero Plaza)
Araucaria bidwillii in background



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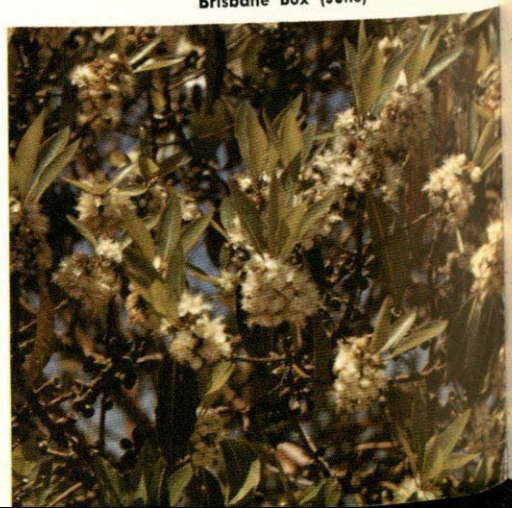
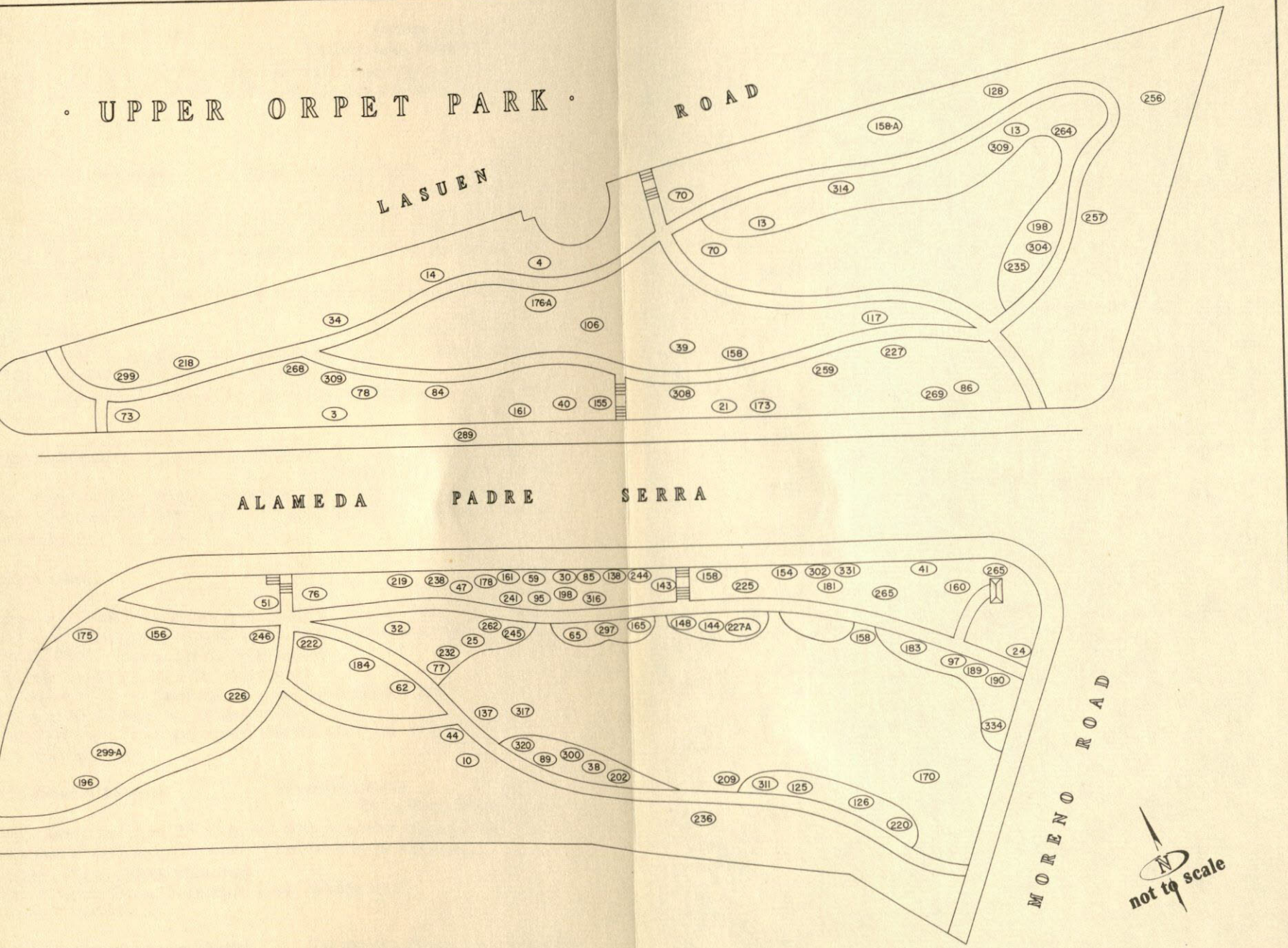



· UPPER ORPET PARK ·
LASUEN ROAD
ALAMEDA PADRE SERRA
MORENO ROAD
· LOWER ORPET PARK ·
not to scale

316 Taiwania cryptomerioides — Taiwan, China, Burma
Taxodiaceae, Taxodium Family

Graceful, evergreen cone-bearing tree with drooping branchlets. The only specimen known, about 50 ft. tall, was planted by E. O. Orpet in 1922.

Lower Orpet Park

317 Taxodium mucronatum — Montezuma Cypress — Mexico
Taxodiaceae, Taxodium Family

Evergreen or deciduous large cone-bearing tree 45-75 ft. tall with a stout trunk and an airy, pyramidal crown of light green, ½ inch needle-like leaves. Franceschi made repeated attempts to establish this species, successfully doing so in 1908.

Vera Cruz Plaza, Lower Orpet Park, West Alameda Plaza, Plaza Del Mar

318 Taxus baccata — Taxaceae, Yew Family

Medium-sized, evergreen cone-bearing tree 25-40 ft. tall with dense foliage of stubby, dark green, needle-like leaves.

East Alameda Plaza (spreading specimen, believed to be the variety 'aurea')

319 Thuja occidentalis — American Arborvitae — E. North America
Cupressaceae, Cypress Family

Narrow-pyramidal, evergreen cone-bearing tree 30-50 ft. tall with horizontal branches and tiny, scale-like leaves arranged in flattened sprays.

Franceschi Park (2 trees)

320 Tipuana tipu — Tipu Tree — Bolivia
Fabaceae, Pea Family

Spreading, briefly deciduous tree 30-50 ft. tall or more, whose leaves have 11-21 light green, oblong leaflets to 1½ inches long. Orange-yellow, pea-like flowers appear spring and summer.

800-1300 blocks Cacique St. (scattered)
1200 block E. Punta Gorda St. (a few trees, planted 1947)
200 block W. Ortega St. (planted 1957)
Franceschi Park (fine specimen), MacKenzie Park (planted 1962)
East Alameda Plaza

321 Trachycarpus fortunei — Windmill Palm — China
Palmaceae, Palm Family

Small, hardy fan palm 25-35 ft. tall with a slender trunk covered with a thick mat of dark hair-like fiber. Plentiful here in 1895 (F).

Junipero Plaza (block planting)
West Alameda Plaza, Franceschi Park, Mission Park,
County Court House

322 Trevesia palmata var. micholtzii — Snowflake Plant — China
Araliaceae, Ginseng Family

Small, seldom branching evergreen tree 10-20 ft. tall with large, long-stalked, 2 ft. leaves divided with several lobed segments.

County Court House (also Administration area)

323 Tristania conferta BRISBANE BOX AUSTRALIA
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

Medium-sized, upright evergreen tree 40-60 ft. tall with smooth, rust colored bark and feathery, white, 1 inch flowers in spring.

1400-1600 blocks Anacapa St.
Samarkand Dr. (De la Vina St. to Tallant Rd. - intermittent)
3800 block Calle Cita, and adjacent Hope Ave. (planted 1962)

324 Tristania laurina WATER GUM AUSTRALIA
MYRTACEAE, MYRTLE FAMILY

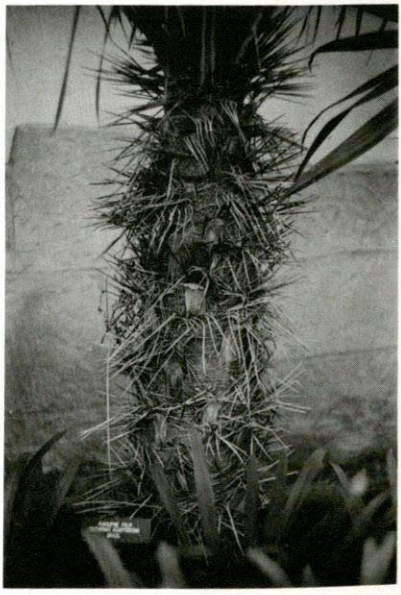
Small evergreen tree with dense foliage of narrow, 2-4 inch long leaves and clusters of small yellow flowers in spring. This species was planted for the first time on State St. in 1965.

3600-3900 blocks State St. (west from Ontare Rd.)

325 Trithrinax acanthocoma BRAZIL
PALMACEAE, PALM FAMILY

Small fan palm 10-15 ft. tall with a 10 inch thick trunk covered with matted fiber and coarse stout spines to 8 inches long.

County Court House (two trees 4-5 ft. tall)



Spiny Trunk of
TRITHRINAX ACANTHOCOMA

326 Tupidanthus calyptratus BURMA
ARALIACEAE, GINSENG FAMILY

Branching, tropical evergreen shrub or small tree 10-20 ft. tall with leaves composed of several large, radiating, oblong leaflets. Except for the minor difference in branching habit, practically indistinguishable from Brassaia actinophylla.

County Administration area

327 Ulmus americana — American or White Elm — United States
Ulmaceae, Elm Family

Large spreading deciduous tree 50-75 ft. tall or more, with broad-ovate leaves 3-6 inches long having finely saw-toothed margins.

100-200 blocks E. Micheltorena St.
300 block E. Pedregosa St. (north side)
2509 Orella Ave. (2 trees)

328 Ulmus parvifolia — Chinese Elm — China, Japan
Ulmaceae, Elm Family

Wide-spreading, deciduous or evergreen tree 35-50 ft. tall with pendulous branchlets and dark green, elliptic leaves 1-2 inches long.

500 block Garden St.
San Miguel and San Nicholas Avenues
Dwight Murphy Field (west side)
West Alameda Plaza

329 Umbellularia californica
California Bay, California Laurel — California, SW Oregon

Medium to large evergreen tree 30-70 ft. tall or more whose leathery leaves, pungently aromatic when crushed, are sometimes used instead of the true bay, Laurus nobilis, to season food. One of this region's most notable trees is the venerable "San Marcos Laurel" at 1066 San Marcos Road. Estimated to be between 200 and 300 years old, it is nearly 90 ft. tall, spreading more than 100 ft., with a buttressed base 50 ft. in circumference at ground level. Its huge main limbs are 2½ ft. thick.

2100-2400 blocks De la Vina St.
1200 block Castillo St.
W. Alamar Ave. at Oak Park
Santa Barbara St. (specimen just north of Arrellaga St. on west side)

330 Vepris undulata — White Ironwood — S. Africa
(syn. Vepris lanceolata) — Rutaceae, Citrus Family

Small to medium-sized rounded evergreen tree with attractive light green foliage, the leaves divided into 3 leaflets 2-3 inches long with wavy margins. The only specimen found is in —

West Alameda Plaza

331 Vitex lucens — New Zealand Chaste Tree — New Zealand
Verbenaceae, Vervain Family

Small, rounded evergreen tree 15-20 ft. tall with handsome dark green foliage, the leaves composed of 3-5 oval leaflets 2-4 inches long. Dull rose, tubular 1 inch flowers are followed by cherry-like fruits about ⅝ inch long.

400-700 blocks Grove Lane (scattered, planted 1961)
Coral St. (west of Grove Lane, planted 1962)
Lower Orpet Park

WASHINGTONIA Washington Palm

335

Tall fan palms of the Palm Family, Palmaceae, whose trunks are normally covered by a dense shag or skirt of pendent dead leaves.

332 Washingtonia filifera

CALIFORNIA FAN PALM EXTREME S. CALIFORNIA TO MEXICO

Tall sturdy palm 40-70 ft. tall with a trunk to 3 ft. thick and leaves to 6 ft. across, deeply cut into frayed slender segments.

336

West Cabrillo Blvd. (State St. to Castillo St.)
1700 block Bath St. (near Islay St.)
300 block Santa Barbara St.
East and West Alameda Plaza, County Court House

WASHINGTONIA FILIFERA
A row of tall California Fan Palms dominates the County Court House planting along Figueroa Street

333 Washingtonia robusta MEXICAN FAN PALM MEXICO
(syn. Washingtonia gracilis)

Tall slender palm 50-100 ft. tall with a trunk 1-1½ ft. thick and leaves to 3 ft: across.

East Cabrillo Blvd. (comprising the picturesque Palm Park planting)
100 E. Cota St. (north side)
West Alameda Plaza (clumps of 3), Franceschi Park

334 Xylosma congestum SHINY XYLOSMA CHINA, JAPAN
(syn. Xylosma senticosa) FLACOURTIACEAE, FLACOURTIA FAMILY

Evergreen shrub or rarely a small spreading tree with shiny bright green foliage.

Lower Orpet Park (tree about 25 ft. tall)

335 Yucca aloifolia SPANISH BAYONET MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA
AGAVACEAE, AGAVE FAMILY

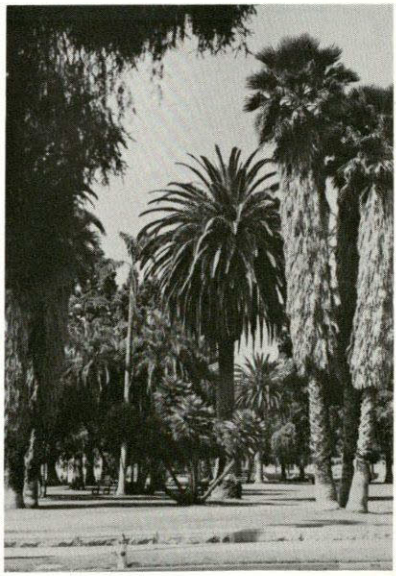
Woody, rather stark evergreen tree 20-40 ft. tall with stiff, bayonet-like leaves clustered at the branch ends.

County Court House (several specimens)

336 Yucca elephantipes MEXICO
(syn. Yucca gigantea) AGAVACEAE, AGAVE FAMILY

Small to medium-sized woody evergreen tree 15-30 ft. tall with lax, tapering, strap-like leaves to 4 ft. long.

Franceschi Park, East Alameda Plaza



WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA
West Alameda Plaza
On right, shag-skirted Mexican Fan Palm

STREET INDEX (with corresponding species)

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E

Eileen Way — Prunus caroliniana
Eucalyptus Ave., 700-800 — Callistemon viminalis (west of Modoc Rd.)

F

Figueroa St., 00-100 East — Hibiscus rosa-sinensis 'Agnes Gault'
Foothill Road, 3000 (south side) — Beilschmiedia miersii
Foxen Drive — Callistemon citrinus

G

Garden St., 500 — Ulmus parvifolia
Garden St., 600-700 — Arecastrum romanzoffianum
Garden St., 1200-1900 — Hymenosporum flavum (intermittent)
Garden St., 1400 (west side) — Grevillea robusta
Garden St., 1510, 1624 — Inga affinis
Garden St., 2000 (east side) — Archontophoenix cunninghamiana
Garden St., 2200-2300 (west side) — Harpephyllum caffrum
Gillespie St., 1200-1900 — Brachychiton discolor alternated with Koelreuteria bipinnata
Grand Ave., 1758 — Melia azedarach
Grove Lane, 400-700 — Vitex lucens
Gutierrez St., 100 East - 00-100 West — Cedrela fissilis
Gutierrez St., 900 East — Eucalyptus erythrocorys

H

Haley St., 100-400 West — Eucalyptus ficifolia
Haley St., 800-1300 East — Syzygium paniculatum
Hillside Road, 1700 — Persea indica

I

Island View Drive — Callistemon citrinus
Islay St., 400-600 West — Pittosporum rhombifolium (and some Prunus lyonii)
Islay St., 900 West — Macadamia ternifolia (scattered)

J

Junipero Plaza — Trachycarpus fortunei
Junipero St., 100 East - 200 West — Melaleuca genistifolia
Junipero St., 300 West — Bischofia javanica (south side)

K

Kentia Ave., 700-800 — Callistemon viminalis (west of Modoc Road)
Kimberly St. — Koelreuteria bipinnata

L

La Cadena St. — Acer buergerianum
La Flecha Lane — Agonis flexuosa
Laguna St., 1400 — Cinnamomum camphora
La Marina Drive — Pittosporum crassifolium (north of Cliff Drive)
Lighthouse Road — Lyonothamnus floribundus *var.* asplenifolius (scattered)
Los Alamos St. — Liquidambar styraciflua
Los Olivos St., 300 East — Nerium oleander
Los Pinos Drive — Pinus canariensis
Lou Dillon Lane — Rhus lancea
Loyola Drive — Melaleuca leucadendra
Lucinda Lane, 3100 — Eucalyptus polyanthemos
Luneta Plaza, 1131 — Bontia daphnoides

M

Madrona Drive, 3501 — Syzygium cuminii
Madrona Drive, 3300-3500 — Cryptocarya rubra
Margo St. — Cupaniopsis anacardioides
Mason St., 800 East — Magnolia grandiflora
Mason St., 1200 East — Persea indica (a few)
Meigs Road, 800 — Cupaniopsis anacardioides (east side)
Mesa Lane — Eucalyptus globulus (at Cliff Drive)
Micheltorena St., 306 East — Acer oblongum
Micheltorena St., 100-200 East — Ulmus americana
Micheltorena St., 100-400 West — Pittosporum undulatum
Milpas St., 400 South — Cordyline australis (east side)
Milpas St., 300 South — Melaleuca leucadendra
Milpas St., 100 South - 800 North — Ficus microcarpa nitida (from highway 101 to Cota St.)
Milpas St., 900-1100 North — Podocarpus gracilior
Milpas St., 932 North — Markhamia hildebrandtii
Mission Ridge Road — Acacia baileyana (scattered)
Mission St., 100 East — Archontophoenix cunninghamiana (north side)

Mission St., 100 West — Cinnamomum camphora
Mission St., 200-300 West — Pittosporum undulatum
Mission St., 500-900 West — Jacaranda acutifolia
Montecito St., 300-1100 East — Jacaranda acutifolia
Mountain Ave., 1300-1400 — Koelreuteria paniculata (east side)
Mountain Ave., 1900 — Geijera parviflora

N

Nopal St., 300 North — Liquidambar styraciflua
Nopal St., 800 North — Schinus terebinthifolius

O

Oak Park Lane, 2100 — Castanospermum australe (a few)
Olive St. — Olea europaea
Orella St., 2500 — Quercus suber (east side)
Orilla del Mar Drive, 900 — Brachychiton discolor
Orena Ave., 500 — Eucalyptus robusta
Ortega St., 200 West — Tipuana tipu
Ortega St., 221 West — Ailanthus altissimus
Ortega St., 400 West — Nerium oleander (south side)
Ortega St., 300-500 West — Eucalyptus ficifolia
Ortega St., 600 West — Sapindus saponaria

P

Padre St., 300 East — Harpephyllum caffrum
Padre St., 400 East — Caesalpinia spinosa
Palisades Drive, 100-300 — Brachychiton hybrid
Paseo del Descanso — Acacia melanoxylon
Pedregosa St., 300 East — Acer saccharinum
Pedregosa St., 100-400 West — Eucalyptus ficifolia
Pedrogosa St., 200 West — Eucalyptus calophylla
Primavera Road — Prunus caroliniana
Pueblo St., 100 East — Syzygium paniculatum
Pueblo St., 200 West — Cryptocarya rubra
Punta Gorda St., 1100-1300 East — Cupaniopsis anacardiodes (intermittent)
Punta Gorda St., 1200 East — Tipuana tipu
Punta Gorda St., at Cabrillo Blvd. — Eucalyptus rudis

Q

Quarantina St., 100 North — Agonis juniperina
Quarantina St., 300-400 North — Melaleuca styphelioides
Quarantina St., 800 North — Schinus terebinthifolius
Quinientos St., 1000 — Brachychiton acerifolium
Quinientos St., 1100 — Liquidambar styraciflua

R

Robbins St., 1513 — Calodendrum capense
Robbins St., 1700 — Crinodendron patagua (west side)
Robbins St., 1800 — Quercus ilex (near Pedregosa St.)
Robbins St. — Macadamia ternifolia (at Islay St.)
Robbins St., 1800 — Acer negundo (east side)
Robbins St., 1900 — Brachychiton acerifolium (west side)
Ruth Ave. — Nerium oleander

S

Salinas St., 100 South — Hibiscus rosa-sinensis and Metrosideros excelsa
Salinas St., 200-500 South — Pittosporum rhombifolium
Samarkand Drive, 400 — Pinus canariensis
Samarkand Drive — Tristania conferta (intermittent)
San Andres St., 900-1900 — Magnolia grandiflora
San Julian Ave. — Podocarpus macrophylla
San Miguel Ave. — Ulmus parvifolia
San Nicolas Ave. — Ulmus parvifolia
San Onofre Road — Quercus virginiana
San Pablo Lane, 3500-3600 — Prunus caroliniana
San Pascual St., 1835 — Erythrina falcata
San Pascual St., 600-700 — Firmiana platanifolia
San Rafael Ave. — Eucalyptus polyanthemos
Santa Barbara St., 100-200 — Brachychiton populneum
Santa Barbara St., 300 — Washingtonia filifera
Santa Barbara St., 1000-2100 — Arecastrum romanzoffianum
Santa Barbara St., 1229 — Lagunaria patersonii
Santa Barbara St., 2200 — Schinus molle
Santa Barbara St., 2300-2400 — Chorisia speciosa
Santa Barbara St., at Constance Ave. — Eucalyptus sideroxylon 'rosea'
Santa Cruz Blvd., 100 — Phoenix canariensis
Santa Maria Lane — Callistemon viminalis
Santa Rita Circle — Metrosideros excelsa
Santa Ynez Court — Eucalyptus erythrocorys and E. forrestiana
Serena Road — Jacaranda acutifolia
Sola St., 100-300 East — Pittosporum undulatum
Spring St. — Ceratonia siliqua
Stanley Drive — Caesalpinia spinosa
State St., 1300-1900 — Arecastrum romanzoffianum
State St., 2000-2500 — Butia capitata (in center islands)
State St., 2900 (from Alamar to Calle Laureles) — Archontophoenix cunninghamiana
State St., 3100-3800 (De la Vina to Ontare Rd.) — Ficus microcarpa *var.* nitida
State St., west of Ontare Rd. — Tristania laurina
Sunset Drive, west of Ontare Rd. — Quercus ilex

T

Terrace Road — Melaleuca leucadendra

V

Valencia Drive, 2917, 2921 — Beilschmieda miersii
Valerio St., 515 West — Syzygium cuminii
Valerio St., 500-800 West — Crinodendron patagua (intermittent)
Vernon Road, 2700 — Melaleuca leucadendra
Via Lucero, 4000 — Eucalyptus torquata (north side)
Victoria St., 800 West — Metrosideros excelsa (north side)
Victoria St., 700 West — Sapindus saponaria
Victoria St., 300 East — Quillaja saponaria
Vista de la Cumbre, 200-300 — Caesalpinia spinosa
Voluntario St., 200 South — Chorisia speciosa

W

Willow Glen Road — Schinus terebinthifolius
Wyola Drive, 400 — Quercus suber

Y

Yanonali St., 200 West — Chorisia speciosa
Yanonali St., 300 West—Prunus lyonii alternate with Prunus caroliniana
Yanonali St., 700-800 East — Brachychiton acerifolium
(also Prunus campanulata in 700 block)

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ADDITIONAL SPECIES

A list of species, not named in the text, found growing on private and institutional grounds. Some species are represented only by young or undeveloped plants. Included are several kinds rarely cultivated. The approximate heights, given in parenthesis, are those of the tallest specimens seen. Also, where only one representative has been found, the name is followed by an asterisk. Omitted here are the many instances of species normally woody shrubs and vines that, with age and training, have substantially become small trees.

Species	Family	Origin
Abies bracteata (15 ft.)	Pinaceae	California
Abies concolor (15 ft.)	Pinaceae	Western U.S.
Abies grandis (15 ft.)	Pinaceae	Western U.S.
Abies pinsapo (40 ft.)	Pinaceae	Spain
Acer macrophyllum (40 ft.)	Aceraceae	Western U.S.
Acer palmatum (20 ft.)	Aceraceae	Korea, Japan
Acer pseudo-platanus 'rubra' (15 ft.)	Aceraceae	Hort. variety
Acrocomia mexicana* (30 ft.)	Palmaceae	Southern Mexico
Acrocomia totai (15 ft.)	Palmaceae	South America
Alnus cordata (35 ft.)	Betulaceae	Italy
Alnus nepalensis* (30 ft.)	Betulaceae	Himalayas
Alnus rhombifolia (50 ft.)	Betulaceae	Western U. S.
Annona cherimola (20 ft.)	Annonaceae	Ecuador, Peru
Austrocedrus chilensis* (15 ft.)	Cupressaceae	Chile
Banksia grandis (15 ft.)	Proteaceae	Australia
Bauhinia blakeana (10 ft.)	Caesalpinaceae	Southern China
Bauhinia grandiflora (45 ft.)	Caesalpinaceae	Ecuador
Betula verrucosa (35 ft.)	Betulaceae	Europe, Asia Minor
Bursaria spinosa (25 ft.)	Pittosporaceae	Australia
Butia eriospatha* (12 ft.)	Palmaceae	Brazil
Callicoma serratifolia (20 ft.)	Cunoniaceae	Australia
Carya illinoensis (85 ft.)	Juglandaceae	Central U. S.
Caryota ochlandra (25 ft.)	Palmaceae	China
Caryota urens (15 ft.)	Palmaceae	Tropical Asia
Cassia leptophylla (15 ft.)	Caesalpinaceae	Brazil
Cassia excelsa* (20 ft.)	Caesalpinaceae	Argentina
Castanea dentata (50 ft.)	Castanaceae	United States
Catalpa bignonioides (30 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	United States
Catalpa speciosa (40 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	United States
Catha edulis (25 ft.)	Celastraceae	Africa
Cecropia palmata (40 ft.)	Moraceae	West Indies

Species	Family	Origin
Cedrela sinensis (25 ft.)	Meliaceae	China
Cephalotaxus harringtonia var. drupacea* (10 ft.)	Cephalotaxaceae	Japan, China
Clethra arborea (15 ft.)	Ericaceae	Madeira
Clinostigma mooreanum* (10 ft.)	Palmaceae	Lord Howe Island
Conopharyngia elegans* (6 ft.)	Apocynaceae	Southern Africa
Cornus capitata (15 ft.)	Cornaceae	India
Crataegus crus-galli* (20 ft.)	Rosaceae	Eastern U.S.
Crataegus lavallei (10 ft.)	Rosaceae	Hort. hybrid
Cryptomeria japonica var. elegans (30 ft.)	Taxodiaceae	Hort. variety
Cunninghamia lanceolata (12 ft.)	Taxodiaceae	China
Cussonia paniculata* (6 ft.)	Araliaceae	Africa
Cussonia spicata (25 ft.)	Araliaceae	Africa
Cytisus proliferus* (15 ft.)	Fabaceae	Canary Islands
Daphniphyllum macropodum (10 ft.)	Euphorbiaceae	Japan, China
Daubentonia tripetii (10 ft.)	Fabaceae	Argentina
Delostoma rosea (10 ft.)	Bignonaceae	Ecuador, Columbia
Diospyros kaki (20 ft.)	Ebenaceae	Japan, China
Dombeya cayeuxi (20 ft.)	Sterculiaceae	Hort. hybrid
Drimys winteri (30 ft.)	Winteraceae	Argentina, Chile
Fagus sylvatica 'atropunicea' (60 ft.)	Fagaceae	Europe
Feijoa sellowiana (15 ft.)	Myrtaceae	South America
Hagenia abyssinica* (35 ft.)	Rosaceae	Eastern Africa
Heteromeles arbutifolia (40 ft.)	Rosaceae	California
Hoheria populnea* (35 ft.)	Malvaceae	Mexico
Ipomoea arborescens* (12 ft.)	Convolvulaceae	New Zealand
Juglans hindsii (50 ft.)	Juglandaceae	California
Juglans nigra (40 ft.)	Juglandaceae	Eastern U. S.
Juglans regia (45 ft.)	Juglandaceae	Europe, Asia
Juniperus barbadensis* (55 ft.)	Cupressaceae	West Indies
Juniperus bermudiana* (65 ft.)	Cupressaceae	Bermuda
Juniperus californica (25 ft.)	Cupressaceae	California
Juniperus chinensis (25 ft.)	Cupressaceae	China, Japan
Laurus nobilis (60 ft.)	Lauraceae	Southern Europe
Leucadendron argenteum (40 ft.)	Proteaceae	Southern Africa
Leucaena esculenta* (25 ft.)	Mimosaceae	Mexico
Liquidambar formosana (10 ft.)	Hamamelidaceae	China
Liriodendron tulipifera (50 ft.)	Magnoliaceae	Eastern U. S.
Livestona chinensis (12 ft.)	Palmaceae	China

Species	Family	Origin
Lyonothamnus floribundus (35 ft.)	Rosaceae	Santa Catalina Is.
Malus eleyi (30 ft.)	Rosaceae	Hort. hybrid
Mangifera indica (12 ft.)	Anacardiaceae	India, Malaysia
Michelia doltsopa* (10 ft.)	Magnoliaceae	Tibet, China
Olmediella betschleriana (35 ft.)	Flacourtiaceae	Central America
Parajubea cocoides (30 ft.)	Palmaceae	Brazil
Paulownia tomentosa (20 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	China
Phoenix humilis (15 ft.)	Palmaceae	India, China
Phoenix sylvestris (15 ft.)	Palmaceae	India
Phytolacca dioica (35 ft.)	Phytolaccaceae	Argentina, Uruguay
Picea abies* (25 ft.)	Pinaceae	Europe
Picea pungens (25 ft.)	Pinaceae	United States
Picea sitchensis* (10 ft.)	Pinaceae	Northwestern U. S.
Picea smitheana (35 ft.)	Pinaceae	Himalayas
Pistacia vera (10 ft.)	Anacardiaceae	Asia Minor
Podocarpus henkelii (6 ft.)	Podocarpaceae	Southern Africa
Populus alba (35 ft.)	Salicaceae	Europe
Pseudotsuga macrocarpa (45 ft.)	Pinaceae	Southern California
Pseudotsuga menziesii (50 ft.)	Pinaceae	Northwestern U. S.
Psidium cattleianum (20 ft.)	Myrtaceae	Brazil
Psidium guajava (15 ft.)	Myrtaceae	Mexico, S. America
Rhopalostylis baueri (30 ft.)	Palmaceae	Australia
Robinia pseudoacacia (40 ft.)	Fabaceae	United States
Roupala pohlii* (20 ft.)	Proteaceae	Brazil
Sabal causiarum (15 ft.)	Palmaceae	Puerto Rico
Sabal mexicana (5 ft.)	Palmaceae	Mexico
Salix babylonica (40 ft.)	Salicaceae	China
Salix babylonica crispa (35 ft.)	Salicaceae	Hort. variety
Salix elegantissima (35 ft.)	Salicaceae	Hort. hybrid
Sambucus mexicana (30 ft.)	Caprifoliaceae	S.W. United States, Mexico
Sapindus mukorossi (30 ft.)	Sapindaceae	China, Japan
Schinus latifolius* (40 ft.)	Anacardiaceae	Chile
Schotia brachypetala (20 ft.)	Caesalpinaceae	Southern Africa
Sciadopitys verticillata (5 ft.)	Pinaceae	Japan
Spathodea campanulata (20 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	Southern Africa
Stenolobium stans (25 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	W. Indies, S. Amer.
Tabebuia chrysotricha 12 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	Brazil
Tabebuia ipe* (8 ft.)	Bignoniaceae	South America
Talauma hodgsonii (25 ft.)	Magnoliaceae	India
Tamarix aphylla (40 ft.)	Tamaricaceae	Northern Africa

Species	Family	Origin
Tetraplasandra meiandra (15 ft.)	Araliaceae	Hawaii
Thuja orientalis (25 ft.)	Cupressaceae	China
Thuya plicata (40 ft.)	Cupressaceae	Northwestern U. S.
Thujopsis dolobrata (15 ft.)	Cupressaceae	Japan
Tieghemopanax elegans* (10 ft.)	Araliaceae	Australia
Tilia americana* (35 ft.)	Tiliaceae	Eastern U. S.
Torreya californica (5 ft.)	Taxaceae	California
Ulmus carpinifolia* (35 ft.)	Ulmaceae	Europe, W. Asia
Ulmus pumila (20 ft.)	Ulmaceae	China, Siberia
Widdringtonia schwarzii* (20 ft.)	Cupressaceae	Southern Africa
Zelkova serrata (15 ft.)	Ulmaceae	Japan
Ziziphus jujuba (10 ft.)	Rhamnaceae	Europe, Asia

For Eric,
a true "Iron-wood" true man.
Your "man of steel" friend.
Truett.

property Ben Ward
Oct. 10, 1972